FY2013

REDSTONE ARSENAL

Army Defense Environmental Restoration Program
Installation Action Plan

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CCR	SA-308 Exterior Sump at Bldg 7120
CCR	SA-309 Covered trench & sump at Bldg 7155
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CCS	WMU-008 SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT #4
CCS	WMU-009 INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT #3#3
CCS	WMU-028 IN-GROUND OWS 5693 AREA
CCS	WMU-030 CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR
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Statement of Purpose

The purpose of the Installation Action Plan (IAP) is to outline the total multiyear cleanup program for an installation. The plan identifies environmental cleanup requirements at each site or area of concern (AOC) and proposes a comprehensive, installation-wide approach, along with the costs and schedules associated with conducting investigations and taking the necessary remedial actions (RA).

In an effort to coordinate planning information between the restoration manager, the US Army Environmental Command (USAEC), Redstone Arsenal (RSA), the Installation Management Command (IMCOM), the executing agencies, regulatory agencies and the public, an IAP was completed. The IAP is used to track requirements, schedules, and budgets for all major Army installation cleanup programs.

All site-specific funding and schedule information has been prepared according to projected overall Army funding levels and is, therefore, subject to change.

- A/I Active/Inactive
- AAFES Army, Air Force Exchange Services
- ABMA US Army Ballistic Missile Agency
- ACA Army Contracting Agency
- ADEM Alabama Department of Environmental Management
- AEDB-CC Army Environmental Database Compliance-related Cleanup
- AEDB-R Army Environmental Database-Restoration
 - AEIRG Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance
- AHWMMA Alabama Hazardous Wastes Management and Minimization Act
 - ALDOT Alabama Department of Transportation
 - AMC Army Materiel Command
- AMCOM Aviation and Missile Command
 - AOC Area of Concern
 - AP Armor Piercing
- ARBCA Alabama Risk Based Corrective Action
- ARFO Artillery Ammunition Returned from Overseas
- ARS Advance Range Survey
- AST Aboveground Storage Tank
- ATSDR Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry
 - BA Borrow Area
 - bgs below ground surface
 - BHC Beta-hexachlorocyclohexane
- BHHRA Baseline human health risk assessment
 - BIM Building Information Modeling
 - Bldg Building
- BRAC Base Realignment and Closure
- BSV background screening value
- BTEX Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Toluene and Xylene
- CAIS Chemical Agent Identification Set
- CAP Corrective Action Plan
- CC Compliance-related Cleanup
- CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980
 - CG Chlorine Phosgene
 - CMI Corrective Measures Implementation
 - CMI(C) Corrective Measures Implementation (Construction)
- CMI(O) Corrective Measures Implementation (Operation)
 - CMIP Coupled Model Intercomparison
 - CMS Corrective Measures Study
 - COC Contaminant of Concern
 - CR Compliance Restoration
 - CTC Cost-to-Complete
 - CTT Closed, Transferred or Transferring
- CVAA Chloro Vinyl Arsenous Acid (a breakdown product of lewisite)
- CWM Chemical Warfare Materials
- CWS Chemical Warfare System

- cy cubic yard
- D.O.T. Department of Transportation
 - DAF Dilution Attenuation Factor
- DCA dichloroethane
- DCE Dichloroethylene
- **DD** Decision Document
- DDD Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane
- DDE Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene
- DDT dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane
- DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program
- DGM Digital Geophysical Mapping
- DIA Defense Intelligence Agency
- DMM Discarded Military Munitions
- DNAPL Dense Non-aqueous Phase Liquid
 - DoD Department of Defense
 - DOI Department of Interior
 - DPT Direct-push Technology
- DRMO Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office
- DRO Diesel-range Organics
- DWEL Drinking Water Equivalent Level
 - EDS Explosive Detection System
- EE/CA Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
- **EOD** Explosive Ordnance Disposal
- ER,A Environmental Restoration, Army
- ERH Electrical Resistive Heating
- ERM Environmental Restoration Manager
- ESTCP Environmental Security Technology Certification Program
 - FFA Federal Facilities Agreement
 - FFS Focused Feasibility Study
 - FRA Final Remedial Action
- FRCM Final Report of Corrective Measure
 - FS Feasibility Study
 - ft feet
 - FTA Fire Training Area
- FUDS Formerly Used Defense Site
 - FY Fiscal Year
- GAF General Aniline and Film Corporation
- GCD Gulf Chemical Depot
- GCWS Gulf Chemical Warfare Service
 - gpm gallons per minute
 - GRO Gasoline Range Organics
 - GW Groundwater
 - H mustard
 - HAL Health Advisory Level
 - HC Hexachloroethane

- HE High Explosive
- HMX Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine
- HRC Hydrogen Releasing Compound
- HRR Historical Records Review
- HRS Hazardous Rating System
- HSB Huntsville Spring Branch
- HTRW Hazardous, Toxic and Radioactive Waste
 - HVA Huntsville Arsenal
- HVAC Heating, ventilating, and air conditioning
 - IAP Installation Action Plan
 - IBF Incendiary Bomb Filled
 - IC Indian Creek
 - IM Interim Measure
- IMCOM Installation Management Command
 - IOU Integrator Operable Unit
 - IRA Interim Remedial Action
 - IRFA Interim RCRA Facility Assessment
 - IROD Interim Record of Decision
 - IRP Installation Restoration Program
 - ISEB In Situ Rnhanced Bioremediation
 - ISP Internet Service Provider
 - ISTD In Situ Thermal Destruction
 - IW Installation-Wide
 - K thousand
 - kg kilogram
 - L Lewisite
 - LDA Large Diameter Augers
 - LDR Land Disposal Restrictions
 - LF Landfill
- LNAPL Light Nonaqueous Phase Liquid
 - LSA Limited Site Assessment
 - LTM Long-Term Management
 - LTO Long-Term Operations
 - LUC Land Use Control
- LUCIP Land Use Control Implementation Plan
 - mag Magnetometer
- MBOCA Methylene bis 2,4 aniline
 - MC Munitions Constituent
 - MCL Maximum Contaminant Level
 - MEC Munitions and Explosives of Concern
 - mg/kg milligrams per kilogram
 - MGD million gallons per day
- MICOM US Army Missile Command
 - mm millimeter
- MMRP Military Munitions Response Site

- MNA Monitored Natural Attenuation
- MOA Memorandum of Agreement
- MPE Multiphase Extraction
- MRA Munitions Response Area
- MRS Munitions Response Site
- MRSPP Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol
- MSFC George C. Marshall Space Flight Center
- MTBE Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (Gasoline additive)
 - N/A Not Applicable
- NAPL Non-aqueous Phase Liquid
- NASA National Aeronautics and Space Administration
- NBA Northern Burial Area
- NC Nitrocellulose
- NDAA National Defense Authorization Act
- NFA No Further Action
- NG Nitroglycerin
- NPL National Priorities List
- NTCRA Non-Time-Critical Removal Action
 - O&M Operations and Maintenance
 - OB Open Burning
 - OD Open Detonation
- ODUSD(I&E) Office of the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Installations and Environment
 - OE Ordnance and Explosives
 - OMEMS Ordnance Munitions and Electronics Maintenance School
 - ORAP Operational Range Assessment Program
 - OSA Open Storage Area
 - OU Operable Unit
 - OWS Oil-Water Separator
 - OWS Oil/Water Separator
 - P&T Pump-and-Treat
 - PA Preliminary Assessment
 - PAH Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
 - PBA Performance-Based Acquisition
 - PBC Performance-Based Contract
 - PCB Polychlorinated Biphenyl
 - PEO Program Executive Office
 - PF Petroleum Free
 - PLM Professional Labor Management
 - PMC Program Management Contract
 - POL Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants
 - POW Prisoner of War
 - PP Proposed Plan
 - PRE Preliminary Risk Evaluation
 - PRG Preliminary Remediation Goal
 - PRO Petroleum Range Organics

- PSA Potential Source Area
- PSV Preliminary Screening Value
- PTSM Principal Threat Source Material
- R&D Research and Development
- RA Remedial Action
- RA(C) Remedial Action (Construction)
- RA(O) Remedial Action (Operation)
- RAB Restoration Advisory Board
- RAGS Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund
- RARE Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine
- RAWP Response Action Work Plan
- **RBC** Risk-Based Concentration
- RBSC Risk-based Screening Concentration
 - RC Response Complete
- RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
 - RD Remedial Design
- RDX Triazacychlohexane
- RFA RCRA Facility Assessment
- RFI RCRA Facility Investigation
- RGO Remedial Goal Option
- RIP Remedy-in-Place
- ROD Record of Decision
- ROP Redstone Ordnance Plant
- RSA Redstone Arsenal
- RSL regional screening level
- SAC Site Access Control
- SC&RA Site Characterization and Removal Assessment
 - SED Software Engineering Directorate
 - sf square feet
- SHPO State Historical Preservation Office
 - SI Site Inspection
- SLERA Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment
 - SMF Smoke Munitions Filling
 - SPLP Synthetic Precipitation Leachate Procedure
 - SRA Screening Risk Assessment
 - SSL Site-specific Screening Level
 - STP Sewage Treatment Plant
 - STS Space Transportation System
 - SVE Soil Vapor Extraction
- SVOC Semi-Volatile Organic Compound
- SWDA Solid Waste Disposal Act
- SWMU Solid Waste Management Unit
 - TAL Target Analyte List
- TAPP Technical Assistance for Public Participation
 - TC Thionyl Chloride

- TCA Trichloroethylane
- TCE Trichloroethylene
- TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Protocol
- TCRA Time-Critical Removal Action
- TDG Thiodiglycol
- TERC Total Environmental Restoration Contract
 - TI Technical Impracticability
- TNT Trinitrotoluene
- TO Task Order
- TOW Tube-launched, Optically-Aimed, Wired-Guided
- TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
- TRC Technical Review Committee
- TSA Temporary Storage Area
- TVA Tennessee Valley Authority
- ug/L micrograms per liter
- UIC Underground Injection Control
- USACE US Army Corps of Engineers
- USAEC US Army Environmental Command
- USATHAMA US Army Toxic and Hazardous Material Agency
 - USEPA US Environmental Protection Agency
 - UST Underground Storage Tank
 - **UXO** Unexploded Ordnance
 - VOC Volatile Organic Compound
 - VSI Visual Site Inspection
 - WMM Waste Military Munitions
 - WP White Phosphorus
 - WWII World War II

Acronym Translation Table

CERCLA

Preliminary Assessment(PA)

Site Inspection(SI)

Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study(RI/FS)

Remedial Design(RD)

Remedial Action (Construction)(RA(C))
Remedial Action (Operation)(RA(O))
Long Term Management(LTM)
Interim Remedial Action(IRA)

RCRA

- = RCRA Facility Assessment(RFA)
- Confirmation Sampling(CS)
- = RCRA Facility Investigation/Corrective Measures Study(RFI/CMS)
- Design(DES)
- = Corrective Measures Implementation (Construction)(CMI(C))
- = Corrective Measures Implementation (Operation)(CMI(O))
- = Long Term Management(LTM)
- = Interim Measure(IM)

CERCLA

Preliminary Assessment(PA)

Remedial Investigation(RI)

Feasibility Study(FS)

Remedial Design(RD)

 $Remedial\ Action\ (Construction)(RA(C))$

Remedial Action (Operation)(RA(O))

Long Term Management(LTM)

Interim Remedial Action(IRA)

RCRA Underground Storage Tank (UST) Site Phase Terms

- = Initial Site Characterization(ISC)
- Investigation(INV)
- = Corrective Action Plan(CAP)
- Design(DES)
- = Implementation (Construction)(IMP(C))
- = Implementation (Operations)(IMP(O))
- = Long Term Management(LTM)
- = Interim Remedial Action(IRA)

AEDB-R Site ID to Alias List

AEDB-R #	Alias
CCRSA-266	RSA-266
CCRSA-308	RSA-308
CCRSA-309	RSA-309
CCRSA-310	RSA-310
CCRSA-311	RSA-310
CCRSA-314	RSA-311
CCRSA-315	RSA-314
CCRSA-316	NOA-313
CCSWMU-003	RSA-003
CCSWMU-008	
	RSA-008
CCSWMU-009	RSA-009
CCSWMU-028	RSA-028
CCSWMU-030	RSA-030
CCSWMU-031	RSA-031
CCSWMU-035	RSA-035
CCSWMU-116	RSA-116
CCSWMU-143	Bldg 3234
CCSWMU-182	RSA-182
CCSWMU-216	RSA-216
CCSWMU-222	RSA-222
CCSWMU-240	RSA-240
CCSWMU-241	RSA-241
CCSWMU-242	RSA-242
CCSWMU-243	RSA-243
CCSWMU-245	RSA-245
CCSWMU-246	RSA-246
CCSWMU-247	RSA-247
CCSWMU-248	RSA-248
CCSWMU-268	RSA-268
CCSWMU-277	RSA-277
CCSWMU-283	RSA-283
CCSWMU-284	RSA-284
CCSWMU-286	RSA-286
CCSWMU-287	RSA-287
CCSWMU-288	RSA-288
CCSWMU-289	RSA-289
CCSWMU-290	RSA-290
CCSWMU-291	RSA-291
CCSWMU-293	RSA-293
CCSWMU-304	RSA-304
CCSWMU-305	RSA-305
CCSWMU-306	RSA-306
CCSWMU-E	RSA-E

CCSWMU-F	RSA-F
MSFC-003-R-01	MSFC-003
MSFC-027	
MSFC-033A	MSFC-033A
MSFC-034	
MSFC-035	
MSFC-053	
PBCatRedstone	FY05 PBC
RSA-005	OU-02
RSA-010	
RSA-013	OBOD
RSA-014	OBOD
RSA-032	GCWD
RSA-045	PA3
RSA-048	DA
RSA-049	HA1
RSA-050	
RSA-053	DDT
RSA-054	DA
RSA-056	HA2
RSA-057	HA2
RSA-058	DDT
RSA-059	DA
RSA-060	DDT
RSA-065	GCWD
RSA-067	GCWD
RSA-069	GCWD
RSA-072-R-01	RSA-282
RSA-083	OFFSITE
RSA-087	OFFSITE
RSA-088	OFFSITE
RSA-095	OFFSITE
RSA-096	OFFSITE
RSA-097	OFFSITE
RSA-109	DEMIL
RSA-112	DEMIL
RSA-113	DEMIL
RSA-114	DEMIL
RSA-115	
RSA-117	DDT
RSA-122	HA2
RSA-126	HA2
RSA-134	DEMIL

RSA-135H	SP
RSA-138M	NP
RSA-139	HA2
RSA-140	DA
RSA-141-R-01	RSA-141
RSA-142	OFFSITE
RSA-143	Bldg 3240
RSA-145	GW
RSA-146	GW
RSA-147	GW
RSA-148	GW
RSA-149	GW
RSA-150	GW
RSA-151	GW
RSA-152	GW
RSA-153	GW
RSA-154	GW
RSA-155	GW
RSA-156	GW
RSA-157	GW
RSA-183	HA1
RSA-187	NP
RSA-192	OFFSITE
RSA-193	NP
RSA-194	NP
RSA-198	OFFSITE
RSA-199	NP
RSA-200	OFFSITE
RSA-201	NP
RSA-203	NP
RSA-204	OFFSITE
RSA-206	OFFSITE
RSA-208	SP
RSA-209	OFFSITE
RSA-210	SP
RSA-211	SP
RSA-212	SP
RSA-213	SP
RSA-215	OFFSITE
RSA-217	ROP SERVIC
RSA-218	ROP SERVIC
RSA-219	ROP SERVIC
RSA-220	ROP SERVIC

RSA-221-R-01	RSA-221
RSA-225	PA3
RSA-226	DA
RSA-227	DA
RSA-228	PA3
RSA-230	DA
RSA-231	PA3
RSA-233	PA3
RSA-234-R-01	RSA-234
RSA-237	SP
RSA-238	HAMUST56
RSA-239	NP
RSA-249-R-01	RSA-249
RSA-250	HAMUST56
RSA-252	DDT
RSA-253	POL
RSA-255	GCWD
RSA-258	TA2
RSA-261	TA2
RSA-262	GCWD
RSA-263	POL
RSA-265	GCWD
RSA-269	TA2
RSA-271	POL
RSA-272	POL
RSA-274	SP
RSA-275	ROP SERVIC
RSA-276	POL
RSA-278-R-01	RSA-278
RSA-280-R-01	RSA-280
RSA-285-R-01	RSA-285
RSA-294-R-01	RSA-294
RSA-312-R-01	RSA-312
RSA-313-R-01	RSA-313
RSA-A	SP

Installation Information

Installation Locale

Installation Size (Acreage): 38300

City: Huntsville County: Madison State: Alabama

Other Locale Information

The RSA occupies approximately 38,300 acres in Madison County, Alabama. The Department of Interior (DOI) owns approximately 4,100 acres of this property and the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) owns 2,900 acres. Another 1,841 acres in the interior of RSA comprise the George C. Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC) of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

The RSA is bounded on the north and east by the city of Huntsville, on the west by the city of Madison, on the west and southwest by Wheeler National Wildlife Refuge, and on the south by the Tennessee River. Huntsville has a population of nearly 165,000; Madison County population is about 320,000. Approximately 330 military families reside in government quarters on RSA and approximately 34,000 government employees and contractors work at the facility.

Installation Mission

The primary mission of RSA is the development, acquisition, testing, fielding, and sustainment of aviation and missile weapon systems. Most of the installation tenants support this effort; however, RSA is also home to such diverse activities as training for handling explosives and ordnance devices, Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) activities, and the production of iron carbonyl. The RSA is home to over 70 different tenant organizations.

Lead Organization

IMCOM

Lead Executing Agencies for Installation

US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)

Army Contracting Agency (ACA)

Regulator Participation

Federal US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Region IV, Atlanta, Georgia

US DOI, Fish and Wildlife Service, Decatur, Alabama

State Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), Special Projects Office,

Montgomery, Alabama

Alabama Partnering Initiative (Risk Managers Partnering Agreement)

National Priorities List (NPL) Status

A score of 33.5 was recorded on 01-JUN-94.

Date for RA(C) Completion: 201704

Date for NPL Deletion: TBD

Installation Restoration Advisory Board (RAB)/Technical Review Committee (TRC)/Technical Assistance for Public Participation (TAPP) Status

The community has expressed no sufficient, sustained interest in a RAB.

Installation Information

Installation Program Summaries

IRP

Primary Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Explosives, Metals,

Perchlorate, Pesticides, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC), White Phosphorous

Affected Media of Concern: Groundwater, Other (Surface and Subsurface Soil), Sediment, Soil, Surface

Water

MMRP

Primary Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of concern (MEC)

Affected Media of Concern: Soil

CR

Primary Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated

Biphenyls (PCB), Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Affected Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

5-Year / Periodic Review Summary

5-Year / Periodic Review Summary

Status	Start Date	End Date	End FY
Complete	201104	201209	2012
Planned	201604	201709	2017

Last Completed 5-Year / Periodic Review Details

Associated ROD/DD Name	Sites
DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-215	RSA-215
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-049	RSA-049
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-057	RSA-057
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-145	RSA-145
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-146	RSA-146
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-149	RSA-149
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-150	RSA-150
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-151	RSA-151
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-152	RSA-152
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-153	RSA-153
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-154	RSA-154
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-155	RSA-155
RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-156	RSA-156

Results The installation wide groundwater and RSA-057 remedies are currently considered protective of human health and the environment.

Results at RSA-049 indicate that more groundwater data is needed in order to make a determination.

Actions The Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with surrounding local and state governments is still being negotiated. RSA-049: several wells could not be sampled due to a lack of water.

RSA-057: Vapor intrusion had not been investigated at the site.

Plans Continue coordination with surrounding government agencies to establish a final MOA document.

Replacement wells are being proposed for monitoring at RSA-049.

An evaluation of vapor intrusion will occur prior to construction at RSA-057

Recommendations and Implementation Plans:

Land Use Control (LUC) Summary

LUC Title: Groundwater IOD

Site(s): RSA-145, RSA-146, RSA-147, RSA-148, RSA-149, RSA-150, RSA-151, RSA-152, RSA-153, RSA-154, RSA-155,

RSA-156, RSA-157

ROD/DD Title: Installation-wide Groundwater IROD

Location of LUC

Installation-wide control on the use of groundwater, including seeps and springs

Land Use Restriction: Media specific restriction - prohibit use of groundwater for consumption or domestic purposes. Media

specific restriction - restrict drinking water well installation, Media specific restriction - restrict withdrawal or use of groundwater for agricultural/irrigation purposes, Media specific restriction - restrict withdrawal

or use of groundwater w/out treatment

Types of Engineering Controls: Markers, Signs

Types of Institutional Controls: Construction Permit, Deed Notices, Deed Restrictions, Dig Permits, Notations in Master Plan,

Restrictions on Groundwater Withdrawal

Date in Place: 200907 Modification Date: N/A Date Terminated: N/A

Inspecting Organization: Installation Record of LUC: Master Plan or Equivalent

Documentation Date: N/A

LUC Enforcement: Annual Inspections, 5 Year Reviews, Markers, Transferee Reporting

Contaminants: METALS, NITRATE/NITRITE, NITROAROMATICS, ORGANICS, PCBs, PESTICIDES, PETROLEUM

HYDROCARBON, VOC

Additional Information

N/A

LUC Title: LUC for RSA-049

Site(s): RSA-049

ROD/DD Title: RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-049

Location of LUC

RSA-049 site boundary. North of Digney Rd., West of Toftoy.

Land Use Restriction: Landfill restriction - Prohibit activities that would impact the LF cap (or cover system) and drainage system, Landfill restriction - Prohibit excavation on LF cap or cover system, Landfill restriction - Prohibit installation of utility system lines through the site, Landfill restriction - Restrict access to the site, Landfill restriction - Restrict construction of buildings that may interfere with LF cap or cover system, Landfill restriction - Restrict plantings that interfere LF cap or cover system (roots that penetrate the cap or cover system), Landfill restriction - Restrict vehicular traffic, Media specific restriction - Prohibit, or otherwise manage excavation, Media specific restriction - Prohibit, or otherwise manage excavation below a specified depth, Media specific restriction - restrict drinking water well installation, Media specific restriction - restrict withdrawal or use of groundwater for agricultural/irrigation purposes. Media specific restriction - restrict withdrawal or use of groundwater w/out treatment. Restrict land use -Mitigation area(s) protection, Restrict land use - No daycare/hospital/school use, Restrict land use - No residential use

Types of Engineering Controls: Fences, Signs

Types of Institutional Controls: Construction Permit, Deed Restrictions, Dig Permits, Notations in Master Plan, Restrictions on

Groundwater Withdrawal, Restrictions on land use

Date in Place: 200805 Modification Date: N/A

Land Use Control (LUC) Summary

Date Terminated: N/A

Inspecting Organization: Installation

Record of LUC: Master Plan or Equivalent

Documentation Date: 200805

LUC Enforcement: Annual Inspections, 5 Year Reviews, Markers, Transferee Reporting

Contaminants: METALS **Additional Information**

N/A

LUC Title: RSA-057 Land use control

Site(s): RSA-057

ROD/DD Title: RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-057

Location of LUC

RSA-057, 1700 ft. South-southwest of intersection of Patton and Martin Roads.

Land Use Restriction: Media specific restriction - Prohibit, or otherwise manage excavation below a specified depth, Media

specific restriction - prohibit use of groundwater for consumption or domestic purposes, Media specific restriction - restrict drinking water well installation, Media specific restriction - restrict withdrawal or use of groundwater for agricultural/irrigation purposes, Media specific restriction - restrict withdrawal or use of groundwater w/out treatment, Restrict land use - No daycare/hospital/school use, Restrict land use -

No residential use

Types of Engineering Controls: Signs

Types of Institutional Controls: Construction Permit, Deed Notices, Dig Permits, Notations in Master Plan, Notices (in the

grantor/grantee index, newspapers, etc.), Restrictions on land use, Zoning

Date in Place: 201101 **Modification Date:** N/A **Date Terminated:** N/A

Inspecting Organization: Installation

Record of LUC: Master Plan or Equivalent

Documentation Date: 201101

LUC Enforcement: Annual Inspections, 5 Year Reviews, Markers

Contaminants: METALS

Additional Information

N/A

Installation Historic Activity

The RSA is an active US Army installation and is currently home to the US Army Aviation and Missile Command (AMCOM) and various other tenant organizations. On Oct. 1, 2003 the US Army Garrison - RSA became part of the US Army Installation Management Agency (now the IMCOM) - Southeast Region Office. The Redstone Army Garrison is responsible for the physical facilities and real property including environmental compliance and the installation restoration program (IRP) associated with that property.

The land area of the present RSA includes three separate military facilities originally established in 1941: the Redstone Ordnance Plant (ROP) (later Redstone Arsenal), the Huntsville Arsenal (HVA), and the Gulf Chemical Warfare Depot. These three facilities worked together to produce conventional and chemical munitions for use during World War II (WWII) from 1942 to 1945. The responsibilities for weapon production were separated as follows:

HVA

The HVA covered the largest area and was composed of three production plants (Plant No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3), an airfield and associated bomb and other test ranges, and administrative/support areas. The three plants produced a variety of chemical warfare materials (CWM). Both Plant No. 1 and Plant No. 2 produced chemical warfare agents [mustard gas (H) and lewisite (L)], chlorine phosgene (CG), and white phosphorous (WP). Later tear/vomit gas - adamsite was produced in a plant south of the original Plant No. 3 boundary and thionyl chloride (TC) in a plant northwest of the Plant No. 2 chlorine facility. Plant No. 3 produced smoke munitions and gel-type incendiaries. Ultimately, HVA became the sole manufacturer of colored smoke munitions. During WWII more than 27 million items of chemical munitions were produced.

To support the development and proof testing of munitions, HVA included an airfield and test ranges for aerial bombing, mortar and other munitions testing. These areas were located on the northwest and western portion of the current facility. Over eight million pounds of munitions were dropped or fired at these test range areas.

Since the facilities were designed to be self-sufficient, each facility had a power plant and sewage treatment facilities as well as other administrative and support facilities (motor pool, warehouses, etc.).

ROP

Munitions (artillery shells, mortars, bombs, etc.) were filled with CWM (H, L, WP, CG, smoke, gel-type incendiary material, etc.) at one of the three HVA facilities and then transported by railroad to ROP for final assembly, including installation of any fusing, burster tube, or other explosive configuration. The ROP also produced explosives items, primarily explosive blocks poured from tetryl or composition B. The ROP consisted of six assembly/production lines. Like the HVA, the open style construction enabled rapid change-over from production of one type of munitions item to another.

Prior to arrival at the ROP, the munitions casing was filled but not explosively configured (weaponized). After final assembly of explosively configured munitions, they were transported to Gulf Chemical Depot (GCD) for storage in bunkers, igloos, and other structures meeting explosives-safety requirements.

From the depot, they were transported off-site by either railroad or ship from the dock area. There were two railroad classification yards that were used to load and assemble ordnance trains for movement. In January 1943, the name was changed to the RSA.

GCD

The GCD stored and shipped the munitions as well as bulk chemicals and equipment associated with decontamination. Numerous chemical manufacturing plants were operated at the three facilities to produce raw material for toxic agents, as well as to manufacture the agents themselves.

The depot facilities in 1942 included seven warehouses, 370 igloos, 55 aboveground magazines, and outdoor areas to store various types of ammunition, bombs, and chemicals. The toxic gas yard received 500,000 pounds of H as its initial shipment in early-1942. Shipments of phosgene, carbon tetrachloride, and WP followed.

The primary receipt and shipment location was the dock area located on the southwest corner of the facility. Immediately after WWII, the GCD stopped processing ammunition for shipment, and in turn became a focal point for the return of munitions from shipping ports or overseas. In November 1945, an average of 869 tons were received per day. The depot demilitarized, decontaminated, and stored surplus chemical munitions and agents, as well as captured German chemical agents.

Installation Historic Activity

Between 1945 and 1949, all three military units reduced activities to standby status levels. On Jan. 15, 1947, the functions of the GCD were incorporated into those of the HVA, and subsequently the HVA was declared surplus. On March 31, 1949, the Army planned to sell HVA and designated the RSA as caretaker of the HVA properties. Due primarily to the nature of CWM produced at the facility and demilitarization/decontamination activities after WWII, a decision was made not to sell the facility.

In February 1949, the research and development (R&D) division, forerunner of the Ordnance Rocket Center, was established at RSA. The RSA was reactivated on June 1, 1949 to perform basic R&D in rocketry. The Chief of Ordnance designated RSA as the site of the Ordnance Rocket Center and the three separate facilities were combined in 1950 into the present day installation. On Oct. 28, 1949, the Secretary of the Army approved the transfer of the Ordnance R&D Division Sub-Office (Rocket) at Fort Bliss, Texas, to RSA. In 1956, the US Army Ballistic Missile Agency (ABMA) was created. The aerospace-related activities of ABMA were transferred to NASA in 1960 and the MSFC was established in the center of the RSA within the former HVA Plants Area. Real property, equipment, and personnel were transferred from the RSA to provide the MSFC with resources in 1960 per an executive order. The MSFC was instrumental in supporting space exploration, including the Mercury, Gemini, and Apollo programs of the 1960s and 1970s. Currently, the MSFC commands all Spacelab operations during space transportation system [(STS), e.g., space shuttle] missions and tests, and manufactures space vehicles and components.

On Aug. 1, 1962 the US Army Missile Command (MICOM), a major subordinate command of the US Army Materiel Command (AMC), was established at RSA. The MICOM was responsible for integrated commodity management of free rockets, guided missiles, ballistic missiles, target missiles, and associated equipment. The MICOM was also responsible for direction and control of assigned installations and activities, basic, and supporting research. On Oct. 1, 1997, the MICOM and the US Army Aviation and Troop Command were consolidated to form the AMCOM as part of a base realignment and closure (BRAC) 1995 decision.

The military R&D efforts at RSA have been continually supported from 1949 to present by civilian contractors. The first government contracts were issued in 1949 to the Rohm and Haas Company and the Thiokol Corporation. Both contractors developed, manufactured, and tested solid propellant rocket motors and developed various types of rocket propellants in support of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and NASA. Rohm and Haas performed R&D on rocket and jet propulsion for various military programs. The Raytheon Company later conducted similar R&D activities, rocket motor assembly, and missile production in the buildings previously occupied by Rohm and Haas.

Chemical manufacturing facilities were constructed for the government contractors to provide materials for these R&D activities.

During WWII the area of RSA currently referred to as the RSA Rocket Engine (RARE) complex was the original pilot, and later production, plant for trinitrotoluene (TNT) shell loading lines. In 1949, a small portion of this complex was made available under a cost type contract to Thiokol Chemical Corporation for the experimental and developmental effort associated with solid propellant for the Army's tactical rocket motor program. The original contract was for Army programs only; however, in an effort to keep overhead costs under control, the Army later allowed Thiokol to contract with other government agencies, i.e., Navy, Air Force and NASA. This was later expanded to commercial and foreign military sales. These later agreements resulted in a contract lease arrangement whereby Thiokol was allowed to contract commercial or foreign sales that resulted in rental payment to the Army. This rent factor was based on a percentage of facilities used for support of such programs. Thiokol vacated these facilities in December 1996.

Subsequent to WWII, the chemical manufacturing facilities used to produce bulk chemicals for the war effort were leased by the Army to privately-owned firms for production of commercial chemicals and pesticides. The manufacturing of pesticides, including dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT), began in 1948. The firms involved were the Alabama Chemical Company (manufacturer of DDT), Solvay Process Division of the Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation (intermediate chemical manufacturer), and John Powell and Company, Inc. (chemical blending, processing, formulating, and bagging). In 1954 Olin Mathieson Chemical Corporation acquired these firms and continued to produce pesticides until 1970. From 1970 to 1971, Olin Corporation, the principal DDT manufacturer, manufactured methoxychlor at the plant under a sub-lease. Reportedly, the average production of pesticides was approximately 12,500 tons per year.

The manufacture of DDT and other pesticides resulted in significant amounts of pesticide contamination as waste product. Thousands of pounds of contaminated wastes were buried in landfills (LF) throughout RSA. In addition to solid waste, large quantities of contaminated wastewater were discharged to surface water. In July 1979 the US Army initiated an extensive DDT abatement program. From July 1979 to August 1982, DDT wastes, including highly-contaminated soil and sediment, were excavated from the DDT manufacturing areas, the DDT drainage ditch, lagoon, and former DDT disposal sites.

Installation Historic Activity

Approximately 10,500 cubic feet (ft) of pesticide-contaminated solid waste was placed in clay-lined disposal cells of the DDT waste soil landfill (RSA-107). The manufacturing plant structures were dismantled and demolished. In 1983 Olin Corporation began DDT cleanup procedures under a US Justice Department consent decree. This RA was officially completed in 1987. According to the documentation, DDT contamination was remediated at RSA-101, RSA-102, RSA-103, RSA-105, and RSA-106. A groundwater, surface water, and fish monitoring program will continue until residual levels of pesticides and their breakdown products are reduced to acceptable levels.

The basis for the Olin DDT-related remedial work was not consistent with current Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) risk assessment guidance for Superfund (RAGS) (USEPA, 2004) protocols, but was focused almost exclusively on human ingestion of fish. The nature and extent of contamination assessment did not include other raw or precursor chemicals such as chlorobenzene in soil, sediment, surface water or groundwater. No ecological risk assessments were performed.

Other former commercial operations included Stauffer Chemical Corporation, which produced chlorine and caustic chemical products, and currently, International Specialty Products, Inc. [formerly General Aniline and Film Corporation (GAF)], which operates an iron carbonyl production plant under a lease from the Army.

RSA is home to over 70 different tenant organizations. The primary mission of the installation is the development, acquisition, testing, fielding, and sustainment of aviation and missile weapon systems. Most of the installation's tenants support the aviation and missile weapon systems effort; however, Redstone is also home to such diverse activities as training for handling explosives and ordnance devices, DIA activities, and the production of iron carbonyl.

On May 31, 1994 RSA (US Army/NASA) was named to the final national priorities list (NPL) (Federal Register, Vol. 59, No. 103). The effective date was June 30, 1994. The hazard rating system (HRS) score for RSA was 33.4. The NPL listing was fence to fence. The USEPA, Region 4, is the lead regulator for NPL activities on Redstone.

Redstone is also operating under a hazardous waste facility permit issued by ADEM. The permit was originally issued on April 15, 1998 and was modified on Sept. 17, 2003. A renewed hazardous waste permit was issued to Redstone on Sept. 30, 2010. It requires all cleanup of hazardous waste sites to be done under the auspices of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (SWDA) corrective action regulations.

Prior to the issuance of the renewed permit, some of the hazardous waste sites on RSA were being addressed under CERCLA, for which the USEPA, Region 4 is the lead regulator. Other hazardous waste sites on Redstone were being addressed under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) corrective action regulations per the permit requirements, for which ADEM is the lead regulator. Redstone still does not have a federal facilities agreement (FFA) in place due to ongoing RCRA/CERCLA issues. The USEPA issued a two-party FFA to the Army in March 2010 requesting the Army to sign. Because of the ongoing issues regarding RCRA/CERCLA integration and the imminence of the permit renewal, the Army chose to wait until the permit was issued to decide how to address the FFA. With the renewed permit requiring all cleanup under RCRA, the Army has proposed to the USEPA a version of the two-party FFA that does not include any sites under the direct control of the FFA because the sites are being addressed under the RCRA permit.

The following issues have had an impact on the scope and schedule for the restoration activities:

- the lack of an FFA and/or clear RCRA/CERCLA integration agreements for RSA,
- poorly identified potential source areas (PSAs) during the early years of the restoration activities
- confirmation of significant perchlorate releases on RSA and subsequent delay in obtaining agreement between the Department of Defense (DoD) and the USEPA as to how to address these releases,
- the need to consider the wetland areas all throughout RSA as integrator areas for the receipt of contamination from various sites.
- uncertain regulatory status of DDT manufacturing releases on RSA,
- very complex groundwater flow pathways due to karstic conditions and faulting at RSA, and
- the relationship between the Army and NASA in regard to Army-responsible sites located in the NASA-controlled MSFC.

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Installation Program Cleanup Progress

IRP

Prior Year Progress: No further action (NFA) decisions were provided or concurred by ADEM for MSFC-077, RSA-097,

RSA-134, RSA-195, RSA-202, RSA-205, RSA-207, RSA-229 and RSA-273. RFI reports

supporting a NFA decision for surface media will be submitted in FY13 for IR sites RSA-A, RSA-187, RSA-193, RSA-210, RSA-253, and RSA-258 but will require ADEM concurrence. CMI workplans [DES phase] have been completed for IR sites RSA-053, RSA-054/RSA-055, RSA-096 RSA-087,

RSA-088, RSA-095, RSA-142, and RSA-200.

Future Plan of Action: For FY2014 and 2015, RFIs are projected to be submitted and completed at 55 IR sites. Coupled

model intercomparison projects (CMIPs) are projected to be submitted and completed at 11 IR sites.

Corrective measures are projected to be completed at nine IR sites .

MMRP

Prior Year Progress: NFA decisions were received from ADEM on Oct. 3, 2012 in modification-0001 to the RSA HWMMA

permit for MMRP site RSA-285-R-01.

Future Plan of Action: RFIs are projected to be submitted and completed at seven MMRP sites: RSA-072-R-01, RSA-

141-R-01, RSA-221-R-01, RSA-234-R-01, RSA-280-R-01, RSA-312-R-01, and RSA-313-R-01 during FY 2014 and 2015. The RFI report for RSA-234-R-01 is projected to support an NFA for

surface media.

CR

Prior Year Progress: NFA decisions for surface media were received from ADEM for CCSWMU sites RSA-037, RSA-170,

RSA-174, RSA-224, RSA-259, RSA-296, and RSA-297. The RSA-268 RFI Report has been submitted to ADEM and supports an NFA decision for surface media. The final corrective measures study (CMS) for RSA-003 was submitted only to the Army on Oct. 24, 2012. CMS reports are not a

required ADEM-deliverable under the HWMMA Permit.

Future Plan of Action: RFIs are projected to be submitted and completed at CCSWMU sites RSA-008, RSA-030, RSA-031,

and RSA-034 during FY 2014 and 2015.

REDSTONE ARSENAL

Army Defense Environmental Restoration Program Installation Restoration Program

IRP Summary

Installation Total Army Environmental Database-Restoration (AEDB-R) Sites/Closeout Sites Count: 246/137

Installation Site Types with Future and/or Underway Phases

4 Burn Area

(RSA-013, RSA-014, RSA-126, RSA-134)

4 Chemical Disposal

(RSA-050, RSA-112, RSA-113, RSA-114)

13 Contaminated Ground Water

(RSA-145, RSA-146, RSA-147, RSA-148, RSA-149, RSA-150, RSA-151, RSA-152, RSA-153, RSA-154, RSA-155, RSA-156, RSA-157)

1 Contaminated Soil Piles

(MSFC-033A)

Disposal Pit/Dry Well

(MSFC-035)

47 Industrial Discharge

(MSFC-034, MSFC-053, RSA-045, RSA-057, RSA-083, RSA-095, RSA-096, RSA-097, RSA-117, RSA-122, RSA-135H, RSA-138M, RSA-142, RSA-183, RSA-187, RSA-192, RSA-193, RSA-194, RSA-198, RSA-199, RSA-200, RSA-201, RSA-203, RSA-204, RSA-206, RSA-208, RSA-209, RSA-210, RSA-211, RSA-212, RSA-213, RSA-215, RSA-225, RSA-231, RSA-233, RSA-237, RSA-238, RSA-239, RSA-250, RSA-252, RSA-258, RSA-261, RSA-263, RSA-269, RSA-274, RSA-275, RSA-A)

7 Landfill

(RSA-010, RSA-048, RSA-053, RSA-054, RSA-058, RSA-059, RSA-060)

Sewage Treatment Plant

(RSA-228)

4 Spill Site Area

(RSA-143, RSA-271, RSA-272, RSA-276)

16 Storage Area

(RSA-005, RSA-032, RSA-065, RSA-067, RSA-069, RSA-087, RSA-088, RSA-217, RSA-218, RSA-219, RSA-220, RSA-226, RSA-253, RSA-255, RSA-262, RSA-265)

5 Surface Disposal Area

(CCRSA-315, MSFC-027, RSA-109, RSA-140, RSA-230)

5 Surface Impoundment/Lagoon

(PBCatRedstone, RSA-049, RSA-056, RSA-115, RSA-139)

1 Washrack

(RSA-227)

Most Widespread Contaminants of Concern

Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate, Pesticides, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC), White Phosphorous

Media of Concern

Groundwater, Other (Surface and Subsurface Soil), Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Completed Remedial Actions (Interim Remedial Actions/ Final Remedial Actions (IRA/FRA))

	•	Action	Remedy	FY
Site ID	Site Name	Action	Kemeuy	
RSA-107	CLOSED DDT CONTAM.SOILS/DEBRIS LANDFILL	FRA	CAPPING	1982
RSA-107	CLOSED DDT CONTAM.SOILS/DEBRIS LANDFILL	FRA	FENCE OR OTHER SITE ACCESS CONTROL MEASURES	1982
RSA-101	ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	1987

IRP Summary

Completed R Site ID	emedial Actions (Interim Reme Site Name	dial Action Action	s/ Final Remedial Actions (IRA/FRA)) Remedy	FY
RSA-101	ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA	FRA	DRAINAGE CONTROLS	1987
RSA-101	ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA	FRA	CAPPING	1987
RSA-101	ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SLUDGES	1987
RSA-102	DISMANTLED PESTICIDE MFG. PLANT SITE	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	1987
RSA-102	DISMANTLED PESTICIDE MFG. PLANT SITE	FRA	DRAINAGE CONTROLS	1987
RSA-102	DISMANTLED PESTICIDE MFG. PLANT SITE	FRA	CAPPING	1987
RSA-102	DISMANTLED PESTICIDE MFG. PLANT SITE	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SLUDGES	1987
RSA-103	CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON	FRA	CAPPING	1987
RSA-103	CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SLUDGES	1987
RSA-103	CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON	FRA	DRAINAGE CONTROLS	1987
RSA-103	CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	1987
RSA-105	INACTIVE CLOSED DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES	FRA	DRAINAGE CONTROLS	1987
RSA-105	INACTIVE CLOSED DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	1987
RSA-105	INACTIVE CLOSED DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES	FRA	CAPPING	1987
RSA-105	INACTIVE CLOSED DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SLUDGES	1987
RSA-106	EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION	FRA	DRAINAGE CONTROLS	1987
RSA-106	EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	1987
RSA-106	EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION	FRA	CAPPING	1987
RSA-106	EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SLUDGES	1987
RSA-041	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3636	FRA	REMOVAL	1992
RSA-039	REMOVED #2 FUEL OIL UST SITE, TANK #3338	FRA	REMOVAL	1993
RSA-043	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3665	FRA	REMOVAL	1993
RSA-038	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3240D	FRA	REMOVAL	1996
RSA-040	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3617	FRA	REMOVAL	1996
RSA-130	INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	1998
RSA-130	INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - DRUMS, TANKS, BULK CONTAINERS	1998

IRP Summary

Completed R Site ID	emedial Actions (Interim Reme Site Name	edial Action Action	ns/ Final Remedial Actions (IRA/FRA)) Remedy	FY
RSA-143	UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE	FRA	CHEMICAL REDUCTION/OXIDATION	2004
MSFC-002	INACTIVE ABANDONED DRUM DISPOSAL SITE	IRA	REMOVAL	2007
RSA-146	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW- 02	IRA	INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS	2007
RSA-049	CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-WEST	FRA	INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS	2008
RSA-057	INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE LAGOON-EAST	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	2008
RSA-229	FORMER PX SERVICE STATION	FRA	NATURAL ATTENUATION	2008
RSA-252	INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT 2	/ IRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	2008
RSA-056	CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-SOUTH	FRA	INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS	2009
RSA-139	CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-NORTH	FRA	INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS	2009
RSA-122	DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG PLANTS SITE	5.FRA	CAPPING	2011
RSA-122	DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG PLANTS SITE	5.FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	2011
RSA-122	DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG PLANTS SITE	5.FRA	INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS	2011
RSA-097	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 4	IRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	2012
RSA-183	FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY	FRA	CAPPING	2012
RSA-138M	INACTIVE TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA	IRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	2013
RSA-150	GROUNDWATER UNIT 06	IRA	INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS	2013
RSA-183	FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY	FRA	WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS	2013

Duration of IRP

Date of IRP Inception: 197710

Estimated Date for Remedy-In-Place (RIP)/Response Complete (RC): 202209/202209

Date of IRP completion including Long Term Management (LTM): 205609

IRP Contamination Assessment

Contamination Assessment Overview

The cleanup program was initiated in 1970 when the US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency conducted a field survey to characterize the domestic and industrial waste being discharged from RSA and to determine if water pollution problems were being caused by the waste discharges. The study identified water pollution problems from two sewage treatment plants (STP), and discharges from Olin Corporation's DDT manufacturing operations.

In 1977 the US Army Toxic and Hazardous Material Agency (USATHAMA) completed the installation assessment which identified possible disposal areas. Pesticide contamination was confirmed and a decision subsequently made that RA was necessary. The resulting DDT cleanup program occurred at RSA between 1983 and 1988.

In September 1989 the USEPA conducted an interim RCRA facility assessment (IRFA) at RSA and another at MSFC (which is operated by NASA). This study resulted in the identification of 110 sites at RSA and 77 sites at MSFC. Between 1989 and 1990, the US Army reevaluated the USEPA IRFA and identified additional sites on RSA, including property located on RSA that is owned by the TVA and the Wheeler Wildlife Refuge. A total of 286 sites were identified in this follow-on study. In addition, the PSA investigation has resulted in a number of sites being added to the program for a total of 471 sites. Additional sites were added due to areas removed from active ranges and a used oil tank/spill site for a total of 474 sites within Redstone boundaries.

Of the 474 sites, the Army has responsibility for 390 sites, Olin Chemical Corporation is responsible for one DDT site, one site is the Internet service provider (ISP) facility and NASA is responsible for 83 sites. Some of the NASA sites are listed in the Army permit. All but six of the Army sites are covered under the RCRA permit. The Olin site is also listed in the permit, but deferred to the 1983 consent order. The permit lists the sites under the following tables:

- Table VI.2 RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) (211 sites)
- Table VI.3 NFA (144 sites)
- Table VI.4 Permitted storage and open burn(OB)/open detonation (OD) (11 sites)
- Table VI.5 Interim Measures (17 sites)
- Table VI.6 Corrective measures implemeantion(CMI) (18 sites)
- Table VIII.1 LUCs (seven sites) and installation-wide (IW) groundwater

There is some overlap of sites between tables. The total number of sites listed in the permit is 383.

The IRP sites were originally organized into 20 operable units (OUs). The arsenal was divided into OUs based on watershed locations, critical and sensitive ecological habitats, soil types, and land use. These 20 OUs continue to be used for surface media site purposes. Interpretation of investigative work conducted prior to 2002 was complicated by findings of contaminants in wells on multiple sites which did not appear to be related to site operational activities.

Based on this finding and the basic awareness of the potential for significant interconnection between groundwater at one location and groundwater at other locations in karst formations, an installation-wide hydrogeological study was initiated. The final site-wide karst hydrogeologic investigation, Phase I report of findings (Shaw 2003), which has become known as the karst report, documented the highly interconnected nature of groundwater at the facility and the potential for rapid and long distance contaminant transport. It also documented significant connection between groundwater and surface water.

These interconnections provide conduits for contaminant transfer from groundwater to surface media via springs and other artesian structures, as well as opportunities for contaminants in surface water to enter groundwater via sinkholes, features in losing reaches of streams and other mechanisms.

Based on these findings, a decision was made to separate surface media (primarily surface and subsurface soil) from groundwater. Thirteen groundwater sites have been established based on data from the karst report. This should allow more focused interpretation of surface media contaminants as posing either human or ecological risks from surface soil or sediment exposure pathways, or principal threat source material serving to contaminate groundwater locally or at distance. Based on recent seismic and dye trace studies, some of the groundwater sites have been combined for a total of seven groundwater sites. An RSA groundwater cleanup strategy was developed and approved by the regulatory agencies in FY10.

In addition to the groundwater cleanup strategy, RSA has also prepared a strategy for the cleanup of contaminated wetlands on the arsenal. This document describes how the Army intends to address wetlands on RSA.

As mentioned earlier, Redstone currently does not have an FFA in place. In March 2010, due to ongoing RCRA/CERCLA issues associated with the FFA, the USEPA proposed an FFA that does not include the state as a signatory. The Army responded with

IRPContamination Assessment

Contamination Assessment Overview

a version of the FFA submitted to the USEPA in March 2011 that does not require the sites covered under the permit to also be covered under the FFA.

Off-site migration of chlorinated solvents and perchlorate in groundwater has been confirmed along the eastern boundary of Redstone. This contaminated groundwater surfaces in springs feeding an unnamed tributary that meanders off and on the installation along the eastern boundary, as it flows down to the Tennessee River. Both chlorinated solvents and perchlorate have also been detected in nested monitoring wells located along the Tennessee River.

Two pump-and-treat (P&T) facilities were installed in the 1990s to address the source areas of the off-site contamination along the eastern boundary; however, the plants treated only the chlorinated solvents, allowing perchlorate-laden effluent to be discharged to the Huntsville Spring Branch (HSB). Subsequent investigation indicated that the current configuration of the plants may not be optimal for containing the contaminated groundwater. Therefore, RSA began a study to determine if these plants could be used as an effective remedy for this area. The initial findings of this study were presented in the RSA-146 Phase I remedial investigation (RI) report (August 2005). A follow-on sampling initiative was begun in 2006 to determine whether or not the plants were containing the plumes. The study has been completed, and the indication is that the plants did not contain the chlorinated solvent plume or the perchlorate plume.

Another P&T facility, designed to treat a chlorinated solvent release, was located at an area along the Tennessee River. Like the contaminated groundwater along the eastern boundary, the groundwater in this area near the Tennessee River was also found to be a commingled plume, containing both chlorinated solvents and perchlorate. Like the other P&T facilities, no provisions for treating perchlorate had been included in the design. Therefore, the effluent was found to contain high levels of untreated perchlorate. Because the discharge from this plant was located at the Tennessee River, one mile upstream of the arsenal's drinking water intake, this plant has been shut down until decisions can be made in regard to perchlorate. Regulatory interest in RSA remains high, with both the USEPA, Region 4 and ADEM participating in the restoration activities.

There are a number of complicating factors and uncertainties associated with the RSA IRP. They include:

- The lack of an FFA and/or clear RCRA/CERCLA integration agreements for RSA. The RCRA/CERCLA integration issues are of high importance to the program due to the hazardous waste facility permit in place at RSA. With the issuance of the RCRA permit in 2010, the cleanup program is transitioning primarily to RCRA oversight while trying to meet the substantive requirements of the NPL as best as possible.
- Poor identification of PSAs during the early years of the restoration activities. A major effort was put into identifying the PSAs on RSA during FY03 and FY04. All of the draft documents describing the historical search, site visits, and sampling were submitted to the regulatory agencies. Comments on the 51 remaining unresolved PSAs for the Compliance cleanup program are currently being resolved between the ADEM and the Army. The status of all of the PSAs under the IRP has now been resolved.
- Confirmation of significant perchlorate releases on RSA and the subsequent delay of agreement between the DoD and the USEPA, as to how to address these releases, these issues have adversely affected the RSA IRP schedule. Many of the sites with the most significant chlorinated solvent releases have also been impacted by perchlorate releases.
- The need to use an integrator approach due to commingling of releases to groundwater, and the subsequent upwelling of the commingled plumes into wetlands and surface water bodies on Redstone. The integrator concept is intended to establish common sampling points and points of compliance for records of decision (ROD) from the multiple sites. The effort to establish and develop the integrator approach was initiated in 2004 and continues to evolve as information is obtained and discussions are held. Boundaries were established in 2007 and a wetlands strategy was developed and approved in 2010. However, the use of the integrator areas was one of the tools developed under CERCLA protocols. Since the cleanup effort at Redstone is transitioning to RCRA, the use of the integrators has been put on hold for the time being.
- The uncertain regulatory status of DDT manufacturing releases on Redstone. A consent order was signed by Olin Chemical, the USEPA, and ADEM in 1983 for DDT contamination in the HSB and Indian Creek (IC) watersheds. The cleanup levels required by the consent order do not meet current CERCLA expectations for protection of human health and the environment. The former DDT manufacturing process and subsequent contamination are located on RSA. The DDT manufacturing areas and landfills are sites listed in the permit and are being addressed under RCRA. The migration of the DDT into the HSB and IC was deferred by the permit to the 1983 consent order.
- The very complex groundwater flow pathways, due to karstic conditions and faulting at Redstone, have added to the uncertainty and complexity of the RSA IRP. The unpredictable nature of the groundwater flow pathways has significantly impacted the Army's ability to quickly and efficiently characterize and delineate groundwater contamination. Additionally, data indicate that contamination from off-site sources may also be affecting groundwater and surface water quality on Redstone. A series of perimeter wells were installed to help determine if/where contamination from off-site sources may be entering the

IRPContamination Assessment

Contamination Assessment Overview

installation. Finally, data from the wells along the Tennessee River was interpreted by regulators to indicate that contamination from RSA may be undercutting the river. A series of sampling events, at locations south of the Tennessee River, indicated that it is unlikely that contamination is migrating under the river. Additional boundary well flow-meter surveys and Tennessee River sampling were performed to confirm this, but the regulators are still requesting wells be established south of the river.

- The relationship between the Army and NASA, in regard to Army-responsible sites located in the NASA-controlled MSFC, has added a complicating factor to the RSA IRP. The MSFC is located in the heart of Redstone Arsenal. There is a need to clearly define responsibility for contamination, particularly in groundwater.

The RSA enjoys a very good relationship with the neighboring communities. To date, the public has been supportive of Redstone's IRP efforts; however, very little public interest has been expressed for forming a RAB at RSA. The public is resolicited on a biannual basis to determine if there is a sustained public interest in forming a RAB.

To date, RODs have been signed for the following sites: RSA-099, RSA-047, RSA-011, RSA-057, RSA-049, MSFC-002/087, RSA-056, RSA-139, RSA-122, RSA-183, RSA-094, and RSA-196 (which includes RSA-098). A remedy is in place to address petroleum contamination at RSA-143 under the state's underground storage tank (UST) regulations. Additionally, an interim record of decision (IROD) was signed to implement LUC for the groundwater underneath RSA. The following sites have also been closed either through an administrative letter or a decision document (DD) following a site investigation or removal action: RSA-B, RSA-084, RSA-108, RSA-130, MSFC-074, RSA-223, RSA-251, RSA-224, RSA-236, RSA-D, and MSFC-077. Three UST sites have also been closed through the state's Alabama risk based corrective action (ARBCA) program: RSA-229, RSA-232, and RSA-235.

Cleanup Exit Strategy

In an effort to organize and program the site restoration efforts in a more efficient manner, a grouping strategy for managing the RSA IRP was adopted in FY06. The grouping strategy was used to re-define the OUs at RSA in FY08. The site groupings were established primarily on the basis of historical processes and functions. The rationale for grouping by historical function is that the contaminants of concern (COC) and the release mechanisms and locations will be similar for the sites in a specific group. Many of the sites in a group also happen to be located in the same general geographical location on the arsenal. Smaller teams comprised of various members of the much larger Tier I team were established in 2007 to work sites within the groupings. Those teams worked well in FY08 to expedite the cleanup efforts. The PMC was awarded to Shaw E&I in August 2009.

As part of the effort required under this contract, Shaw has proposed a number of grouping strategies to achieve more cleanup efficiencies at RSA. Redstone is currently in the process of transitioning the cleanup program to RCRA in order to comply with the 2010 RCRA permit. Multiple contract actions are underway to facilitate the transition. These contract actions should be completed in late FY11 and early FY12. The program will be compliant with the permit; however, the amount of compliance with the NPL requirements is still being determined.

IRP Previous Studies

	Title	Author	Date
1959	Analysis of Existing Facilities	Redstone Arsenal	JUN-1959
1962	yolo of Existing I dominoo		33.1.1300
1904	Redstone Arsenal Complex Chronology Part II: Nerve	US Army	JAN-1962
	Center of Army Missilery, 1950-1962, Section A: The RSA Era (1950-55)	OS Allily	JAN-1902
	Redstone Arsenal, AL Report on Water Control Plans	USACE (Mobile District)	JAN-1962
	Redstone Arsenal Complex Chronology Part II: Nerve Center of Army Missilery, 1950-1962, Section B: The ABMA/AOMC Era (1956-1962)	US Army	NOV-1962
1966			
	Preliminary Engineering Report on Industrial Waste Treatment	Whitman, Requardt and Associates	JAN-1966
	Final Report Industrial Waste, Stream Pollution Survey RSA, AL	COE, Mobile District	FEB-1966
	NASA Waste Study, 1966	NASA	FEB-1966
1970			l
	Sanitary Engineer Survey & Industrial Waste RSA, AL	US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency	MAY-1970
1972			
	Final Report - Conceptualization, Evaluation, Definition, and Development of a MSFC Environmental Quality Program	UAH & MSFC	MAY-1972
1974			
	Water Quality Monitoring Consultation No. 24-060-74/75 RSA, AL	US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency	APR-1974
1975			
	Master Plan Basic Information Maps	US Army	SEP-1975
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	Potable/Recreational Water Quality and Wastewater Engineering Survey No. 24-0606-77 RSA, AL	US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency	AUG-1976
1977			
	Water Quality Monitoring RSA, AL	US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency	FEB-1977
	Water Quality Engineering Special Study -	US Army Environmental	JUN-1977
	Miscellaneous Point Source Discharges Water Quality Evaluation of Environmental Degradation from prior DDT Waste Disposal RSA, AL	Hygiene Agency US Army Environmental Hygiene Agency	JUN-1977
	Installation Assessment of Redstone Arsenal, AL, Record Evaluation Report # 118	Department of the Army, Office of the Project Manager for Chemical	DEC-1977
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	Report of Site Investigation for DDT Landfill Site at RSA, AL	Testing, Inc.	OCT-1978
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Branch Indian Creek Long-Term Monitoring Program		
Annual Report No. 14		
Treatability Study Quarterly Monitoring Report July	IT/Shaw Corp	FEB-2002
2001-September 2001, OU-10, site RSA-142		
Groundwater Recovery and Treatment System		
Redstone Arsenal Project Review Meeting	IT/Shaw Corp	FEB-2002
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2001-December 2001, OU-10, sites RSA-95/96,		

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Groundwater Recovery and Treatment System		
Treatability Study Quarterly Monitoring Report October 2001-December 2001, OU-10, site RSA-142, Groundwater Recovery and Treatment System	IT/Shaw Corp	APR-2002
Redstone Arsenal Natural Resources Management Plan	RASA	MAY-2002
Redstone Arsenal Implementation Plan, FY2002	IT/Shaw Corp	JUN-2002
Safety Submission Volumes I & II, site RSA-14	Foster Wheeler	AUG-2002
Closed, Transferring and Transferred Range/Site Inventory Report	Malcolm Pirnie	SEP-2002
Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Pre-Corrective Action Sampling Activities, site RSA-143, Underground Storage Tank Spill Site	IT/Shaw Corp	SEP-2002
Technical and Business Proposal CERCLA Investigation	IT/Shaw Corp	SEP-2002
Treatability Study Quarterly Monitoring Report May 2000-December 2000, OU-10, site RSA-146, Treatment Plant #2	Shaw	OCT-2002
Final Design Basis Report for site RSA-146 Treatment Plant #2 for the Treatability Study at OU-10	Shaw	OCT-2002
Construction Report for the RSA-146 Treatment Plant #2 for the Treatability Study at OU-10	IT Corp	OCT-2002
Presentation Posters Redstone Arsenal Public Meeting, 23 October 2003	Shaw	OCT-2002
Appendix C Site Safety and Health Plan Amendment	Bhate	NOV-2002
Confirmatory Sampling of Solid Waste Management Units	Bhate	NOV-2002
Environmental Baseline Study Southern Bypass Route	EMR	DEC-2002

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Supporting Backup for DODIG Audit of FY02	Shaw	JUL-2003
Environmental Liabilities of Select Sites		
Redstone Arsenal Program Review		AUG-2003
Final Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan for site	Shaw	SEP-2003
RSA-122 Phase II Remedial Investigation, Dismantled		
Lewisite Manufacturing Plants Site		
Final Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment,	Shaw	SEP-2003
Remedial Investigation at site MSFC-2		
Final Closeout Report Non-Time Critical Removal	Shaw	SEP-2003
Action at site RSA-49, Cap Installation Over the Former		
Arsenic Ponds, OU-5		
Final Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan	Shaw	SEP-2003
Supplemental Remedial Investigation at site RSA-53		
and RSA-60, OU-6A		
Final Issuance of Modification No. 1 AHWMMA	ADEM	SEP-2003
Hazardous Waste Storage/SWMU Corrective		
Action/Subpart X Permit		
Final Supplemental Information Relevant to Fact Sheet	Shaw	OCT-2003
20 for Updating the Administrative Record File for		
Time-Critical Removal Actions, Non-Time-Critical		
Removal Actions, and Treatability Studies at RSA		
Final Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment	Shaw	OCT-2003
for Corrective Action Activities site RSA-143,		
Underground Storage Tank Spill Site		
Work-to-Date Summaries for Multiple Sites: April-June	Shaw	OCT-2003
2002, November 2002, and May-June 2003		
Presentation Posters Redstone Arsenal Public Meeting,	Shaw	OCT-2003
23 October 2003		
Final Methodology for the Comparison of Site and	Shaw	NOV-2003
Background Data		
Public Health Assessment for RSA and MSFC	ATSDR	NOV-2003
Final Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan for the	Shaw	DEC-2003
Remedial Investigation at OU-10 Sites.		
<u> </u>		

Final Treatability Study Technical Work Plan for	Shaw	JAN-2004
Groundwater and Soil at OU-10		
Final Base-wide Spring/Seep Sampling Plan and Health	Shaw	JAN-2004
and Safety Plan Addendum		
Final Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan	Shaw	JAN-2004
Supplemental Remedial Investigation at site RSA-10,		
OU-6A		
Final Activity Specific Safety and Health Plan, Surface	Shaw	JAN-2004
Water and Sediment Background Study		
Seismic Reflection Profiling Project at OU-5, 6, 7 and	Shaw	JAN-2004
18		
Site RSA-146 Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan	Shaw	MAR-2004
Attachment, Potential Source Area Investigation,		
Limited Site Assessments		
Geophysical Survey at the Marshall Space Flight	Technos, Inc	MAR-2004
Center, sites SA-12 and SA-13		
Revision 1, Submittal of Draft Activity-Specific Safety	Shaw	APR-2004
and Health Plan and Activity-Specific Munitions and		

	Title	Author	Date
2004			
	Explosives and Concern (MEC) and Site-Specific		
	Safety and Health Plan Attachments, Investigation of		
	Potential Source Areas, Limited Site Assessments		
	Redstone Arsenal 2004 Installation Action Plan	RSA	APR-2004
	Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan Pre-Corrective	Shaw,	JUN-2004
	Action Sampling Activities, site RSA-143, UST Spill Site	Silaw,	0011 200 1
	Final Supplemental Remedial Investigation Report	Shaw	JUL-2004
	RSA-99, Abandoned Plating Shop Tanks and Sump,		
	OU-10		
	Community Relations Plan	Shaw	JUL-2004
	Final Base-wide Spring/Seep Sampling Report of	Shaw	JUL-2004
	Findings		
	Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan Attachment,	Shaw	JUL-2004
	Supplemental Remedial Investigation at site RSA-10,		
	OU-6A		
	Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan Surface Water and Sediment Background Study	Shaw	JUL-2004
	Final Perchlorate Treatability Study Summary Report	Shaw,	JUL-2004
	Prospective Treatment Alternatives for Groundwater,		
	Soil, and Surface/Spring Water		
	Final Continuous Surface Water Monitoring Report	Shaw	JUL-2004
	2000-2002 NASA Site Management Plan	NASA	SEP-2004
	Draft Final Technical Memorandum Limited Indoor Air	CH2M Hill	SEP-2004
	and Soil Gas Sampling Investigation at MSFC.	Oham	OFD 0004
	Final Record of Decision site RSA-99, Abandoned Plating Shop Tanks and Sump, Building 7614, OU-10	Shaw	SEP-2004
	Site RSA-143 Free Product Recovery Report	DPW-EM-IR	SEP-2004
	(September 2004)	DI W EW III	OLI 2004
	Contaminants in the Subsurface: Source Zone	National Research Council	NOV-2004
	Assessment and Remediation		
	Final site RSA-114 Safety Submission	Tetra Tech	NOV-2004
2005		I .	
	SWMU Assessment Report RSA-223, RSA-224, RSA-	Shaw	JAN-2005
	225, RSA-226 and RSA-227.	Silaw	JAIN-2005
	Potential Source Area Investigation Report	Shaw	JAN-2005
	Draft RSA-146 Potential Source Area Investigation	Shaw	JAN-2005
	Report	onaw.	07414 2000
	Second Resubmittal of the Draft FFA for RSA	RSA	FEB-2005
	Draft Revision 1 RI Report for RSA-011, OU-10,	Shaw	FEB-2005
	Former Sewage Treatment Plant #1.		
	Draft Cap Effectiveness Report for RSA-049	Shaw	FEB-2005
	Long Term Groundwater Monitoring Trend Analysis	Shaw	MAY-2005
	Report for RSA-010, OU-6A		 NAAN/ 0067
	SWMU Assessment Report RSA-228, RSA-229, RSA-	Shaw	MAY-2005
	230, RSA-231, RSA-232, RSA-233, RSA-235, and RSA-236.		
	Final Site-Specific Safety and Health Plan Attachment	Shaw	MAY-2005
	for RSA-143, OU-1 Free-Product Delineation.	J. Idw	
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Final REDSTONE ARSENAL Installation Action Plan - 50

Date

Author

2005			
	Public Health Assessment for RSA and MSFC	ATSDR	JUL-2005
	Draft-Final Phase II Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study Report for RSA-057, Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoons, East, OU-6B	Shaw	SEP-2005
	Limited Site Assessments Addendum: Supplemental Assessments.	Shaw	SEP-2005
	Final MSFC-074 Secondary Site Investigation Report, OU-6A	Shaw	OCT-2005
	Draft-Final Remedial Investigation Report for RSA- 011, OU-10 Former Sewage Treatment Plant #1.	Shaw	OCT-2005
	Draft Demonstration Plan for Permeable Mulch Biowall for Anaerobic Bioremediation of Perchlorate in Groundwater at Site RSA-013 (OU-14).	Parsons	OCT-2005
	Draft Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan Attachment for Supplemental RI at RSA-097, Solvent Degreaser Distiller at Bldg 7726	Shaw	NOV-2005
	Draft Phase II RI Report for RSA-122, Dismantled Lewisite Manufacturing Plant Sites, OU-6B.	Shaw	NOV-2005
	Draft Addendum to Site-wide Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study Work Plan to Address Additional Sampling at OU-3 at MSFC	NASA/CH2M Hill	NOV-2005
	Draft Proposed Plan for RSA-057, Inactive Waste Lagoons East, OU-6B	Shaw.	DEC-2005
	Draft RI Report for RSA-087, Temporary Storage Area at Bldg 7368, OU-10	Shaw.	DEC-2005
	Draft RI Report for RSA-094, Solvent Degreaser Distiller at Bldg 7625, OU-10	Shaw.	DEC-2005
	Draft RI Report for RSA-088, Temporary Storage Pad at Bldg 7625, OU-10	Shaw.	DEC-2005
	Report of Limited Environmental Site Assessment Huntsville Southern Bypass	MACTEC	DEC-2005
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	Draft Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan for RI at RSA- 058, Inactive Rubble Fill and Waste Pile. OU-7.	Shaw	JAN-2006
	Draft RI Report for MSFC-002, Drum Disposal Area,	Shaw	JAN-2006

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058, Inactive Rubble Fill and Waste Pile. OU-7.		
Draft RI Report for MSFC-002, Drum Disposal Area,	Shaw	JAN-2006
and MSFC-087, Inactive Cyanide Lagoon, OU-18		
Final Community Relations Plan	Shaw	MAR-2006
RSA-146 Perimeter Groundwater Monitoring Work Plan	Shaw	APR-2006
Final Report of Geophysical Survey to Investigate	Technos	APR-2006
Geologic and Karst Conditions MSFC.		
Draft Record of Decision Surface Media at RSA-057,		APR-2006
Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoons, East OU-6		
Draft RSA-150, 153, 154, and 155 Potential Source	Shaw	APR-2006
Area Investigation Report		
Final Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan RSA-057,	Shaw	MAY-2006
Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoons-East, OU-6.		
Final Phase II Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study	Shaw	MAY-2006
Report RSA-057, Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoons,		
East, OU-6		
Addendum to the Draft-Final Site-Specific Field	Shaw	JUN-2006
Sampling Plan Attachment Phase II Remedial		
Investigation at RSA-183 Former Lewisite Plant 1 Lines		
1 and 2, OU-5.		

JAN-2007

JUL-2007

AUG-2007

SEP-2007

SEP-2007

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> > Shaw E&I

Shaw E&I

Shaw E&I

RSA-183

Final Cap Effectiveness Report RSA-049, Capped Shaw F&I MAY-2007 Arsenic Waste Ponds - West, OU-5 Final Investigation Work Plan for RSA-229, RSA-232 Shaw F&I JUN-2007

and RSA-235

2007

Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan for Remedial Shaw F&I JUN-2007 Investigation, RSA-142, Chlorinated Solvent Spill

Including Buildings 7663-7665, 7676-7684 and

Video Survey of the Abandoned Industrial Sewer at

Associated Sewer Lines, OU-10 Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan for Remedial Shaw F&I JUN-2007

Investigation, RSA-196, Test Stand and Cleaning Building, OU-10

Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan, Remedial Shaw F&I JUN-2007 Investigation, RSA-096, Solvent Degreaser Distiller at

Building 7740, OU-10

Final Remedial Investigation Report, Baseline Human Shaw F&I JUL-2007 Health Risk Assessment and Screening-Level

Ecological Risk Assessment for RSA-011, Former Sewage Treatment Plant No. 1, OU-10

Final Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan for Surface Shaw E&I JUL-2007

Media at RSA-011, Former Sewage Plant No. 1, OU-10

Final Proposed Plan, Interim Remedial Action for Shaw E&I JUL-2007 Installation-Wide Groundwater

Final Focused Feasibility Study/Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan for Surface Media, RSA-049.

Capped Arsenic Waste Ponds - West, OU-5 Shaw F&I AUG-2007 Final Removal Action Work Plan MSFC-002: Inactive

Abandoned Drum Disposal Site and MSFC-087:

Inactive Cyanide Lagoon, OU-18 Final Record of Decision for Surface Media at RSA-Shaw E&I AUG-2007

011, Former Sewage Treatment Plant No. 1, OU-10 Final Record of Decision for Surface Media at RSA-Shaw E&I AUG-2007 057, Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoons - East, OU-6

Final Indoor Air Vapor Instrusion Evaluation, Supplement to the Final Phase II Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study Report, RSA-057,

Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoons - East OU-6 Final Phase II Remedial Investigation, Baseline Human Shaw E&I AUG-2007

Health Risk Assessment and Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment for RSA-122, Dismantled Lewisite Manufacturing Plant Sites, OU-6, Volume 1

and 2 Replacement Figures Final Record of Decision for Surface Media at RSA-Shaw E&I AUG-2007 049, Capped Arsenic Waste Ponds - West, OU-5

Final Interim Record of Decision, Interim Remedial Shaw E&I Action for Installation-Wide Groundwater Final Record of Decision for RSA-047, Former Shaw E&I

Chemical Training Facility, OU-3 Final Remedial Investigation Report, Baseline Human Shaw E&I SEP-2007 Health Risk Assessment and Screening-Level

	Title	Author	Date
2007			
	Ecological Risk Assessment for RSA-183 (Formerly Part of RSA-049), Former Lewisite Plants 1 and 2, OU-5, Volume 1 & 2 Replacement Figures		
	Final Preliminary Risk Evaluation (PRE) for RSA-223, Former Railroad Classification Yard	Shaw E&I	SEP-2007
	Closure Administrative Letter for Surface Media at RSA-223	Shaw E&I	SEP-2007
	Closure Letter and Well Abandonment Letter for RSA- 232 and RSA-235	Shaw E&I	SEP-2007
	Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan for Remedial Investigation RSA-144, Chlorinated-Solvent Distillation Unit 6, OU-11.	Shaw	OCT-2007
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	Draft Tennessee River Surface Water Sampling Plan	Shaw	JAN-2008
	Draft Remedial Investigation Report, RSA-196, Test Stand and Cleaning Building, OU-10	Shaw	JAN-2008
	Draft Site Management Plan	Shaw	JAN-2008
	Draft Remedial Investigation Report, Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment and Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment RSA-142, Chlorinated Solvent Spill Including Buildings 7663-7665, 7676-7684 and Associated Sewer Lines OU-10.	Shaw	JAN-2008
	Draft Final Remedial Investigation RSA-097, Solvent Degreaser Distiller at Building 7726 and RSA-089, Temporary Storage Pad at Building 7726.	Shaw	JAN-2008
	Draft Remedial Investigation Report, RSA-096, Solvent Degreaser Distillation at Building 7740, OU-09.	Shaw	FEB-2008
	Final Site-Specific Field Sampling Plan Attachment for the Expanded Site Investigation MSFC-077, Former Burn Pit Area, OU-18.	Shaw	FEB-2008
	RSA-200 Stage I Data Summary and Recommendations for Stage II Investigation Activities.	Shaw	FEB-2008
	Preliminary Summary of Supplemental Remedial Investigation Findings for the RSA-138M Building 7722 Storage Pad and Sump; Building 7721 Aluminum Paste Mixer/Ferric Chloride Grinding; and Building 7724 Degreasing and Propellant Mixing Facility OU-9.	Shaw	FEB-2008
	Draft Closeout Report for the Time Critical Removal Action RSA-252: Building 5681, Former Oil Incendiary	Shaw	FEB-2008

Filling Plant, OU-6.

Arsenic Waste Lagoons-East.

Final Closure Report for Non-Time Critical Removal

Action at MSFC-002/087: Inactive Abandoned Drum Disposal Site/Inactive Cyanide Lagoon, OU-18. Final Tennessee River Surface Water Sampling Plan.

Final Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan for Surface

Media at MSFC-002/087: Inactive Abandoned Drum Disposal Site/Inactive Cyanide Lagoon, OU-18.

Draft Focused Feasibility Study for RSA-122,

Final Remedial Action Work Plan for RSA-057, Inactive

Dismantled Lewisite Manufacturing Plant Sites; RSA-056, Closed Arsenic Waste Ponds and RSA-139 Former Arsenic Trichloride Manufacturing Disposal

Shaw

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FEB-2008

FEB-2008

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MAR-2008

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Title Author Date 2008

Area.		
Droft Focused Foodbility Study for DSA 192 Former	Shaw	MAR-2008
Draft Focused Feasibility Study for RSA-183, Former Lewisite Manufacturing Plants 1 and 2.	Snaw	WAK-2006
Draft Final Underground Storage Tank Corrective	Shaw	MAR-2008
Action Plan RSA-143, OU-1.	Silaw	IVIAN-2006
Letter transmitting the Commencement of Remedial	Shaw	MAR-2008
Action Activities RSA-057, Inactive Arsenic Waste	Snaw	WATE-2000
_agoons.		
Letter transmitting the RSA-251 Request for No Action.	Shaw	MAR-2008
Final Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan for Surface	Shaw	MAR-2008
Media MSFC-002/087: Inactive Abandoned Drum	Snaw	IVIAIX-2000
Disposal Site/Inactive Cyanide Lagoon, Rev.1, OU-18.		
Final RSA-146 Phase I Remedial Investigation Report.	Shaw	APR-2008
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inal Remedial Investigation Report, Baseline Human	Shaw	APR-2008
Health Risk Assessment and Screening-Level		
Ecological Risk Assessment for MSFC-002/087:		
nactive Abandoned Drum Disposal Site/Inactive		
Cyanide Lagoon, OU-18.		
Final Record of Decision for Surface Media at MSFC-	Shaw	MAY-2008
002/087: Inactive Abandoned Drum Disposal		
Site/Inactive Cyanide Lagoon, OU-18.		
Final Remedial Investigation Report, Baseline Risk	Shaw	MAY-2008
Assessment and Screening-Level Ecological Risk		
Assessment, RSA-094, Solvent Degreaser Distiller at		
Building 7625, OU-10.		
Notification of Remedial Action Activities Schedule for	Shaw	JUN-2008
RSA-057, Inactive Arsenic Waste Lagoon.		
MSFC-077 Former Burn Pit Area, OU-18, Request for	US Army Garrison-	JUL-2008
No Action.	Redstone	
Final Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan for Surface	Shaw	JUL-2008
Media at RSA-094, Chlorinated Solvent Distillation Unit		
1, OU-10.		
Final Statement of Basis/Proposed Plan for Surface	Shaw	JUL-2008
Media at RSA-196, Test Stand and Cleaning Building,		
OU-10.		
Final Remedial Investigation Report, Baseline Risk	Shaw	JUL-2008
Assessment and Screening-Level Ecological Risk		
Assessment, RSA-097, Solvent Degreaser Distiller at		
Building 7726 and Former RSA-089, Temporary		
Storage Pad at Building 7726.		1110
Final Expanded Site Investigation Report MSFC-077,	Shaw	AUG-2008
Former Burn Pit Area, OU-18	1110.4	050.000
Request for No Further Action for RSA-229, Former PX	US Army	SEP-2008
Service Station (UST ID No. 15057-089-002590,		
Release No. UST-07-06-03) Redstone Arsenal.		OFD 2222
MSFC-077, Former Burn Pit Area, OU-18, Request for	Shaw	SEP-2008
No Action.		0ED 2222
Final Site Investigation Report and Preliminary Risk	Shaw	SEP-2008
Evaluation for RSA-224, Former Ton Container and		
55-Drum Storage Area.		050 2222
Final Site Investigation Report and Preliminary Risk	Shaw	SEP-2008
Evaluation for RSA-D, Former Paint Shop (Building		
3546) and Storage Shed.		

	Title	Author	Date
2008			
	Final Site Investigation Report and Preliminary Risk Evaluation for RSA-236, Former Grenade Packing & Assembly, Building 3563.	Shaw	SEP-2008
2013			
	See Appendix A to IAP- Previous Studies FY09-Feb13	Redstone Arsenal	FEB-2013

REDSTONE ARSENAL

Installation Restoration Program
Site Descriptions

Site ID: CCRSA-315

Site Name: Abandoned Drum Area

Alias: RSA-315

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA RRSE: NOT EVALUATED

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

(POL)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	201102	201103
RFI/CMS	201205	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-315 is an abandoned drum area associated with the RSA golf course located north of Building 130. Surface soil sampling completed in March 2011 indicated the need for additional investigation to confirm the release and if confirmed, to determine the nature and extent of the release. Arsenic was detected in surface soil exceeding action levels. Subsurface soil sampling has not been conducted and groundwater data are not available. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the Alabama Hazardous Wastes Management and Minimization Act (AHWMMA). Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) in accordance with Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance (AEIRG) and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA Task Order (TO) 0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The path forward is to complete an RFI and CMS to fulfill requirements in the RSA RCRA permit. It is anticipated that the risk assessment will determine that no further action is required.

Site ID: MSFC-027 Site Name: INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA

Alias: None



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199809
RFI/CMS	200906	201406

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201406

SITE DESCRIPTION

MSFC-027 is located on about 24 acres, in the northern part of MSFC. When initially designated as the M-1 Waste Accumulation Area, the site was approximately four acres consisting of a soil, gravel, and partially asphalt-paved area surrounded by a chain-link fence. Additional historical information indicated that this general area was an above ground storage tank farm for fuel oil and ethanol which supported production of ethylene in the manufacture of mustard. With this information, the MSFC-027 boundary was enlarged to capture 11 former above ground storage tanks bringing the site to its current 24 acre size. In 1960, MSFC took control of the western portion of the site (which is within the MSFC boundary) and the eastern portion of the site (outside the MSFC boundary) in the early- to mid-1960s. There is one NASA site located within the MSFC-027 site boundary and one partially within the site boundary. NASA assumes full responsibility for these sites. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0001 acquisition.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI, CMS, statement of basis, permit modification DES, and CMI (C) will be prepared. It is anticipated that a separate DES, CMI (C) and CMI (O) for groundwater site RSA-148/149 will be required to address VOCs (TCE). The RFI/CMS investigation of MSFC-027 will be coordinated with the RSA-148/149 investigation with respect to site contributions to RSA-148/149 groundwater contamination.

To address the problems warranting action in surface media Army will excavate soils piles (originating from Sewage Treatment Plant No. 3 [RSA-009]) that are contaminated with pesticides, metals, and polychlorinated biphenyls. The soil piles are located on the eastern and southeastern side of the inactive waste accumulation area (i.e., fenced equipment/materials laydown yard).

Actions through remedy-in-place (RIP) or RC at this site are contracted under the FY09 PBA contract. The CTC for post-PBA actions is documented under this site in AEDB-R.

Site ID: MSFC-033A

Site Name: Surface Soils East of Bldg 4816

Alias: MSFC-033A

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

(PAH)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	201010	201012
RFI/CMS	201205	201507

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

MSFC-033A is an area where soil was inadvertently relocated from a portion of site MSFC-033, which is a site included on the FFA for Marshall Space Flight Center. NASA site MSFC-033 was a waste accumulation area for the MSFC Maintenance and Supply Operations area at the Redstone Army Airfield Buildings 4815, 4816, and 4817. The unit was an approximately three ft by 16 ft concrete apron adjacent to Building 4815. Waste handled included waste mineral spirits and lube oil, waste sand blast residue, and waste JP-4 fuel. Wastes were collected and transferred to the MSFC Hazardous Waste Storage Facility before off-site disposal. MSFC-033 is no longer present and has been covered by an addition to Building 4815. During the construction of this building addition in 2011, soils from MSFC-033 were relocated immediately adjacent to the eastern wall of the addition, which resulted in the creation of Army site MSFC-033A. MSFC-033A is located on the east side of Building 4815 which is adjacent to the Redstone Army Airfield runway.

To evaluate the nature and extent of potential contaminants at MSFC-033A, surface soil and subsurface soil samples were collected and PAH compounds were identified as exceeding soil screening levels. This area was identified as a new RCRA SWMU in December 2010 as requested by ADEM.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The path forward is to complete an RFI to fulfill requirements in the RSA RCRA permit under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition. It is anticipated that the risk assessment will determine that Land Use Controls (LUCs) to prevent digging or excavation under the existing Building 4815 and the adjacent concrete generator/AC pad will be required to prevent incidental contact with potentially contaminated soils.

Site ID: MSFC-034 Site Name: FORMER CHEMICAL PRODUCTION AREA

Alias: None



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Metals, Polychlorinated Biphenyls

(PCB), Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	.199009
CS	199510	.199909
RFI/CMS	.200906	.201505

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201505

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site MSFC-034 is located on approximately 54 acres, in the northern part of MSFC. This site includes all plants associated with WWII H mustard production and filling facilities, not just the 4481 sump (as previous listed). There are 24 USTs (16 ethanol and eight fuel oil) associated with the production and filling facilities believed to still be in place at the site. Mustard scrubbing and decon facilities and potential PCBs from transformers are additional areas of concern. Soil borings indicate subsurface soils and groundwater have been impacted with chemical agents and their degradation products and VOCs (carbon tetrachloride). The exact source of the release is unknown, but may be related to industrial sewer lines or fluid storage tanks. In 1959, MSFC took control of these buildings. There are five NASA sites located within the MSFC-034 site boundary including the industrial sewer system. The Army may be required to assume the responsibility for these five sites including the industrial sewer within the MSFC-034 boundary. This decision is contingent upon the FFA and the Army-NASA MOA negotiations. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI/CMS investigation of MSFC-034 will be coordinated with the RSA-149 investigation with respect to site contributions to RSA-149 groundwater contamination.

To address the problems warranting action in surface media, the Army will excavate soils at Buildings 4471 and 4481 that are contaminated with mustard and residual fuel components. Excavations will be performed from the following areas: two sump pits; two storage pits; two liquid level pits.

It is anticipated that LUCs will be required due to the highly developed nature of the area and the potential presence of residual chemical agents even after the removal of the major chemical agent sources. Successful implementation of the LUC will require coordination with NASA.

The CTC does not include costs associated with the five NASA sites within the MSFC-034 boundary. Actions through RIP or RC at this site are contracted under the FY09 PBA contract. The CTC for post-PBA actions is documented under this site in AEDB-R.

Site ID: MSFC-035

Site Name: INACTIVE SUMP/TILED DRAIN FIELD-EAST TA

Alias: None



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	201111
RFI/CMS	201103	202209
IRA	201103	201909
LTM	202609	205609

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 202209

SITE DESCRIPTION

Inactive Sump/Tiled Drain Field-East TA. The site consists of a 250+ person WWII POW camp. The camp contained two buildings and associated concrete lined sump/latrines with a one-acre tile drain field. Scrap separation activities and two burn pits for waste Pyrogel (Mg paste and gasoline/asphalt-based incendiary) were believed to have occurred at the site. Storage of goop drums and open-pit burning of goop also possibly occurred at the site.

The current MSFC-035 area is paved, with several large pieces of equipment parked in the area. Assume no separate Mobilization/Demobilization (Mob/Demob) for MSFC-035; Mob/Demob cost included under MSFC-0003.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

On Sept. 30, 2010, ADEM issued the RCRA Hazardous Waste Facility Permit No. AL7 210 020 742, to the Army. This RCRA permit governs the storage, treatment, and disposal of hazardous waste, as well as corrective measures for multiple SWMUs and AOCs in accordance with RCRA. Part VI of the RCRA Permit requires that IM and/or source removal be completed at this suspect CWM site.

A Phase 1 and 2 interim removal action, RFI, and LTM are expected.

Site ID: MSFC-053 Site Name: FORMER PROPELLANT STORAGE AREA

Alias: None



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199909
RFI/CMS	200906	201411

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201411

SITE DESCRIPTION

MSFC-053 consists of an area formerly occupied by a series of concrete-lined liquid propellant test stands and cells and a liquid propellant storage building (Building 4717). The site is located in the area near Buildings 4751 and 4761 with Tiros St. to the north, Martin Road to the south, Gemini Ave. to the west, and Thor Avenue to the east. The site occupies an area of approximately 12 acres. Activities at the site began in 1951 with the construction of a liquid propellant test facility. Other units were constructed at the site at various times. All units were demolished in/by 1974. Activities at the site included the use of hydrocarbon-based rocket fuels and solvents for cleaning. VOCs in groundwater from identified off-site upgradient sources are the primary COCs. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

NASA operates a metals plating shop within the MSFC-053 boundary.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI/CMS, statement of basis and permit modification were originally scoped under PBA TO-0001 recommending site closeout (RC). A permit modification was also planned to follow the statement of basis documenting the selection of no action (RC). Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding has been provided under TO-0006 (May 3, 2012) to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective.

Site ID: PBCatRedstone

Site Name: FY05 PBC

Alias: FY05 PBC



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200412	.200503
RFI/CMS	.200412	.201408
DES	.200508	.201408
CMI(C)	.200508	.201409
CMI(O)	.200508	.201410

RIP Date: 201409 **RC Date**: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is used to track the funding of two separate performance-based acquisitions (PBA) [or performance-based contracts (PBC)]: one was awarded in FY05 and the other is dated FY09.

FY05 PBC

This contract covers all of the following FY05 PBC remediation sites (RSA-048, RSA-054, RSA-056, RSA-057, RSA-059, RSA-113, RSA-122, RSA-126, RSA-134, RSA-139, RSA-183, RSA-223, RSA-224, RSA-229, RSA-232, RSA-235, RSA-236, and D) under this one site for the purpose of tracking the PBC funds.

The FY05 PBC has been awarded for these sites for SI through RIP, followed by five years of remedial action (operation) [RA(O)] and a five-year review. The FY05 PBC is fully funded; therefore all future costs shown in AEDB-R are associated with the FY09 PMC.

FY09 PMC

Task order 1 under this contract funds the following sites through the indicated phases:

- Achieve approved DD by Feb. 28, 2010 for RSA-214 and RSA-197.
- Achieve approved DD by Dec. 30, 2010 for RSA-C.
- Achieve approved DD by Dec. 30, 2011 for RSA-032, RSA-045, RSA-052, RSA-058, RSA-060, RSA-061, RSA-063, RSA-065, RSA-066, RSA-067, RSA-068, RSA-110, RSA-141-R-01, RSA-147, RSA-148, RSA-149, RSA-191, RSA-192, RSA-194, RSA-195, RSA-198, RSA-199, RSA-202, RSA-205, RSA-206, RSA-207, RSA-209, RSA-238, RSA-252, RSA-253, RSA-

262, RSA-281, and RSA-072-R-01 (alias RSA-282).

- Achieve RIP or RC by Dec. 30, 2011 for RSA-096, RSA-097, RSA-138M, RSA-189, RSA-190, RSA-225, and RSA-271.
- Achieve RIP or RC by Sept. 30, 2013 for RSA-135H, RSA-144, RSA-208, RSA-210, RSA-211, RSA-212, RSA-237, and RSA-274.
- Achieve RIP or RC Sept. 30, 2014 for MSFC-003-R-01, MSFC-027, MSFC-034, MSFC-035, MSFC-053, RSA-05, RSA-013, RSA-014, RSA-051, RSA-053, RSA-064, RSA-069, RSA-083, RSA-087, RSA-088, RSA-095, RSA-109, RSA-112, RSA-114, RSA-117, RSA-140, RSA-142, RSA-145, RSA-146, RSA-150, RSA-151, RSA-152, RSA-153, RSA-154, RSA-155, RSA-156, RSA-157, RSA-187, RSA-188, RSA-193, RSA-200, RSA-201, RSA-203, RSA-204, RSA-213, RSA-215, RSA-217, RSA-218, RSA-219, RSA-220, RSA-226, RSA-227, RSA-228, RSA-230, RSA-231, RSA-233, RSA-234-R-01, RSA-239, RSA-250, RSA-255, RSA-258, RSA-261, RSA-263, RSA-265, RSA-269, RSA-272, RSA-273, RSA-275, RSA-276, RSA-276, RSA-278-R-01, and RSA-A.
- Perform any necessary LTM or RA(O) for a duration of one year from the date of this TO award for RSA-049.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Site ID: PBCatRedstone

Site Name: FY05 PBC

Alias: FY05 PBC

There are two distinct PBAs associated with this AEDB-R site: FY05 PBA and FY09 PBA.

Please see the individual sites for contract affiliation, cleanup strategies, media of concern, and COC.

Site ID: RSA-005 Site Name: INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA

Alias: OU-02



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198903	.198904
CS	199510	.199609
RFI/CMS	200909	.201408
DES	.200909	.201505
CMI(C)	.200909	.201507
CMI(O)	200909	.201605

RIP Date: 201507 **RC Date:** 201605

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-005 is a former 0.2-acre waste accumulation area in the northeast portion of RSA, west of Patton Road and north of Neal Road. Two buildings are currently present on the north portion of the site. Building 3630 (approximately 12 ft by 11ft) is used for paint storage, and a temporary unnumbered building (approximately 10 ft by 8 ft) is used for storage of industrial oils which are in the process of being moved to Building 3630. Just east of the site boundary is RSA-287, which encompasses Building 3634 (vehicle maintenance and formerly a component storage warehouse) and RSA-006, which was a paint spray booth in the southern portion of Building 3634. Concentrations of lead and one PCB were detected in soil exceeding action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI/CMS, statement of basis, permit modification, DES, and CMI have been contracted to accomplish RIP/RC.

It is anticipated that LUCs will be required to address lead contaminated surface soils. It is anticipated that 655 cy of soil will require disposal. As a contingency, up to 10 percent of the soil may be classified as hazardous waste based on the TCLP results and may require off-site stabilization or treatment prior to disposal. Twenty-five confirmation samples will be collected to verify that all soils exceeding the action level have been removed. Following excavation, the ground surface will be re-graded to approximately the pre-disposal topography. LUCs (unrestricted for industrial, restricted for residential) are planned. Actions through the RIP/RC at this site are funded under the FY09 PBA contract.

Site ID: RSA-010 Site Name: CLOSED UNLINED SANITARY LANDFILL

Alias: None



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199309
RFI/CMS	199310	201507

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-010 is a closed sanitary landfill comprising 66 acres in the central portion of RSA. This inactive, closed landfill was used during the 1970s for disposal of household, administrative and industrial waste including waste lube oil, fuel oil sludge in the northern portion and sewage treatment grease trap solids, household waste, paper products, hospital infectious waste, construction debris, asbestos, and ash from incinerated paper in the closed sanitary trenches in the southern and remaining portions of the site. Wastes were stored in trenches that were later covered with a thin layer of soil. The currently closed RSA-107 DDT Waste Soils Landfill was part of the original 68.5-acres at the northwest corner of RSA-010 before becoming a RCRA SWMU in 1978. A 43.4-acre construction and demolition landfill (Alabama Department of Environmental Management Permit No. 45-03) is currently operational at the site within the closed sanitary landfill site boundary. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept.30, 2010 with minor modifications on Oct. 4, 2012 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PMC TO-0005 award.

The chemicals of potential concern (COPC) previously detected in soils during past investigations at RSA-010 include metals, SVOCs, and low-level polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), especially in the waste oil pit area with impact to groundwater consisting of VOCs, primarily TCE and its breakdown products.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A PMC (2009) with TO-0005 Award (May 2012) is in place to address this site through RFI and CMS.

Site Name: UNLINED INACTIVE OPEN BURN PADS

Alias: OBOD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199109
RFI/CMS	200906	201505
DES	200906	201511
CMI(C)	200906	201608
CMI(O)	200906	201705

RIP Date: 201608 **RC Date:** 201705

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-013 is located on TVA property that RSA has a memorandum of agreement (MOA) to use and within an operational range. TVA has to approve all plans for this site. RSA-013 covers an approximate five acres, and is located near the southwest corner of RSA, south of McAlpine Road, and northeast of the Tennessee River. The site consists of an open burn area where chlorinated solvents, solvent-contaminated materials, waste rocket motor propellant, and scrap metal were incinerated on the ground surface. The resulting ash was disposed of at the RSA-014 ash field, and RSA-066. The flashed metal was salvaged. The site also includes the former RSA-132 popping furnace area and the former RSA-133 rocket motor washout rack and sump area. A groundwater pump-and-treat system was operated from 1997-2000 for VOC contamination. High levels of perchlorate have been detected in the groundwater. Unexploded ordnance (UXO) is potentially present at the site. (RSA-013-R-01 has been opened but is listed as RC because this site is on an active range.)

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy, which is likely to be soil removal actions and LUCs. Additional RFI/CMS is necessary due to the presence of TCE in soil and the potential presence of perchlorate in soil (based upon substantial groundwater concentrations). TCE contamination/recontamination may be occurring due to fluctuating groundwater levels. If a surface media source of perchlorate is discovered, appropriate changes to the planned remedial actions will be required. An RFI field investigation will be conducted and will consist of sampling surface and subsurface soil, and groundwater from temporary piezometers. All samples will be analyzed for VOCs, nitroaromatics, perchlorate, and agent breakdown products. The CMI(C) is anticipated to include a soil removal. Following excavation, the ground surface will be recontoured to the approximate local topography. The area will be evaluated for potential integrator operable unit development. Costs for the evaluation and development of the integrator operable unit are included as global tasks within the PBA CTC for the groundwater sites. (Groundwater will be sampled under RSA-151.)

Site ID: RSA-014 Site Name: UNLINED INACTIVE BURN TRENCHES

Alias: OBOD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199109
RFI/CMS	200906	201505
DES	200906	201511
CMI(C)	200906	201607
CMI(O)	200906	201704

RIP Date: 201607 **RC Date:** 201704

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-14 is located in the southwest corner of RSA, south of McAlpine Road, northeast of the Tennessee River, and within an operational range. This site is located just outside and adjacent to TVA property and is approximately 9.8 acres. Two open trenches, dimensions 150 to 200 ft long, 35 ft wide and about six to 12 ft deep, were used to incinerate solid materials contaminated with rocket propellant, waste solvents, and solvent-contaminated materials.

A soil vapor extraction (SVE) system was operated from 1999 to 2000 for VOC contamination. Maximum TCE concentrations of 6,250 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) were in the soils beneath the northern trench. The southern trench soil sample indicated the presence of TCE, but in lower concentrations. Evidence exists that chemical munitions were disposed of at this site.

UXO is present at the site. RSA-014-R-01 has been opened, but is listed as RC because this site is on an active range. The northern portion of the site reportedly contains trenches used in the disposal of beryllium along with lab chemicals, oxidizers and energetics.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy, which is likely to be monitored natural attenuation (MNA). Additional RFI/CMS is planned to include potential perchlorate contamination in soil and the potential presence of chemical warfare materiel. 1,4-Dithiane and oxathiane have been detected in groundwater samples collected from the site. These contaminants have not been addressed in soils to date. Contamination/recontamination may be occurring due to fluctuating groundwater levels. An RFI field investigation will be conducted that will consist of sampling surface and subsurface soil and groundwater from 15 existing wells. All samples will be analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, nitroaromatics, and perchlorate. The CMI will include a MNA plan. Costs for the evaluation and development of the integrator operable unit are included as global tasks within the PBA CTC for the groundwater sites. (Groundwater will be sampled under RSA-151.)

Site Name: INACTIVE SCRAP METAL STORAGE AREA

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199709
RFI/CMS	200906	201410

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-032 is located on 36 acres east of Shields Road and south of Buxton Road. The site is currently cleared in the center, with a gravel base and it is fenced/locked. Approximately 14 percent of the site is covered in wetlands, primarily in the northern and southern portions of the site. The site is located within the former GCWD with waste staging beginning in the 1940s. The site was later used beginning in the 1960s for waste/material storage. Within RSA-032 is MSFC-026 which was a hazardous waste storage area operated by NASA. Localized areas of soil impact by VOCs and PAHs/PBCs have been identified exceeding action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

A removal action for PCBs and PAHs is likely; however, there is not enough detail at this time to accurately cost the remedy.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI/CMS, statement of basis and permit modification are contracted under TO-0006 (May 3, 2012). A DES and CMI(C) phase will be likely needed to remove PAH and PCB contaminated soils from the site. It is possible that LTM to include LUCs may be required following the removal action; however, the likelihood and associated cost with these actions cannot be accurately measured at this time.

Site ID: RSA-045
Site Name: SMOKE MUNITIONS PLANT 3

Alias: PA3



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Semi-

volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199909
RFI/CMS	200906	201408
DES	201412	201512
CMI(C)	201512	201610
LTM	201610	204610

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201610

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located east of Patton Road and north of Martin Road, in the north central parcel of RSA. Site RSA-45 is approximately 38.5 acres. Historical information indicates the site was used as an adamsite and tear gas filling plant, therefore, the site has been renamed the "Smoke Munitions Plant 3." The site was subsequently used through the 1950s as smoke munitions filing (SMF) Line 3.

Previous investigations were limited to a UST area on the north side of the site. Investigation of the UST area found that soils were contaminated with DDT and PCBs. An RFI will be completed under the FY09 PMC contract.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI, a CMS, and a statement of basis and permit modification are contracted under TO-0008 (July 23, 2012). These costs are covered under the FY09 PBA and reported under its associated site in AEDB-R.

A DES, CMI(C), and LTM phase will also be required to address PAHs identified in soil above industrial preliminary screening calues (PSVs). Based on experience at similar sites at Redstone, the state has required excavation of contaminated soils above industrial PSVs.

Site Name: INACTIVE CLOSED SANITARY LANDFILL

Alias: DA

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199509
RFI/CMS	200509	201111
DES	200509	201309
CMI(C)	200509	201312
LTM	201312	204312

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201312

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-048 is located north of the old railroad bed, east of Patton Road, west of McDonald Creek, and north of Martin Road in the northeast portion of RSA. This disposal area is approximately 4.5 acres and fenced. It was active from 1947 through the early 1950s and received construction rubble. Limited previous sampling indicates the presence of industrial waste constituents. The nature and extent of these waste materials is unknown. The disposal area was not capped, but has a thin layer of soil covering waste piles/trenches.

Low levels of SVOCs, lead, and chromium have been confirmed in the soil. Environmental concerns are driven by the potential of contaminant release from the disposal of sanitary waste in the wetland.

The existing 2005 PBC at Redstone includes costs through RIP plus RA(O) and a five-year review. Funding for this effort is set to expire in FY13.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The FY05 PBC addresses this site through RIP. The anticipated RIP date is in FY13 due to delays in regulatory reviews. Funding is set to expire in FY13.

Further risk evaluation presented in the FS concluded that exposure to surface media at RSA-048, including surface soil/sediment, total soil, and surface water, poses no unacceptable risks or noncancer health threats to industrial on-site workers. Institutional controls (ICs) are the preferred alternative presented in the FS. ICs would be implemented to prevent residential use through zoning restrictions and may include signs to limit access.

LTM to include LUCs and groundwater monitoring are required at the site.

Site Name: CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-WEST

Alias: HA1



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199609
RFI/CMS	199610	200709
CMI(C)	200710	200809
LTM	200810	204309

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 200809

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-049 is located south of Neal Road at the Toftoy Thruway intersection. It is approximately 12.5 acres and consists of three closed and capped unlined industrial waste lagoons formerly used for the disposal of arsenic-contaminated waste generated from manufacturing operations during the early-1940s.

In 1999, an engineered cap with an impermeable liner was designed and constructed over the lagoon. The focused feasibility study (FFS)/statement of basis/proposed plan (PP) was finalized in July 2007. In September 2007, the final ROD was signed, which identifies adoption of the engineered cap, LUCs, and long-term monitoring as the final remedy for the site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

LUCs are necessary for the site. The CTC includes five-year reviews, cap and fence maintenance, and LUCs.

Site Name: INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA

Alias: None

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC), White Phosphorous

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199004
CS	199005	199009
RFI/CMS	.199510	201502

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-050 is an inactive 18-acre munitions demilitarization and disposal site located in the western portion of RSA, south of Martin Road within the safety arc for Test Area 6. The site was active in the 1940s and 1950s for the demilitarization of high explosives, white phosphorus, and mustard gas, and potentially for mustard burial. All but one acre of the site lies within RSA-074 (High Explosive Impact Test Site, Area D) and is immediately south of RSA-254 (Range 1 Bombing Targets).

A Draft Final RI was submitted by Rust Environmental in 1998 for the site. A final proposed plan recommending no action for RSA-050 was submitted in July 2000 followed by preparation of an IROD. The final IROD was prepared and submitted for USEPA signature in February 2001. The USEPA noted concerns about the adequacy of the site characterization effort in their final review of the IROD. In September 2001 the Army rescinded the IROD and agreed to pursue further investigation at the site. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA, requiring an RFI be completed for the site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The site is within active Test Area (TA-6) and is considered to be under the operational range assessment program (ORAP). Post PBA actions will include: complete the RFI/CMS including ARBCA risk assessments in accordance with AEIRG, statement of basis and permit modification request.

Site Name: INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL

Alias: DDT



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199309
RFI/CMS	200501	201107
DES	200906	201305
CMI(C)	200906	201403
CMI(O)	200906	201503
LTM	201503	204403

RIP Date: 201403 **RC Date:** 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-053 is a closed unlined landfill located near the geographical center of RSA, east of RSA-10, north of Huntsville Spring Branch, west of Patton Road, and south of Mills Road. The site is bounded by the Wheeler Wildlife Refuge to the south. The landfill is approximately 41 acres and is comprised of trenches and pits that were used to dispose of industrial and sanitary wastes. It was active from 1963 to 1973 and received household, administrative, sanitary, and industrial wastes. In the northern area of the site are several inactive waste oil pits and a suspected pesticide burial pit. An approximately two ft thick soil layer covers the refuse in most of the trenches. The site fencing was completed in 2001. Soil and groundwater contamination includes VOCs (primarily chlorobenzene), SVOCs, metals, and residual pesticides. The bulk of the contamination is due to former DDT manufacturing processes. The original RSA-053 southern site boundary was included in the DDT Migration Abatement Program conducted from 1977 to 1982. Pesticides were excavated from the site and placed in disposal cells at RSA-107. It appears that the southern portions of the trenches may be inundated by groundwater on a seasonal basis. The site has been broken down into three different study areas: northern disposal area, trenches and the remaining area within site boundaries. The draft RI report was produced in September 2006. A final RI was submitted in June 2009. A draft FS was submitted in August 2010.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA re-classifying the site under the RCRA program. The Army was directed to begin the CMI work plan under the permit. This effort is currently underway.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the CMS, DES, CMI (C), CMI (O), and LTM. Remedial action is expected to include: excavation, consolidation, soil cover, media monitoring, LUCs, electrical resistive heating (ERH), filtration, liquid-phase carbon adsorption, thermal oxidation, and sewer discharge. This includes relocation of approximately 42,500 cy of waste material associated with the trenches from the southern portion of the site to the northern portion; placement of an 8.2 acre soil cover on the contaminated area; monitoring of groundwater, condensate, and vapors; implementation of ERH for treatment of the chlorobenzene DNAPL in the saturated zone at the RSA-148 groundwater DNAPL source; and LUCs. The combination of excavation and soil cover in the contaminated soil and the ERH treatment of the chlorobenzene DNAPL in the saturated zone would be protective of human health and would prevent future sourcing to groundwater in accordance with the remedial action objectives. LTM includes five-year reviews and LUCs.

Site Name: INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL

Alias: DA

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199309
RFI/CMS	200509	201111
DES	200509	201305
CMI(C)	200509	201312
LTM	201312	204312

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201312

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-054/055 is a single landfill comprising 45 acres in the central portion of RSA. This inactive, closed landfill was used during the 1960s and 1970s for disposal of household, administrative, and industrial waste. Wastes were disposed of in trenches that were later covered with a thin layer of soil. Wastes containing DDT were buried at various locations in the landfill between 1968 and 1973. These wastes were later excavated and moved to the DDT Waste Soils Landfill at RSA-107. The site was fenced in 2001. Pesticides were detected in the soil and chlorobenzene was detected in the groundwater. Since RSA-054 and 055 are made up of one landfill, it will be funded under 054. RSA-055 will be considered RC in AEDB-R. A PBC is in place to include remedy-in-place followed by five years of CMI(O) and a five-year review. During the RI scoping, the team agreed that the previous RFI, human health and ecological risk assessments had satisfied the requirements of an RI report and that the next document produced was an FS. The facility desires to use this north area as parking area and the south area for expansion of the Prototype Integration Facility.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A PBC is in place to address this site through RIP and LUCs until contract expiration. An FS was completed in 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010. A corrective action implementation plan was submitted in December 2012. Corrective action will include capping over the northern portion of the site. Excavation is planned for the portion of the site south of Fowler Road with the waste consolidated within the northern portion of the landfill. Administration of LUCs and maintenance of the cap will be required. Six five-year reviews are included in the post-PBA LTM CTC.

Site Name: CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-SOUTH

Alias: HA2



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199309
RFI/CMS	200509	200909
CMI(C)	200509	200909
CMI(O)	200909	201308
LTM	201308	204308

RIP Date: 200909 **RC Date**: 201308

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-056 is a 4.5 acre area, located in the east-central part of the arsenal, north of Viper Road, west of Meteorology Road, and east of Calibration Road. It was an open, unlined surface impoundment that received arsenic-contaminated industrial waste sludge and wastewater from lewisite manufacturing activities in the early-1940s. In the 1960s, the lagoons received demo debris from the lewisite manufacturing facilities. Due to a Notice of Violation issued in 1992 from ADEM for high levels of arsenic in a bordering stream, a 4.5 acre area was capped with compacted clay in 1995. The RFI report was completed in 1996. High levels of arsenic were found in the soils and sediment. The site was fenced and the soil (clay) cap was extended in 2001 to cover the entire contaminated area. A combined FS for RSA-056, RSA-122, and RSA-139 was completed in 2009. The ROD was signed in September 2009. The final remedial action work plan (RAWP) was initially submitted in July 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010. Revisions to the corrective measure implementation plan (CMIP)/RAWP were submitted in January 2011, July 2011, January 2012, and June 2012 to address ADEM's comments.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The PBCatRedstone site in AEDB-R includes the costs for remedy-in-place. An FS, a PP and a ROD for RSA-056 combined with RSA-122 and RSA-139 were completed in September 2009 under the FY05 PBC contract. Regulatory delays resulted in an anticipated RIP date of FY13 with funding expiring in FY13. LTM after the FY13 PBC will consist of continued LUCs, cap maintenance, and six five-year reviews.

The post-PBA costs and actions during the LTM phase are documented under this site. Administration of LUCs and maintenance of the cap will be required for 30 years. Six post-PBA five-year reviews are scheduled during the LTM phase.

Site Name: INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE LAGOON-EAST

Alias: HA2



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: HIGH

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199004
CS	199005	199509
RFI/CMS	200301	200709
CMI(C)	200705	200802
CMI(O)	200802	201302
LTM	201302	204402

RIP Date: 200802 **RC Date:** 201302

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-57 is an eight-acre site located in the east-central part of the arsenal, west of Patton Road and south of Martin Road and was designed as a surface impoundment, but was also used as a former L production waste disposal area. L raw materials were disposed of at an acetylene sludge lagoon (currently bermed on three sides) and in a smaller arsenic sludge lagoon to the northwest. Low levels of arsenic and VOCs were detected in the groundwater. Based on-site operational history, the VOCs are believed to have originated from other areas such as RSA-122.

Arsenic and mercury are the primary contaminants in the soil.

In May 2006 the RI/FS and the PP were finalized. In September 2007, the final ROD was signed, which specified excavation and off-site disposal, followed by LUCs as the remedy for the site. The RA fieldwork was completed in 2008.

Costs through RIP, plus LTM and a five-year review, are included under the "PBC at Redstone" site. Additional LTM is required after the PBC concludes.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Remedial action, which included excavation and off-site disposal of soils, was completed in 2008. LUC inspections and reporting and five-year reviews are necessary.

Site Name: INACTIVE CLOSED RUBBLE FILL & WASTE PILE

Alias: DDT



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Pesticides,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199409
RFI/CMS	200601	201106
DES	201109	201306
CMI(C)	201206	201406
CMI(O)	201206	201506
LTM	201506	204506

RIP Date: 201406 **RC Date:** 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-058 is approximately 34 acres and is located east of Patton Road. McDonald Creek and Huntsville Spring Branch border it on the east and south, respectively. This landfill received incineration ash from demilitarization operations, rubble (e.g., concrete blocks and slabs, tires, 55-gallon drums, five-gallon cans, metal debris), damaged PCB transformers and building materials from a nearby Olin DDT manufacturing site. The site was fenced in 2001. Surface water and groundwater from this site drain into the Wheeler Wildlife Refuge. Both Huntsville Spring Branch and McDonald Creek are main drainage channels for the city of Huntsville. Pesticides, SVOCs, VOCs, metals and explosives were found in the soil and sediments. All RI fieldwork has been completed. Draft RI report was submitted in September 2007.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA re-classifying the site under the RCRA program. A FS was prepared recommending excavation and off-site disposal of contaminated soil in conjunction with LUCs as the preferred remedy. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding was necessary and has been provided under TO 05 (May 2012) to meet the performance objective of RIP. A CMIP (equivalent to the DES) was submitted to the ADEM on Oct. 26, 2012.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The DES and CMI(C) are funded under the current task order. LTM is anticipated, but has not yet been funded. Remedial action is expected to include: excavation of approximately 8,955 cy and disposal. As a contingency, up to 10 percent of the soil may be classified as hazardous waste based on the TCLP results and may require off-site stabilization or treatment prior to disposal. Confirmation soil samples will be collected to verify that all soils exceeding the action level have been removed. Following excavation, the ground surface will be re-graded to approximately the pre-disposal topography. Development of the wetland restoration plan and re-vegetation with native wetland plants will be subcontracted to a wetlands restoration specialist. Under the LTM phase, five-year reviews, ecological monitoring of fish tissue, and LUCs are planned.

Site Name: INACTIVE CLOSED CONSTRUCTION RUBBLE FILL

Alias: DA



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Polycyclic Aromatic

Hydrocarbons (PAH), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199309
RFI/CMS	200509	201111
DES	200509	201309
CMI(C)	200509	201312
LTM	201312	204312

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201312

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-059 is located in the central portion of RSA, south of Mills Road and west of Patton Road. It is bounded on the north, east, and south sides by wetlands. Site RSA-59 is a closed unlined landfill previously used for disposal of rubble, construction debris (primarily railroad ties), sanitary and industrial waste. It was intermittently active from the late-1940s to the mid-1970s. Originally, the site was a fill borrow area (BA) for early construction activities. A thin layer of soil covers the landfill waste and the site is well vegetated with grasses, small trees, and brush. The site has not been capped and no remediation has occurred.

During recent investigations, the size was determined to be greater than the original 12 acres, but the entire landfill has not been delineated. The site was partially fenced in 2001. The southeastern boundary could not be fenced due to the wetlands nature of the lower area.

Low concentrations of VOCs were detected in the groundwater, and a coal disposal area (likely source of PAH) was discovered. A draft FS was submitted in August 2008.

The 2005 PBC at RSA includes costs through RIP plus LUCs and a five-year review. Additional LTM is required after the PBC concludes.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A PBC has been awarded and funded to include RIP followed by five years of LUCs and one five-year review. Regulatory delays resulted in anticipated RIP date of FY13 with funding expiring in FY13. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding may be necessary to complete the CMI(C) to meet the performance objective. Administration of LUCs is required beyond the PBC. Six five-year reviews are planned during the post-PBC LTM phase.

Site Name: INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL

Alias: DDT

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: HIGH

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199309
RFI/CMS	200601	201309
DES	201205	201504
CMI(C)	201205	201602
CMI(O)	201205	201702
LTM	201702	204702

RIP Date: 201602 **RC Date**: 201702

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-060 is a closed unlined landfill located near the geographic center of RSA, southeast of RSA-053, north of the Huntsville Spring Branch, and south of Mills Road. It is downgradient of the former Olin pesticide manufacturing plant. A large portion of the site is within the Wheeler National Wildlife Refuge. The landfill is approximately 22 acres. This site consists of several covered disposal unlined trenches, running northeast-southwest, which were used for sanitary and industrial waste disposal. Pesticides (off-spec products from the Olin manufacturing facility) were also buried throughout the site. Soil is contaminated with VOCs (primarily chlorobenzene), SVOCs, metals, and pesticides including DDD, DDE, and DDT. These same pesticides are also present in sediments. The Final RI was completed in June 2009. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30,2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. A revised CMS was completed in July 2012. As required by the Army, a DES will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Site actions through RIP/RC (DES and CMI) are funded under TO-0008 of the FY09 PBA contract, and as such, are recorded in the CTC for that PBA site in AEDB-R.

A DES, CMI(C), and LTM will be completed to be consistent with future land uses. The original path contemplated LUCs to manage site risks; however, under RCRA, this site is considered too complex and a corrective measure may be warranted. Sediment south of the boundary of RSA-060 will be addressed in the anticipated Integrator OU along this segment of Huntsville Spring Branch. The CMI(C) will involve construction of an approximate 22-acre landfill cover and hydraulic groundwater cutoff wall and development of a low complexity Land Use Control Implementation Plan (LUCIP).

Site ID: RSA-065 Site Name: FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Other (CWM), Volatiles

(VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil, Surface

Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199709
RFI/CMS	201012	201411

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201411

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-065 is located in the southern part of the Arsenal south of Buxton Road within the floodplain of the Tennessee River and is located within an operational range. RSA-065 is a 147-acre, fenced area used for above ground drum storage for chemical warfare agents, including lewisite and mustard gas during the 1940s and 1950s. The chemical materials were shipped off-post for disposal, or were demilitarized at other locations at RSA. The site is generally flat with numerous rectangular storage cells, with each cell occupying about 200 square feet (sf). The storage cells create a grid pattern over the site and are clearly visible on aerial photographs. Water has been impounded on the site by beavers resulting in the development of marshy areas. The site was fenced in 2001. During the SI, low levels of metals were detected in surface water and elevated levels of TCE and carbon tetrachloride were detected in groundwater. In 2004, it was decided that the potential CWM would be addressed as part of this site A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA, requires that an RFI be completed for this site in accordance with Table VI.2, thereby changing the performance objective from a decision document to an RFI.

An excavation of VOC contaminated soil is likely; however, there is not enough information at this time to accurately cost the remedy.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding has been provided under TO-0006 to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. It is anticipated that a DES, CMI(C), CMI(O) will be likely needed to address localized soil contamination (VOCs). Five-year reviews, annual groundwater monitoring and reporting are likely to be required in the post-PBA LTM phase. It is anticipated that LUCs will be required due to the potential presence of CWM; however, the likelihood and associated cost with these actions cannot be accurately measured at this time.

Site Name: FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199110	199509
RFI/CMS	200906	201511

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201511

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-067 is an inactive 45-acre drum storage area used in the 1940s and 1950s for aboveground storage of mustard gas. Originally, the site was separated into storage cells by unlined earthen berms, rail car tracks, and/ or trails. RSA-067 is located in the southern part of RSA, adjacent to another former chemical agent storage area, RSA-065 and within an operational range. Most of the northern part of this area is wooded. The majority of the unit is inundated with water. The site was fenced in 2001. A phosgene container was discovered at the site. In 2004, it was decided that the potential CWM would be addressed as part of this site. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA contract.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding has been provided under TO-0006 to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. Actions through the permit modification at this site are funded under the FY09 PBA contract. It is anticipated that LUCs will be required due to the potential presence of CWM; however, the likelihood and associated cost with these actions cannot be accurately measured at this time.

Site Name: FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199809
RFI/CMS	200906	201412

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201412

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-069 is located on 80 acres west of Patton Road and south of Buxton Road. The site is heavily wooded with a large percentage (90 percent) covered in wetlands. The site was used in the 1940s and 1950s for above ground drum storage of H and L. Chemical agents were stored in one-ton steel containers and 55-gallon steel drums. The site contains approximately 170 square storage cells, each about 200 sf with earthen berms. The site was fenced in 1949-1950 and then re-fenced in 2001 as part of a TCRA due to potential CWM. Currently, the site is located within operational Range 0701 and access is controlled by the Army's SAC Program. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA.

The VOCs and CWM breakdown products were found in the groundwater, but the source cannot be conclusively attributed to this site. H breakdown products have been detected in overburden and bedrock groundwater to the south of the site. The TCE has been detected in the northeast section of the site at high levels in groundwater.

Currently, there is no distinction between RSA-069 and RSA-070. Therefore, site RSA-070 was listed as RC in AEDB-R, and any additional needed action will be addressed under RSA-069. The storage area now occupies approximately 72 acres.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding has been provided under TO-0006 to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. Field activities likely under the RFI include the following:

- conducting approximately five soil borings,
- collecting approximately 15 soil samples,
- collecting approximately five groundwater samples,
- collecting approximately 12 surface water/sediment samples.

It is anticipated that LUCs will be required due to the potential presence of CWM; however, the likelihood and cost associated with these actions cannot be accurately measured at this time.

Site Name: INACTIVE SPRAY PAINT BOOTH SUMP

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	198909
CS	199510	201101
RFI/CMS	200906	201312
DES	201407	201507
CMI(C)	201507	201605
CMI(O)	201605	201705
LTM	201705	204505

RIP Date: 201605 **RC Date:** 201705

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-083 is an approximately 5.9-acre site within the former Thiokol North Plant area. The site consists of Building 7344 as well as a sump associated with a former water-curtain paint operation carried out at the building.

Building 7344 is currently being used as a guided missile research facility. Historical sampling at RSA-083 included analyses for VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides/PCBs, metals, PAH compounds, perchlorate, and explosives. VOCs are the only contaminants of concern at RSA-083. TCE was detected in groundwater at a concentration of 13,000 µg/L (in well K83-RS709) in 2009, continuing a declining trend from a high of 170,000 µg/L in 1997. This steady TCE decrease has been accompanied by increases in the concentrations of TCE degradation products cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride in the same well, suggesting that natural attenuation is actively reducing contaminant concentrations in site groundwater. Stable- to-decreasing concentrations in nearby wells suggest that the groundwater plume is not migrating. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0006 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Conduct RFI field investigation with soil and groundwater sampling. Complete an RFI, CMS, DES, CMI (C), CMI (O), and LTM to be consistent with future land uses. Sampling from K83-RS709 and adjacent RSA-083 monitoring wells is needed to confirm and track the progress of natural attenuation processes and to confirm that the plume is not migrating. As part of monitoring for TCE plume degradation and progress of natural attenuation processes, a record of groundwater chemical conditions favorable to natural attenuation is required. Five existing wells will be used to perform a baseline MNA study. Soils have been further investigated and are not a source for TCE migration to groundwater. The main building has been demonstrated safe for current uses. The CMI will likely specify natural attenuation monitoring with LUCs. The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy.

Site Name: INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	.199009
CS	199410	.199909
RFI/CMS	.200301	.201208
DES	.200912	.201311
CMI(C)	.200912	.201401
CMI(O)	.200912	.201502

RIP Date: 201401 **RC Date:** 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-087 is located at Building 7368 and consists of two concrete pads (200 sf) which were used to store drummed cuttings from finished perchlorate propellant. New sheds and storage pads were added adjacent to the older pads at a later date. Although the groundwater underneath the pads is contaminated with TCE, this site is not the source area. A former degreaser, located at Building 7368 (RSA-905), appears to be the source of the TCE contamination. The PP indicates that groundwater will be addressed under RSA-146.

Additional sources of perchlorate have been identified to the north and northwest of RSA-087 as RSA-196 and RSA-198, following completion of the preliminary site assessment effort. The draft RI report was submitted in December 2005. Perchlorate and TCE were found in soil and groundwater at the site.

A draft final RI was submitted in October 2007; regulatory review is pending.

Sites RSA-087, RSA-088, and RSA-089 were all used for the same purpose. These sites are located in the east central portion of the arsenal at the former RARE facility - north plant. These units provided temporary waste storage for plant waste generation points either on concrete pads or as designated spaces on asphalt for 1.3 explosive class waste propellants. Prior to RARE north plant operations, these areas were part of RSA ordnance plant burster and assembly lines. The areas investigated as RSA-087, RSA-088, and RSA-089 represent the waste storage pads associated with specific activities related to the solid rocket manufacturing, testing, and research.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An excavation of approximately 5,500 cy to a depth of 17ft is planned and budgeted. Confirmation samples will be collected for VOCs and perchlorate.

Site Name: INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199410	199909
RFI/CMS	200301	201208
DES	200912	201311
CMI(C)	200912	201401
CMI(O)	200912	201502

RIP Date: 201401 **RC Date:** 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-088 is located at Building 7625 and consists of a concrete pad (200 sf) which was used to store drummed cuttings from finished perchlorate propellant. A newer shed and pad were added on at a later date. This location rather than the degreaser in Building 7625 (RSA-094) appears to be the source of the TCE and perchlorate plumes in this area.

A draft final RI was submitted in September 2007.

Sites RSA-087, RSA-088, and RSA-089 were all used for the same purpose. These sites are located in the east central portion of the arsenal at the former RARE facility - north plant. These units provided temporary waste storage for plant waste generation points either on concrete pads or as designated spaces on asphalt for 1.3 explosive class waste propellants. Prior to RARE north plant operations, these areas were part of ROP burster and assembly lines. The areas investigated as RSA-087, -088, and -089 represent the waste storage pads associated with specific activities related to the solid rocket manufacturing, testing, and research.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An excavation of perchlorate contaminated soil, 40 ft x 40ft x 15 ft deep is expected.

Site Name: CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 2

Alias: OFFSITE



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199609
RFI/CMS	200501	201107
DES	200906	201306
CMI(C)	200906	201406
CMI(O)	200906	201508

RIP Date: 201406 **RC Date:** 201508

SITE DESCRIPTION

A PSA investigation in 2004 resulted in the expansion of the RSA-095 site boundary to include Buildings 7369 and 7370. These buildings served as ancillary operations to Building 7368. This site also includes RSA-093.

Sites RSA-094, RSA-095, RSA-096, RSA-097, and RSA-098 were solvent degreasing operations including stills used for distillation and recovery of solvent from vapor degreasers in the former Thiokol plants. The degreasing agent most commonly used at these units was TCE. During vapor degreasing for the rocket motors, the solvent fluid was volatized with heating coils, circulated through the motors, condensed with cooling coils, reconditioned through the distillation unit, and recirculated through the system. Each degreaser unit was set inside a concrete pit and was equipped with a sump pump to recover solvent during operations.

The draft RI report was submitted in December 2007. Substantial and widespread VOCs and perchlorate have been detected.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the DES, CMI(C), and CMI(O). Remedial action is expected to include: excavation of perchlorate contaminated soil with off-site disposal, anaerobic bioremediation, soil, vapor, and groundwater monitoring; electrical resistance heating; filtration, liquid-phase carbon adsorption, thermal oxidation, and sewer discharge. This treatment is designed to treat contaminated soil as well as DNAPL source material in the saturated zone and groundwater. This remedy would be protective of human health and would prevent future sourcing to groundwater in accordance with the remedial action objectives.

Site Name: CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 3

Alias: OFFSITE



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199609
RFI/CMS	200401	201107
DES	200906	201305
CMI(C)	200906	201312
CMI(O)	200906	201410

RIP Date: 201312 **RC Date:** 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-096 operations (case preparation) centered around Building 7740. The degreaser sump is located in the northwest corner of the building. Perchlorate contamination is also present in the soil and groundwater at the site. PSA investigation (2004) for the RSA-146 contributes this perchlorate to proposed CERCLA site RSA-197, Thiokol Static Test Stand.

A draft report of findings has been prepared. Part of the additional RI was funded in FY05. Results indicate that treatment of both subsurface soils and groundwater is required for TCE.

The RSA Project 51899, Propulsion Systems Research Facility, Phase I, is planned over the eastern end of this site.

Sites RSA-094, RSA-095, RSA-096, RSA-097, and RSA-098 were solvent degreasing operations including stills used for distillation and recovery of solvent from vapor degreasers in the former Thiokol plants. The degreasing agent most commonly used at these units was TCE. During vapor degreasing for the rocket motors, the solvent fluid was volatized with heating coils, circulated through the motors, condensed with cooling coils, reconditioned through the distillation unit, and recirculated through the system. Each degreaser unit was set inside a concrete pit and was equipped with a sump pump to recover solvent during operations.

The draft RI was submitted in the second quarter of 2008.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Remedial action is expected to include: ERH, filtration, liquid-phase carbon adsorption, thermal oxidation, and sewer discharge. This treatment is designed to treat contaminated soil as well as DNAPL source material in the saturated zone and groundwater. This remedy would be protective of human health and would prevent future sourcing to groundwater in accordance with the remedial action objectives.

Site Name: CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 4

Alias: OFFSITE



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199510	199609
RFI/CMS	200501	201501
IRA	200909	201111

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

The degreaser at RSA-097 is located on the northwest wing of former Building 7726. Non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) (mainly TCE) was also detected in subsurface soils at RSA-097. The underlying groundwater also contains perchlorate. RSA-089, a temporary storage area (TSA) waste pad, consists of an asphalt pad (200 sf) which was used to store drummed wastes of propellants and solvents (and is now included with this site). This site now encompasses the entire production area of Building 7726, associated walkways and drains, and PSA site 146-PS-02A-11 that was identified in the RSA-146 PSA effort. In the PP the groundwater will be addressed under RSA-146.

Post-characterization and scoping materials were submitted to the USEPA and the ADEM in October 2006. There are two areas of soil contamination at levels that are impacting groundwater. One area has TCE and perchlorate and one area has just perchlorate.

An RSA Project for a propulsion systems research facility, Phase I, is planned over the entire area.

Sites RSA-094, RSA-095, RSA-096, RSA-097, and RSA-098 were solvent degreasing operations including stills used for distillation and recovery of solvent from vapor degreasers in the former Thiokol plants. The degreasing agent most commonly used at these units was TCE. During vapor degreasing for the rocket motors, the solvent fluid was volatized with heating coils, circulated through the motors, condensed with cooling coils, reconditioned through the distillation unit, and recirculated through the system. Each degreaser unit was set inside a concrete pit and was equipped with a sump pump to recover solvent during operations.

A draft final RI report was submitted in February 2008.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Army only NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI was completed in November 2012 recommending NFA. ADEM concurred with the NFA recommendation on January 11, 2013.

Site Name: FORMER CHEMICAL MUNITIONS STAGING AREA

Alias: DEMIL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Pesticides,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Other (Surface and

Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198811	198909
RFI/CMS	199510	201407
DES	200906	201507
CMI(C)	200906	201510
LTM	201510	204510

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201510

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-109 is an inactive 10-acre area used as a staging area in support of mustard gas production during the early-1940s and as a demolition dump for the disposal of materials from the chemical manufacturing plants in the late-1940s. Rubble, bricks, and ceramic charcoal columns remain in soil piles at the site. The piles are in two separate areas; one in the northwest portion of the site and the other in the southeast portion of the site. Access restrictions to the site apply based on association with TA-1. Concentrations of SVOCs, pesticides and metals (lead) were detected in soil with VOCs and metals in groundwater exceeding action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0001 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding is necessary to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. Following the RFI, a DES, CMI (C), CMI (O), and LTM with LUCs (unrestricted for industrial use, restricted for residential use) will be required to address metals (arsenic and lead) contaminated soils as well as five-year reviews.

Site Name: FORMER DEMILITARIZATION & DISPOSAL SITE

Alias: DEMIL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Munitions and

explosives of concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Other (Surface and Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	199009
CS	199510	199609
RFI/CMS	200906	202109
IRA	201103	201809
LTM	202509	205509

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 202109

SITE DESCRIPTION

Suspected Former Demil/Disposal, Area W. RSA 112 was used for demilitarization and disposal of chemical and conventional ordnance and consists of surface burn areas, one possible burn trench, and possible disposal trenches. The surface is littered with MEC and debris.

The site is located in the 100-year floodplain of the Huntsville Spring Branch, is primarily wooded, and surrounded by wetlands. Three perennial surface water streams transect RSA 112, all of which originate within the residential and industrialized areas of Huntsville, upstream of RSA.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The ADEM issued the RCRA Hazardous Waste Facility Permit #AL7 210 020 742, on Sept. 30, 2010 to the Army. This RCRA Permit governs the storage, treatment, and disposal of hazardous waste, as well as corrective measures for multiple SWMUs and AOCs in accordance with RCRA. Part VI of the RCRA Permit requires that IM and/or source removal be completed at this suspect CWM site.

A Phase 1 and 2 IRA, RFI, and LTM are expected.

Site Name: INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCHES & BURN PITS

Alias: DEMIL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Explosives, Metals, Munitions and explosives of concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Other (Surface and Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199310	199509
RFI/CMS	200509	202201
IRA	201103	201901
LTM	202401	205401

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 202201

SITE DESCRIPTION

Inactive Disposal Trenches/Burn Pits. The site consists of two inactive disposal trenches, each about 20 feet wide and 300 feet long, and a fuze disposal area. Metal debris (for example, decomposed drums, a rail cart, structural steel) is visible in sections of the uncovered areas of the trenches. Ordnance is scattered on the surface throughout the site, in addition to MEC present on the surface. Metals, explosives, and CWM breakdown products were detected in soils.

The ground surface is overgrown with vegetation, including brush, briars, and small trees. The site is fenced.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The ADEM issued the RCRA Hazardous Waste Facility Permit #AL7 210 020 742, on Sept. 30, 2010 to the Army. This RCRA Permit governs the storage, treatment, and disposal of hazardous waste, as well as corrective measures for multiple SWMUs and AOCs in accordance with RCRA. Part VI of the RCRA Permit requires that IM and/or source removal be completed at this suspect CWM site.

A Phase 1 and 2 IRA, RFI, and LTM are expected.

Site Name: INACTIVE MADKIN MOUNTAIN ROCK QUARRY

Alias: DEMIL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions

(CWM)/Chemical agent, Metals

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	198909
CS	198910	199609
RFI/CMS	200906	202102
IRA	201103	201902
LTM	202502	205502

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 202102

SITE DESCRIPTION

Inactive Madkin Mt Rock Quarry. The site consists of an abandoned, rectangular-shaped, water-filled limestone rock quarry (approximately four acres) and approximately three acres of the surrounding area. After the quarry was closed during the mid-1940s, tons of surplus materials (for example, soldier gas mask canisters, mustard chemical production plant filters) were disposed of in the quarry. Large quantities of debris are currently visible above the water surface with the largest concentration being encompassed in two large piles on the southern side of the quarry. These two piles consist of gas mask canisters and large industrial charcoal canisters. Underwater investigations have indicated the presence of intact, agent configured drums and 4.2 inch mortar rounds.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The ADEM issued the RCRA Hazardous Waste Facility Permit #AL7 210 020 742, on Sept. 30, 2010 to the Army. This RCRA Permit governs the storage, treatment, and disposal of hazardous waste, as well as corrective measures for multiple SWMUs and AOCs in accordance with RCRA. Part VI of the RCRA Permit requires that IM and/or source removal be completed at this suspect CWM site.

A Phase 1 and 2 IRA, RFI, and LTM are expected.

Site ID: RSA-115 Site Name: INACTIVE EAST SIDE BLOWDOWN LAGOON

Alias: None



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199109
RFI/CMS	201205	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Inactive East Side Blowdown Lagoon (RSA-115) is located in the southern portion of the arsenal, south of Buxton and Pershing Roads, on the eastern side of Test Area 5 (an operational range). This area was a rocket motor test stand and blowdown lagoon and is about 7,500 sf. The site had an unlined holding basin that contained discharged cooling water during test firings of rocket motors from the adjacent Attitude Test Stand 8887. The wastewater was held in the lagoon until it evaporated and/or percolated through the soil. The cooling water mixed with the rocket motor exhaust containing unsymmetrical dimethyl hydrazine as the primary active fuel ingredient and red fuming nitric acid as the primary oxidant. The lagoon has an earthen berm and is surrounded by small pine trees. The lagoon was last used during horizontal test firing at the test stand during the 1960s. The site was first investigated in 2006 as part of the Potential Source Area investigation for the RSA-156 groundwater site. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued September 30, 2010 pursuant to the Alabama Hazardous Waste Management and Minimization Act. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA Task Order (TO) 0004 acquisition.

Site Name: FORMER LIQUID CAUSTIC MFG. PLANT SITE

Alias: DDT

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Polychlorinated Biphenyls

(PCB)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	198909
CS	198910	199009
RFI/CMS	200906	201401
DES	200906	201410
CMI(C)	200906	201507
CMI(O)	200906	201606

RIP Date: 201507 **RC Date:** 201606

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-117 consists of the following nine surface sites and the underlying groundwater unit (RSA-147), which contains concentrations of VOCs characteristic of phase-separated product: Former Liquid Caustic Manufacturing Plant (RSA-117, original); Former Chlorine Manufacturing Plant; Former Brine Processing Plant; Former GAF Discharge (RSA-104); Former Ammonia Lagoon (RSA-118); Former DDT Manufacturing Plant/Thionyl Chloride Plant (RSA-102); Former DDT Settling Pond (RSA-103); Old and New DDT Drainage Ditches (RSA-105); and the New DDT Drainage Ditch Check Dams (RSA-106).

Operations within the RSA-117 site boundary include conveyance of wastewater containing DDT, metals, chlorinated organics, oils, ammonia, acids, caustics, and possibly PCBs through ditches and sewers from various manufacturing facilities; manufacturing of chlorine, caustic, and hydrogen from salt utilizing asbestos-diaphragm-cell technology. The potential exists at RSA-117 for several release points, including the brine processing area, cell building, including rectifier (mercury-arc) room and transformers, liquefaction area, caustic evaporator area, other PCB-containing electrical equipment, buried sewer or the inlet/outlet ditches and lagoon for discharges of wastewater from the GAF facility, chlor-alkali plant and drainage ditches that conveyed DDT wastewater from the Olin Chemical DDT Plant. Site-related contaminants identified from previous investigations include PCBs in the surface and subsurface soils at the Former Liquid Caustic Manufacturing Plant; pesticides in the surface water, soil, and sediments in the DDT ditches; chlorobenzene in the groundwater south of the DDT Manufacturing Areas and the Former Liquid Caustic Manufacturing Plant; TCE in the groundwater at RSA-104; and mercury in the soils at the Former Brine Processing Plants.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. RSA-102, RSA-103, and RSA-106 are listed as sites requiring NFA in Table VI.3 of the RCRA permit 2010.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Tasks for this site include completing an RFI, CMS, DES, CMI (C), CMI (O), and LTM to be consistent with future land uses. RFI work is needed to further delineate the nature and extent of contamination at several of the former site process areas. The CMS will likely recommend remedial action at several of the process areas. A statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy, which is likely to be selective removal actions and LUCs (unrestricted for industrial use, restricted for residential use) based on the hazards associated with the identified compounds. LTM is also anticipated of for groundwater.

Site Name: DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG. PLANTS SITE

Alias: HA2



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: HIGH

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	198909
CS	198910	199309
RFI/CMS	200301	200909
DES	201009	201107
CMI(C)	200509	201109
CMI(O)	200509	201308
LTM	201310	204310

RIP Date: 201109 **RC Date:** 201308

SITE DESCRIPTION

The site of approximately 51 acres is located in the east central part of RSA, north of Viper Road and west of Meteorology Road. RSA-122 was the site of lewisite manufacturing (Plant No. 2) during the mid-1940s. This area consisted of four production lines. Lines 3 and 4 were active while lines 5 and 6 were never operational for the production of lewisite; however, the Line 5 area was used for decontamination of the one-ton containers used for lewisite storage and transportation. The area also includes an arsenic trichloride manufacturing plant whose waste was discharged to RSA-139. Subsequent development has partitioned the site. It is an active area with testing, measurement, and diagnostic equipment (Bldg 5435) and other operations. Disposal lagoons associated with this manufacturing area are identified as RSA-056, RSA-057, and RSA-139. Lines 3 and 4 discharged to RSA-056. Lines 5 and 6 were constructed to discharge to RSA-057. Mercury and arsenic contamination have been found in surface and subsurface soils as well as sediments. In the 2004 supplemental RI, CVAA was detected in subsurface soils at the waste collection pit. This is a highly industrialized area on the arsenal. This site also includes drainage for the entire area south across Mills Rd. ultimately to Huntsville Spring Branch. Site related contaminants have been detected in springs in a tributary that feeds into Huntsville Spring Branch. The springs's contamination will be addressed under RSA-147. The final RI report was produced in August 2007. The ROD was signed in September 2009. The final RAWP was initially submitted in July 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010. Revisions to the CMIP/RAWP were submitted in January 2011, July 2011, January 2012 and June 2012 to address the ADEM's comments.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A PBC is in place that includes the CTC for remedy-in-place, followed by five years of LUC monitoring and one five-year review during CMI(O). The ROD for the site specified hot spot removals, treatment, and disposal for soils. Sediment monitoring is also specified. LUCs and LTM will be necessary for the soils left in place. Surface and subsurface soil is currently being remediated under the PBC. Surface soil was initially remediated in 2010 based on the remedial goals presented in the 2009 ROD. CMI(C) is anticipated in FY13. PBC funding will expire in FY13.

The post-PBA costs and actions during the LTM phase are documented under this site. Administration of LUCs will be required for 30 years. Six post-PBA five-year reviews are scheduled during the LTM phase.

Site ID: RSA-126 Site Name: INACTIVE OPEN BURN TRENCH

Alias: HA2



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199307	199609
RFI/CMS	200509	201312
IRA	200509	201312
LTM	201312	204312

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201312

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-126 is approximately seven acres located near the geographical center of the arsenal, southwest of the intersection of Martin and Patton Roads. This site consists of a trench previously used for open burning. The trench is approximately 200 feet long by 20 feet wide based on surface geophysics previously conducted at the site. The trench is reportedly approximately two feet deep. No historical information is available regarding the types of materials burned or disposed in the trench. The 1996 RI report speculated that the construction methods and size of the trench at RSA-126 are similar to trenches at other RSA sites that were used for demolition/burning of demilitarized munitions and 55-gallon drums reportedly containing sulfurous sludge and possibly small quantities of mustard agent; however, other anecdotal evidence (e.g., close proximity of site to other historical RSA activities, apparent lack of ferrous metal in trench, lack of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in groundwater) suggests that chemical agent demilitarization activities and drum burial did not occur at RSA-126. A long, narrow mound of soil is located at the west end of the trench, which is presumably the soil excavated from the trench. The site was fenced in 2001. Metals were detected in the soil.

A draft RI investigation work plan was submitted in Sept. 2008. Test pits were completed in 2009 in the trenches and mound. Only native soil was found in the mound, and construction debris (concrete, bricks, wire, etc.) was found in the trench. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final Interim Corrective Measures Implementation Plan was submitted in April 2011 for proposed soil removal needed to achieve industrial reuse of the property. The Interim Corrective Measures Implementation Plan was revised in June 2012 and December 2012 to address the ADEM's comments.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable, but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A PBC awarded in FY05 addresses this site up to remedy in place; an interim corrective action to excavate and dispose of site soil is anticipated in FY13 with completion of the RSA-126 RFI report. Due to delays in regulatory reviews, CMI(C) is anticipated in FY13, with funding expiring in FY13. LTM is anticipated after the PBC concludes. Administration of LUCs will be required for 30 years. Six (6) post-PBA 5-year reviews are scheduled during the LTM phase.

Site Name: INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCH & BURN PIT

Alias: DEMIL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil, Surface

Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	198909
CS	198910	199009
RFI/CMS	200509	201309

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201309

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-134 consists of a disposal trench and open burning pit located east of Patton Road, south of Martin Road, and north of Creek Road. The site is located 100 feet from Creek Road in a marshy area. The trench is about 25 x 75 by 4 ft deep. It was reported to have been used as an open burning pit and/or a disposal trench. No primary records have been found that support this description. Current historical records do not enable definitive determination as to UXO/CWM status. Additional archive search activities should provide a final determination. The site is contaminated with metals in the groundwater, surface water and soils. Additional groundwater and soil sampling was conducted in 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A final RFI report was issued in August 2012 recommending NFA for surface media; site groundwater is to be addressed under RSA-145. Regulatory concurrence of the Final RFI report was received in October 2012. The site achieved NFA in 2012.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The Final RCRA Facility Investigation Report was issued in August 2012 recommending NFA for surface media. ADEM accepted the NFA decision in October 2012.

Site ID: RSA-135H

Site Name: INACTIVE SUMP FOR 1.1 PROPELLANT WASTES

Alias: SP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

 Phases
 Start
 End

 RFA......198910......199009
 199009

 RFI/CMS......199510......201305

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201305

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located on the west side of Building 7593 in the former RARE - south plant. It is an inactive captive sump (no outlet) for containment of Department of Transportation (D.O.T.) 1.1 propellant (explosive) wastes. The building was constructed in 1959 for cleanup of propellant de- aeration in the manufacturing of rocket propellant. Site RSA-135H collected building wash down water. The concrete-lined sump is five ft by nine ft by six ft deep and is covered by a wooden lid. The sump was periodically cleaned out and contents disposed of at the OB/OD area on Redstone. In 2004, the site boundary was expanded to include the waste storage pad (Buildings 7593 and 7594). The site is now 2.2 acres.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Perchlorate was detected in several historic soil and groundwater samples. The groundwater plume map suggests the site historically was a source for perchlorate and TCE. Additional characterization of PSAs was needed.

Technical Approach

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.
- The RFI field investigation was conducted (January 2011) to further characterize perchlorate impacts and potential for sourcing to groundwater in compliance with the Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the remedy of NFA.
- Perform baseline human health risk assessment (BHHRA)/screening level ecological risk assessment (SLERA) to show there are no unacceptable human health or ecological risks.
- Demonstrate there is no sourcing threat to groundwater using borehole averaging and SPLP data as necessary.
- Demonstrate metals are at background levels using calculated background screening levels, geochemical analysis of background, and other weight-of-evidence considerations.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting the selection of NFA.

Site ID: RSA-138M

Site Name: INACTIVE TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA

Alias: NP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199610	200109
RFI/CMS	200701	201501
IRA	201102	201211

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is more accurately described as the ROP tetryl processing line. The RSA-146 PSA effort identified additional process related facilities in this area that are now included in this site. It encompasses Buildings 7721 (146-PS-02A-01), 7722 (original 138M), 7723 (146-PS-02A-07), 7724 (146-PS-02A-06), 7725 (146-PS-02A-08) and associated ramps and drains in the former RARE facility north plant. The expanded site boundary is now 8.8 acres. During the 1940s, this area was part of RSA ordnance plant burster Line No. 2 which produced tetryl-based explosives components. After 1950, the buildings were used for various activities, including paint spraying and rocket motor propellant operations using D.O.T. 1.3 and 1.1 class explosives.

Explosives, perchlorate, SVOCs, VOCs and metals have been found in the soil. The groundwater is contaminated with perchlorate and VOCs, primarily TCE.

In 2004 this site was expanded to include Buildings 7721, 7724, 7723, 7725 and 7722 and a TSA that supported the burster Line 2.

The RSA Project 51899, Propulsion Systems Research Facility, Phase I, is planned over the entire area.

An RI report was submitted in FY08. An FS, a PP, and a ROD are planned under the FY09 PBA. Groundwater will be addressed under RSA-146.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to delineate and excavate the extent of TCE contaminated soil, and complete an IM closure report and RFI report recommending NFA. The permit modification for RSA-138m will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address groundwater contamination. No Post-PBA actions will be necessary.

The following tasks are expected:

(1)Perform soil excavation with a volume of 36 ft x 48 ft x 16 ft, (2)dispose of soil as nonhazardous waste, (3)Collect 20 confirmation samples analyzed for VOCs and perchlorate, (4) prepare IM closure report recommending NFA.

Site Name: CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-NORTH

Alias: HA2

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198810	198909
CS	198910	199309
RFI/CMS	200509	200909
CMI(C)	200509	200909
CMI(O)	200909	201308
LTM	201308	204308

RIP Date: 200909 **RC Date:** 201308

SITE DESCRIPTION

The RSA-139 site is approximately 0.5 acres located in the east-central part of the arsenal, north of Viper Road, west of Meteorology Road, and east of Calibration Road. It was an open, unlined surface impoundment that received waste discharge from arsenic trichloride manufacturing (included in RSA-122) facilities in the early-1940s. The site was capped with compacted clay and fenced in 1995. The soil/sediment contains high levels of metals, mainly arsenic. A combined ROD for RSA-056, RSA-122, and RSA-139 has been signed under the FY05 PBA contract. The ROD was signed in September 2009. The final Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP) was initially submitted in July 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30,2010. Revisions to the CMIP/RAWP were submitted in January 2011, July 2011, January 2012 and June 2012 to address the ADEM's comments.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The PBC at Redstone site in AEDB-R includes the costs for remedy-in-place. An FS, PP and ROD for RSA-056 combined with RSA-122 and RSA-139 were completed in September 2009 under the FY05 PBC contract. Regulatory delays resulted in anticipated RIP date of FY13 with funding expiring in FY13. LTM after the FY13 PBC will consist of continued LUCs, cap maintenance, and six (6) 5-year reviews.

Site ID: RSA-140 Site Name: INACTIVE DISPOSAL AREA

Alias: DA



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199110	199209
CS	199210	199309
RFI/CMS	200906	201403
DES	200906	201510
CMI(C)	200906	201608

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201608

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-140 is an inactive disposal area located in the southeast corner of RSA, north of Buxton Road. The site covers slightly over two acres within the RSA-146 groundwater site. It is located within the boundary of RSA-046, which is an active laser test range. Site access is posted as restricted and it is not manually controlled except for its location within the locked and gated portion of the test range. The site contains three debris piles that were covered with site soils after the RFI test trenching activities were completed in 2011. Additional minor debris is buried at shallow depth east of the access road but is not visible at the surface. Historical records do not exist that document the purpose of the inactive disposal area. The debris piles at RSA-140 were discovered in 1991 during construction of a gravel access road across the laser test range facility. At the time, the debris was believed to have been from a former Defense Reutilization Marketing Office disposal area in the late-1960s and early-1970s. Results of the 2011 RFI sampling conducted to characterize the debris piles, near-surface anomalies, and area where debris is located below the ground surface indicate that the disposal features contain PAHs, pesticides, PCBs, and metals concentrations in soils that could pose a risk to receptors. Soil samples collected from below the disposal features indicate that in most cases, the contamination does not extend into the underlying soils. The exception is the DP3 area, where subsurface soils contain PAH concentrations at levels above screening value. Metals concentrations in the soil samples collected below the disposal features do not indicate a defined release or source is present. The data indicate that the metals concentrations are indicative of naturally occurring background levels and not associated with the debris or past site activities.

The January 2012 groundwater sample collected from the overburden monitoring well installed in Debris Pile No. 3 (DP3) was the highest recorded TCE concentration (26.2 µg/L) from the site, including historic sample result data; however, recent groundwater data collected in March 2012 from RSA-219 located to the north of RSA-140 indicated TCE groundwater concentrations of 62.4 and 42.8 µg/L in two separate wells. Groundwater impacts from TCE appear to be associated with off-site sources or historic releases in the area, since TCE was not detected in the soil samples collected from this RFI or previous site investigations conducted within the site boundary. Additional groundwater data will be required to define the TCE groundwater contamination from existing wells on-site and the surrounding area, including the interface and bedrock wells at RSA-140 that have had historic TCE detections. This also includes evaluating groundwater conditions from adjacent sites RSA-219 and RSA-220. Based on static water levels collected in January 2012, the inferred hydraulic gradient is to the southwest; however, the static water level collected from well 219-RS1549, located north of RSA-140, indicates a localized groundwater depression exists there or a localized groundwater mound exists at RSA-140. Sufficient groundwater level data to define the physical groundwater conditions, i.e. vertical and horizontal groundwater gradients, do not exist. Although the groundwater directly under DP3 is not impacted by PAHs, there are PAH impacts in groundwater downgradient of DP3 at monitoring well 140-RS431. Soil samples collected in the screened interval of the soil boring drilled for well 140-RS1866 installed to define the vertical extent of PAHs at DP3 exhibited PAH concentrations greater than PSVs.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Site Name: INACTIVE DISPOSAL AREA

Alias: DA

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional soil and groundwater sampling is required to delineate the nature and extent of PAH, pesticide, and PCB contamination beyond the debris piles boundary. Complete the RFI, CMS, DES, CMI (C), CMI (O), and LTM to be consistent with future land uses. The RFI is expected to determine soils are no longer a source for contaminant migration to groundwater. The CMS will likely specify excavation with confirmation sampling and off-site nonhazardous waste disposal of approximately 1,400 cubic yards of soil with PAH, pesticide, and PCB concentrations equal to a 1 x 10-5 residential cleanup goal for soil depths varying from 1 to 5 feet bgs. This will remove near surface contact exposure and also eliminate potential surface run-off routes to the nearby surface water body. The CMS will likely specify addressing any demonstrated groundwater impacts under the RSA-146 groundwater effort. The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy.

Site Name: CHLORINATED-SOLVENT SPILL AREA

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199110	199209
CS	199210	199509
RFI/CMS	200606	201107
DES	200906	201312
CMI(C)	200906	201405
CMI(O)	200906	201503

RIP Date: 201405 **RC Date:** 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site initially included vapor degreasing operations in former Building 7664. Additional buildings now included in the site are 7663 (146-PS-03A-14), 7676 (146-PS-03A-12), 7683 (146-PS-03EE), 7665 (146-PS-03A-08) and other associated facilities in the area. This area now includes a portion of the original ROP buster Line 1. Subsequent Thiokol operations involved case prep, solid rocket motor loading and cleanup operations.

The degreaser unit at this site was a vapor degreaser with a distillation unit similar to the degreaser/distillation units at RSA-094 through RSA-098. In 1989 a valve malfunction on the solvent reclamation still of the degreaser resulted in a reported spill of 30 gallons of TCE to a nearby ditch. Prior to connection to the sewer line, trench drains along the building feature discharged to the ditch and drained east toward the wetlands across East Line Rd. Data indicates significant releases of TCE and perchlorate to soil and groundwater. The degreaser building was removed in the late-1990s.

The RI work began early in the 1990s. There are significant levels of TCE and perchlorate in the soil.

In 2004, the site boundary was expanded to 9.2 acres. In 2006, the site boundary was adjusted to 8.7 acres.

The final RI report was produced in the first quarter of 2008.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Remedial action is expected to include: electrical resistive heating (ERH), filtration, liquid-phase carbon adsorption, thermal oxidation, and sewer discharge. This treatment is designed to treat contaminated soil as well as DNAPL source material in the saturated zone and groundwater. This remedy would be protective of human health and would prevent future sourcing to groundwater in accordance with the remedial action objectives.

Site Name: UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE

Alias: Bldg 3240



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
ISC	199310	199409
INV	199410	199609
CAP	199610	200405
IMP(C)	200405	200409
IMP(O)	200409	201503

RIP Date: 200409 **RC Date**: 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-143 includes areas around Building 3240 and Building 3234. The Building 3240 area has been under investigation since 1993 and has a groundwater treatment system installed that is currently operating. Investigations at Building 3234 are currently ongoing.

RSA-143 is located at the intersection of Goss Road and Vincent Drive at Building 3240; CCSWMU-143 was a former Branch Exchange Service Station. Operations at Building 3240 included the use of three gasoline USTs from 1967 to 1995. Petroleum contamination was discovered near Building 3240 in 1993 during a geotechnical investigation being conducted for the new Base Exchange buildings. A Preliminary Site Contaminant Assessment was performed in 1993, which confirmed the presence of soil and groundwater contamination. In 1996, the three gasoline Underground Storage Tanks (USTs) at Building 3240 and a waste oil tank located southeast of Building 3240 were closed and removed as part of a CERCLA action.

The installation convenience store (Building 3234) is located west of the existing site boundary but is considered part of RSA-143. The convenience store currently operates three 12,000-gallon gasoline USTs which are located to the northwest of Building 3234. CERCLA investigation results suggested that releases occurred from the active USTs at 3234 and the releases were mixing with releases from CCSWMU-143. While the initial investigations at CCSWMU-143 were conducted under the CERCLA program, in 2002, the USEPA deferred future characterization and cleanup activities to the ADEM UST program. The ADEM accepted CCSWMU-143 into the UST program in 2002. Corrective measures for the contamination associated with Building 3240 were implemented under the CERCLA program in August of 2004, but now are regulated under RSA's RCRA permit. This site is currently listed on the RSA RCRA permit as a SWMU which requires the completion of an RFI.

Completion of an ARBCA evaluation for Building 3234 was funded under Task Order 2 of the RSA PMC contract. Upon completion of the ARBCA evaluation, corrective action measures will be required to achieve compliance at the site boundaries. The limited corrective action funded in 2010 under the RSA PMC contract consisted of injecting oxidizer into the groundwater to enhance remediation of contaminants in the groundwater. Additional phases or injections will be required to achieve site closure.

Update: Preliminary investigations at RSA-143, Bldg. 3234 conducted under the PBA indicate that both soil and groundwater contamination are present at this Building, which is from a separate source from the contamination associated with Building 3240, but is considered part of SWMU RSA-143. Building 3234 only stores unleaded gasoline, and does not handle waste oil. Therefore, SVOCs were not released at this location.

Ongoing monitoring at RSA-143, Bldg. 3240 indicates that the existing treatment system is ineffective and needs major enhancements or upgrades to achieve groundwater standards mandated by the ADEM at the property boundary.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

Site ID: RSA-143 Site Name: UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE

Alias: Bldg 3240

- For the Building 3234 area of RSA-143, the release of gasoline has resulted in a need for evaluation and action at this area of the site.
- For the Building 3240 area of the site, a CAP has been implemented.

Technical Approach

For Building 3224 Area

- Complete a work plan, field investigation and ARBCA report including calculation of site-specific threshold levels.
- Complete a CAP including supplemental data needed for this plan.
- Implement the corrective action.
- Prepare a letter report that documents the corrective action has been implemented.
- Perform quarterly effectiveness monitoring for the corrective action.

For Building 3240 Area

- Continue operation and maintenance of dual phase extraction system.
- Perform quarterly effectiveness monitoring for the corrective action.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-01

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199001	199102
CS	199406	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201501
IRA	200709	201404

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

This groundwater site includes the following active surface sites: RSA-005, 045, 047, 058, 112, 113, 134, 143, 228, 230, 231, 233 and 234. Current data indicates that off-post sources may contribute to RSA-145 groundwater and surface water contamination. Groundwater contaminants surface through multiple springs, resulting in surface water contamination. TCE has been found to stay consistent at low levels along creeks as they flow through the arsenal. There are both losing and gaining reaches of stream segments. Based on these findings, the use of an IOU (Integrator OU) and perimeter well network will be required to evaluate the cumulative effects of these inputs. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept.30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis permit modification, CMI(C), and closure report for the groundwater site. The RSA-145 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-145 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-145 groundwater contamination. In FY08, an upgradient perimeter well network was installed. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 Phase I RFI field investigation, and are planned for the 2013 Phase II investigation.

A pilot study is planned during the CMS phase to investigate the effectiveness of enhancement of biodegradation. It is assumed that the CMS will recommend limited treatment of groundwater using enhanced biodegradation, natural attenuation and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater.

It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator operable units will be an integral part of the final remedy. It is anticipated that two small areas (approximately 1,200 sf) will warrant groundwater treatment using active bio- enhancement, but the primary groundwater corrective action will be monitored natural attenuation and LUCs only. Groundwater monitoring, five-year reviews, and LUCs are planned during both the CMI(O) and LTM phases.

Due to a lack of supporting documentation in accordance with new guidance, the costs for post RIP activities cannot be estimated at this time.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: HIGH

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199009	199102
CS	199406	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201403
DES	.200906	201412
IRA	200708	200709
CMI(C)	200906	201510

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201510

SITE DESCRIPTION

This groundwater site includes the following active surface sites: RSA-011, 064, 083, 087, 088, 094, 095, 096, 097, 135H, 138M, 140, 142, 144, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221-R-01, 237, 239, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 281, A, and C. RSA-146 is the source of off-post groundwater and surface water contamination. TCE and perchlorate have been found in the groundwater and surface water. Several DNAPL sources are present. Contamination from the source areas is commingled and widespread. The drinking water for this area comes from the Tennessee River.

In 1997, a pump-and-treat system (P&T) was installed at RSA-142. In 2000, a P&T system was installed for RSA-095/096. Operations of both systems ceased in August 2003 due to perchlorate in the effluent and cost-effectiveness in treating the TCE. After the system was shut down, off-site plume sampling indicated that the plume concentrations remained stable. The Phase I RI was submitted to the USEPA and the ADEM in July 2005. Comments were received in FY07, and the final Phase I RI was submitted in April 2008. A Phase II RI field investigation was initiated during 2009. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30,2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Supplemental Phase II RI field investigation was performed during 2011. Indoor air vapor intrusion was evaluated as part of the RFI and do not appear to be a concern.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis permit modification, CMI(C), and closure report for the groundwater site. A final phase of RFI field investigation activities has been performed to fill data gaps from the Phase II investigation The RSA-146 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-146 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-146 groundwater contamination. Source remediation at 11 DNAPL "hot spots" located within surface sites RSA-095, RSA-096, RSA-142, and RSA-195 will be completed using ERH as part of surface site CMI activities.

Two pilot studies are planned during the RSA-146 CMS phase to evaluate the effectiveness of enhancement of biodegradation in both the overburden and bedrock aquifer zones. It is assumed that the CMS will recommend enhanced biodegradation, followed by MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on remediation of significant DNAPL sources by the surface sites, and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. In situ enhanced bioremediation (ISEB) will follow ERH at each location. Following successful remediation of all 11 DNAPL hot spots, MNA will be performed. In addition, groundwater beneath 13 sites with contamination that does not warrant thermal treatment will be treated with ISEB, followed by MNA. Those sites are RSA-083,-087,-088,-097,-188,-192,-194,-198,-199,-200,-204,-206,-209.

Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator operable units will be an integral part of the final remedy once the CMI(C) has been completed and the surface sites

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02

Alias: GW

potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed.

Post PBA (post-RIP): It is likely that groundwater monitoring, surface water, sediment, five-year reviews, and LUCs will be required following the CMI phase; however, due to lack of supporting documentation in accordance with new guidance, the costs for post-RIP activities cannot be estimated at this time.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-03

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199006	199102
CS	199407	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201503
IRA	200709	201405

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

This groundwater site includes the following active surface sites: RSA- 054/055, 056, 057, 059, 117, 122, 126, 139, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 238, and 279-R-01.

The contaminants in this groundwater site consist primarily of metals and TCE. There may be unknown sources of the contamination, since the known sources do not include all the contaminants in the groundwater. Groundwater contaminants surface through multiple springs, resulting in surface water contamination. Several springs discharge chlorinated solvent contamination to Huntsville Spring Branch. Based on an evaluation of the groundwater data within RSA-147 during 2007, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that sufficient data are currently available to prepare an RI Report without collecting any new groundwater data. At a November 2009 RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM, the regulators approved the Army's recommendation, and the draft RI Report was submitted in May 2010. In regulatory comments on the draft RI report received in October 2010 and subsequent meetings, the ADEM and the USEPA indicated that additional groundwater data are required to complete the investigation. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. RFI fieldwork was initiated during 2011.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis and permit modification for the groundwater site. The RSA-147 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-147 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-147 groundwater contamination. It is assumed that the CMS will recommend source remediation, followed by MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on remediation of the significant ongoing source of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) in the vicinity of surface site RSA-117 indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. The CMS will recommend ERH at the DNAPL "hot spot" located near surface site RSA-117, followed by in situ enhanced bioremediation (ISEB) in this same area of the plume, followed by MNA for the entire plume. The groundwater plume at RSA-183 also warrants ISEB to accelerate the MNA process. The size of these treatment areas are not known at this time.

CMI(O)/LTM will likely consist of monitoring of the existing well network and integrator operable units. LUC monitoring and enforcement and five-year reviews is also planned. Abandonment of some monitoring wells is likely after monitoring concludes; however, due to a lack of supporting documentation in accordance with new guidance, the costs for post RIP activities cannot be estimated at this time.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-04

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199006	199102
CS	199407	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201503
IRA	200709	201503

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

This groundwater site includes the following active surface sites: MSFC-035, RSA-049, 053, 060, 061, 114, 148, 183, 249, 250, and 252. This groundwater site drains to Huntsville Spring Branch, within the boundaries of the Wheeler National Wildlife Refuge. The primary contaminants of concern are chlorinated solvents and DDT. Two plumes of chlorinated solvents in this groundwater site are comingled with plumes from NASA's Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC). Several springs discharge elevated concentrations of chlorinated solvent contamination into Huntsville Spring Branch. This site is likely to be significantly impacted by contamination originating at MSFC. Both MSFC and RSA have surface-media sites within RSA-148 that contribute to the commingled groundwater contamination. Based on an evaluation of the groundwater data within RSA-147 during 2007, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that sufficient data are currently available to prepare an RI Report without collecting any new groundwater data. At a November 2009 RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM, the regulators approved the Army's recommendation, and the draft RI Report was submitted in May 2010. In regulatory comments on the draft RI report received in October 2010 and subsequent meetings, the ADEM and the USEPA indicated that additional groundwater data are required to complete the investigation. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. RFI fieldwork was initiated during 2011. Estimate for RSA-148 includes the costs for global tasks such as evaluation and investigation of Integrator OUs, site access control, exit pathway wells, and indoor air quality evaluations.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, statement of basis, permit modification, CMI(C) and CMI closure report for the groundwater site. The RSA-148 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-148 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-148 groundwater contamination. The CMS will likely recommend DNAPL source area remediation be performed at RSA-053 and RSA-183, followed by MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. DNAPL source area remediation likely will involve thermal treatment followed by in situ enhanced bioremediation. MNA also may be insufficient to remediate the plume in the area of RSA-060, but only limited data is available at this time.

It is likely that CMI(O) monitoring of the existing well network and integrator operable units will be an integral part of the final remedy; however, due to lack of supporting documentation in accordance with new guidance, the costs for post RIP activities cannot be estimated at this time.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-05

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199006	199102
CS	199407	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201411
IRA	200709	201411

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201411

SITE DESCRIPTION

This groundwater site includes the following active surface sites: MSFC-3-R-01 MSFC -053 MSFC -077 RSA-052 RSA -063 RSA -109 RSA -141-R-01 RSA -141-R-01 occupies about nine square miles.

Several plumes, commingled with plumes from NASA activities, are located within this groundwater site. Due to karst geology, this groundwater moves to the springs discharging to Huntsville Spring Branch within Wheeler National Wildlife Refuge. This site is significantly impacted by contamination originating at NASA's Marshall Space Flight Center. The presence of a threatened small fish species (Alabama Darter) increases the ecological concern. Based on an evaluation of the groundwater data within RSA-149 during 2007, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that sufficient data are currently available to prepare an RI Report without collecting any new groundwater data. At a November 2009 RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM, the regulators approved the Army's recommendation, and the draft RI Report was submitted in May 2010. In regulatory comments on the draft RI report received

in October 2010 and subsequent meetings, the ADEM and the USEPA indicated that additional groundwater data are required to complete the investigation. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Because MSFC comprises a large portion of RSA-149, the Army's strategy includes incorporation of the finding of NASA's OU-3 RI, once approved by the ADEM and the USEPA, into the RFI for RSA-149 groundwater. Limited RFI fieldwork was initiated during 2011 to evaluate potential concerns not addressed by NASA's draft report. The PBA estimate for RSA-149 includes the costs for global tasks such as the evaluation and investigation of Integrator OUs, site access control, exit pathway wells, and indoor air quality evaluations.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, statement of basis and permit modification for the groundwater site. The RSA-149 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-149 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-149 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend DNAPL source area remediation be performed in the saturated zone below MSFC-034, followed by in situ enhanced bioremediation. For other plume areas at RSA-149 the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater.

It is likely that the CMI(O)/LTM phase will include monitoring of the existing well network and integrator operable units. However, due to lack of supporting documentation in accordance with new guidance, the costs for post RIP activities cannot be estimated at this time.

The costs for actions through permit modification completion are included in the PBA awarded in FY09, and are tracked separately

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-05

Alias: GW

under that site in AEDB-R.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT 06

Alias: GW

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200401	200406
CS	200410	200709
RFI/CMS	200906	201404
DES	200906	201502
IRA	200709	201306
CMI(C)	200906	201512
CMI(O)	200906	201612

RIP Date: 201512 **RC Date:** 201612

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-150 is a groundwater site located in the north-central and western portions of the installation. Active surface sites include: RSA-035, RSA-051, RSA-253, and RSA-284. Portions of Test Areas 3 and 6 are also located above this groundwater site. There is evidence of petroleum and solvent contaminants migrating to this site from off-post sources. Based on an evaluation of the existing groundwater data within RSA-150, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that additional field data be collected to fill data gaps necessary to prepare an RI Report for the site. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM was held on Feb. 19, 2010 and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted on April 9, 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specified the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated during 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is being completed in early 2013.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis and permit modification and LTM for the groundwater site. The RSA-150 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-150 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-150 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Site ID: RSA-151
Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-07

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199006	199102
CS	199407	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201410
DES	200906	201507
IRA	200709	201605
CMI(C)	200906	201605

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201605

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-151 includes RSA-013, RSA-014, and RSA-110 (which occupies about 1.5 square miles). Previous investigations identified a large chlorinated solvent/perchlorate plume. This site is located along the Tennessee River. RSA-151 is located on TVA property. Work continues to determine if any of the contamination is moving into the river, where it would have the potential to migrate downstream. Perchlorate has not been fully characterized, but has been found at high concentration in surface water and groundwater. The presence of archeological sites and the need for chemical agent screening in some areas will increase the investigation cost. There is an active range with this site. A pump-and-treat system was operated (to treat VOCs) in this area from 1997-99 and was shut down because of perchlorate in the system effluent water. The estimate for RSA-151 includes the costs for global tasks such as the evaluation and investigation of integrator OUs, site access control, exit pathway wells, and indoor air quality evaluations. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated in 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is being completed in early 2013.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis, permit modification, CMI(C), and closure report for the groundwater site. The RSA-151 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-151 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-151 groundwater contamination. A pilot study will be completed in the CMS phase to evaluate enhanced biodegradation in a high water table setting. It is likely that the CMS will recommend in situ enhanced bio (ISEB), MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. This is based on the lack of DNAPL-level sources of groundwater contamination, but areas with contamination that is too high for MNA alone indicated by available data. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. ADEM requires that additional wells be installed on the other side of the Tennessee River to determine if the river is a hydraulic boundary to groundwater flow or if contamination flows to the south beneath the river. Evaluate and implement short term action for perchlorate in surface water (embayment) by monitoring the Redstone Arsenal drinking water intake (funded in FY05).

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-08

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199006	199102
CS	199407	199709
RFI/CMS	199710	201408
DES	200906	201505
IRA	200709	201508
CMI(C)	200906	201508

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201508

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-152 is a groundwater site that includes the following surface media sites: RSA-032, 065, 066, 067, 068, 069/070 (about two square miles). The groundwater contains elevated levels of chlorinated solvents and breakdown products of mustard agent. This unit is located along the Tennessee River, where it has the potential to migrate. Very little characterization has been done in this groundwater site due to the amount of UXO on the surface/subsurface and the remote location on the arsenal. The latest version of the ADEM permit, issued in September 2010 requires interim removal of MEC and CWM from the surface media sites RSA-066 and RSA-068. Based on an evaluation of the existing groundwater data within RSA-152, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that additional field data be collected to fill data gaps necessary to prepare an RI Report. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM was held on Feb. 19, 2010 and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted on March 24, 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated in 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is taking place in early 2013.

The FY09 PBA includes the costs for global tasks such as the evaluation and investigation of integrator OUs, site access control, exit pathway wells, and indoor air quality evaluations.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis, permit modification, and CMI(C) for the groundwater site. The RSA-152 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-152 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-152 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend ISEB MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. This is based on the lack of DNAPL-level sources of groundwater contamination, but areas with contamination that is too high for MNA alone indicated by available data. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT 09

Alias: GW

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200401	.200406
CS	200410	.200709
RFI/CMS	200906	201401
DES	200906	.201410
IRA	200709	.201508
CMI(C)	200906	.201508
CMI(O)	200906	.201609

RIP Date: 201508 **RC Date:** 201609

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-153 is a groundwater site located on the western side of Redstone Arsenal. There is a Public Supply well with low levels of TCE (source expected to be off-post). Based on an evaluation of the existing groundwater data within RSA-153, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that additional field data be collected to fill data gaps necessary to prepare an RI Report. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM was held on Feb. 19, 2010 and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted on March 24, 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated in 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is being completed during early 2013.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis and permit modification for the groundwater site. The RSA-153 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-153 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-153 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Alias: GW

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT 10



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200401	200406
CS	200410	200709
RFI/CMS	200906	201407
DES	200906	201504
IRA	200709	201602
CMI(C)	200906	201602
CMI(O)	200906	201701

RIP Date: 201602 **RC Date:** 201701

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-154 is a groundwater site located in the southwestern part of Redstone Arsenal. Historical activities at this site include static test-fire activities. Includes surface sites RSA-258, RSA-261, RSA-262, RSA-263, and RSA-268. Based on an evaluation of the existing groundwater data within RSA-154, the Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that additional field data be collected to fill data gaps necessary to prepare an RI Report. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM was held on Feb. 12, 2010 and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted in March 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS.

The RFI fieldwork was initiated in February 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is being completed early in 2013.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis, permit modification, CMI(C), and Completion Report for the groundwater site. The RSA-154 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-154 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-154 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT 11

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200401	.200406
CS	200410	.200709
RFI/CMS	200906	.201407
DES	.200906	.201504
IRA	200709	.201602
CMI(C)	200906	.201602
CMI(O)	200906	.201703

RIP Date: 201602 **RC Date:** 201703

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-155 is a groundwater site located in the southwestern part of Redstone Arsenal bounding the Tennessee River. Historical activities at this site include static test-fire activities. Surface sites RSA-265 and RSA-288 are included. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM was held on Feb. 12, 2010 and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted on March 18, 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated in 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is being completed during early 2013.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis permit modification, CMI(C), and closure report for the groundwater site. The RSA-155 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-155 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-155 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. In FY08, an upgradient perimeter well network was installed. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-12

Alias: GW



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	199006	199102
CS	199407	199709
RFI/CMS	200510	201406
DES	200906	201503
IRA	200709	201601
CMI(C)	200906	201601

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201601

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-156 is a groundwater site that includes the RSA-116 surface-media site. This groundwater site is located along the Tennessee River in the southernmost portion of the arsenal. The Army recommended to the USEPA and the ADEM that additional field data be collected at the site to fill data gaps necessary to prepare an RI Report. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and ADEM was held on Feb. 19, 2010, and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted on March 24, 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated in 2011. Phase II RFI fieldwork is being completed during early 2013. Estimate for RSA-156 includes the costs for global tasks such as site access control.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis permit modification, CMI(C), and closure report for the groundwater site. The RSA-156 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-156 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-156 groundwater contamination. It is assumed that the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. In FY08, an upgradient perimeter well network was installed. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Site Name: GROUNDWATER UNIT 13

Alias: GW

Regulatory Driver: **RCRA**

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200401	200406
CS	200410	200801
RFI/CMS	200906	201406
DES	200906	201503
IRA	200709	201601
CMI(C)	200906	201601

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201601

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-157 is a groundwater site with three surface media sites: RSA-115, 266, and 289. This groundwater site is located along the Tennessee River in the southeastern portion of the arsenal. An RI scoping meeting with the USEPA and the ADEM was held on Feb. 19, 2010, and a draft RI Work Plan was submitted on March 24, 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. A draft-final version of the RFI work plan was submitted in January 2011. The work plan specifies the additional fieldwork required to obtain the supplemental data needed to complete the RFI and evaluate potential remedial measures in a subsequent CMS. The RFI fieldwork was initiated in 2011. Phase II sampling of existing wells is being completed during early 2013.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete the RFI/CMS, DES, statement of basis permit modification, CMI(C), and closure report for the groundwater site. The RSA-157 RFI/CMS will address groundwater and provide a summary of the actions being taken to address potential leaching of contaminants from the overlying surface sites. Accordingly, RFI/CMS investigation of surface-media sites will be coordinated with the RSA-157 investigation with respect to surface-media site contributions to RSA-157 groundwater contamination. It is likely that the CMS will recommend MNA and LUCs as the final remedy for the site, based on the lack of significant ongoing sources of groundwater contamination (DNAPL) indicated by available data and the protections provided by the existing interim ROD for installation-wide groundwater. In FY08, an upgradient perimeter well network was installed. Additional wells were installed during the 2011 RFI field investigation. It is anticipated that monitoring of the existing well network and integrator OUs will be an integral part of the final remedy once the RFI has been completed and any sites potentially contributing to groundwater contamination have been addressed. It is anticipated that no further active groundwater corrective action will be necessary beyond monitoring.

Site Name: FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY

Alias: HA1



Regulatory Driver: **RCRA**

RRSE: HIGH

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199010	199609
RFI/CMS	200301	200909
CMI(C)	200509	201306
CMI(O)	201002	201409
LTM	201409	204209

RIP Date: 201306 RC Date: 201409

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site was created to include the lewisite manufacturing Lines 1 and 2 with the exception of the capped arsenic waste lagoon (RSA-049). This site also includes the large drainage feature approximately 1.5 miles to the south that could have potentially received all drainage from both RSA-183 and RSA-049. RSA-183 is located south of Neal Road at the Toftoy Thruway intersection and covers approximately 140 acres. Portions of the area are presently used as a parking lot for a series of trailers and buildings including Bldg. 4381. The surface soils in the production areas are contaminated with arsenic and mercury. In the 2004 supplemental RI, CVAA was detected in subsurface soils at the waste collection pit and chlorinated solvents (carbon tetrachloride) was detected in the groundwater. The draft RI Report was submitted to the USEPA and the ADEM in June 2005. Additional sampling was conducted based on the review of that RI. The final RI report was produced in Sept 2007. The ROD was signed in September 2009. The final RAWP was initially submitted in July 2010. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010. Revised CMIPs RAWPs were submitted in August 2011, November 2011, May 2012 and November 2012 to address the ADEM's comments.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A PBC is in place to address this site from FS to RIP plus two years of GW monitoring and LUCs. PBC funding for this site expires in FY13. Surface and subsurface soil is currently being remediated under the PBC. Surface soil was initially remediated in 2010 based on the remedial goals presented in the 2009 ROD. Revision of the remedial goals based on ADEM¿s comments requires an additional 2,900 cubic yards of soil to be remediated. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding is necessary to complete the CMI(C) to meet the performance objective. Post-PBC LTM will include six five-year reviews and LUCs.

Site Name: NORTHERN THIOKOL MIXING FACILITY

Alias: NP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-187, the Northern Thiokol Propellant Mixing Facility, is an approximately four-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol North Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Buildings 7386 (Mixer Building No. 4) and 7387 (Mixing Building No. 5) were constructed in 1965 and used by Thiokol for propellant mixing. It is possible that solvents were used to clean propellant residues from equipment at these facilities, and releases may have resulted from overflow and spills. Each building has an associated sump and temporary storage area for the collection and storage of class-1.1 propellant and solvent wastes. Each building also had an associated equipment storage building. All buildings at the site have been demolished. A sanitary sewer line extending west from the site potentially received propellant and solvent waste discharge. Breaks along this line were observed during a 2003 video survey.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-187 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address commingled groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site Name: TETRYL AND IGNITER PROCESSING (ROP

Alias: OFFSITE



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 7651 was built by the Army in 1942, for use by ROP as a tetryl service magazine. It was used to receive, store, and open tetryl. After acquisition by Thiokol, it was used as a thermal stability oven from 1950 to 1975. From 1975 to 1995, it was used for storage. In 2004, perchlorate and TCE were detected in groundwater; metals in soil.

Building 7652 was built by the Army in 1942 and used for ROP operations to screen and blend tetryl. Screened tetryl was transferred to Building 7653 for pelleting. From acquisition by Thiokol around 1950 until the late-1960s, Building 7652 was an ammonium perchlorate grinding facility. Ammonium perchlorate was put into a mill for grinding to a fine powder. During the 1970s, it was a freeze dryer where HMX and triazacychlohexane (RDX) were stored. From 1980 to 1995, it was an oxidizer grinding facility. In 2004 perchlorate was detected in the soil and the groundwater.

Building 7653 was built by the Army in 1942 as a blended tetryl rest house for ROP Line 1. After acquisition by Thiokol in 1950, it was used to grind 4,4-methylene-bis[2-chloroaniline] (MBOCA), nitramine drying, and propellant curing. In 2004, perchlorate was detected in groundwater.

Building 7654 was built by the Army in 1942 to support ROP operations as a tetryl pelleting facility for Line 1. Each pelleting press was cleaned with acetone after each shift. After acquisition by Thiokol in 1950, it was used as a reaction laboratory until the late-1970s. Operations in this facility likely involved testing of propellants and other rocket motor additives. Thiokol documentation notes that freeze drying of ammonium perchlorate took place here during the 1950s. From the late-1970s to the early-1990s, it was a small rocket motor manufacturing facility. Degreasing, painting, curing, and small scale mixing and casting likely took place here. In 1996, a waste sump (RSA-135L) was found associated with this building. Numerous storage pads around Building 7654 were used to store class-1.1 propellant wastes. PCE discharge to the industrial sewer system occurred here. In 2004 TCE was detected in the groundwater.

Building 7655 was built by Thiokol in 1956. From 1956 to 1991 documentation lists it as a machine cleaning facility until the late 1970s. Thereafter, the listed use was for pyrogen igniter manufacturing. In 2004 TCE and perchlorate were detected in the groundwater.

Building 7662 was built by the Army in 1942 as a tetryl pellet rest house for Line 1. After acquisition by Thiokol in 1950, it was used as a curing oven and class-1.3 propellant mixer building. Curing consisted of exposing propellants developed in Building 7654 to extreme temperatures in ovens to harden. See RSA-187 for process description. Building 7662 was probably a small mixer facility (batches less than five gallons). Propellant was mixed and then poured into casting cans here. The greatest potential for contaminant release was related to the mixing process and pouring the mixture from the mixers to the casting cans. In 2004, perchlorate was detected in the soil.

Building 7660 was built by Thiokol in 1958 as a tool cleaning facility. Tool cleaning involved removing propellant wastes and grime from tools and equipment from the motor assembly lines mixing facilities and casting facilities. Tools were cleaned using brushes, pressure spraying, and solvent degreasing in vats. Documentation indicates that four methylene chloride storage tanks were located here. In 1996 two trichloroethane (TCA) drums were noted on racks outside the northeast corner. One of the vats contained about 10 to 20 gallons of TCA. In 2004 perchlorate was detected in the groundwater.

Site ID: RSA-192 Site Name: TETRYL AND IGNITER PROCESSING (ROP

Alias: OFFSITE

A propellant waste storage pad (RSA-138i) is north of the building. An east-west trending ditch to the south had very little vegetation, relatively speaking. A concrete pad was noted leading to the southwest and ending where equipment had been removed.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Metals and SVOCs exceed industrial preliminary remediation goals (PRG) and DAF4 SSLs in surface and subsurface soil. There were minor exceedances of screening criteria in soil for metals, VOCs, and SVOCs. Perchlorate slightly exceeds SSLs in subsurface soils, except one detection of 27 mg/kg. Several data gaps have been identified and groundwater plumes indicate this site was a historical source of TCE and perchlorate.

Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required. An RFI field investigation will be conducted, including collection of soil and groundwater samples and installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance.

An IM will be planned and implemented for removal of perchlorate contaminated soil and an RFI report completed documenting the remedy of NFA.

BHHRA/SLERA will be performed to show there are no unacceptable human health or ecological risks.

Using borehole averaging and SPLP data as necessary, it will be demonstrated that there is no sourcing threat to groundwater Using calculated background screening levels, geochemical analysis of background, and other weight-of-evidence considerations it will be demonstrated that metals are at background levels.

A permit modification application will be prepared following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: THIOKOL IGNITER PREPARATION FACILIT

Alias: NP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200309	.200406
CS	200406	.200906
RFI/CMS	200906	.201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 7621 was constructed by Thiokol in 1957 as an igniter preparation facility. Currently, little is known about igniter preparation activities but may have included wrapping wire, stripping insulation from wrapped wire pair, dipping wires in a conductive primer, and finishing the igniter by dipping them in a sealer. Igniter manufacturing activities included degreasing, painting, stenciling, cleaning, and propellant handling. This building remained an igniter preparation facility until 1995.

Three auxiliary buildings were used to support igniter preparation at Building 7621. Building 7622 (also built in 1957) was originally used as a boiler house. Sometime during the late-1970s to early-1980s this facility became a storage facility and remained as such until 1995. Because Building 7622 was used as a boiler house, USTs or ASTs are assumed to have been located at or near this facility. Documentation supports that in the mid-1990s, a tank excavation took place north of Building 7622. Reportedly, a 6,000-gallon No. 2 fuel oil tank and a 500-gallon propane tank were removed from the location. Buildings 7623 and 7624 were built in 1957 and were originally used as rest houses for igniter manufacturing operations. These buildings remained storage facilities until 1995.

A 30-inch diameter sump (RSA-135k) was located adjacent to the east site of the building. Building 7621 drainage lines reportedly flow to a leach field east of the building. This leach field area has been included in the site boundary for RSA-193. In 2004 explosives and metals were detected in the soils and perchlorate was detected in the groundwater.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

There were minor exceedances of screening criteria in soil for metals and SVOCs and several data gaps have been identified.

Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required. An RFI field investigation will be conducted including collection of soil and groundwater samples and installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance.

An RFI report will be completed documenting the remedy of NFA and BHHRA/SLERA performed to show there are no unacceptable human health or ecological risks.

Using borehole averaging and SPLP data as necessary, it will be demonstrated that there is no sourcing threat to groundwater Using calculated background screening levels, geochemical analysis of background, and other weight-of-evidence considerations it will be demonstrated that metals are at background levels.

A permit modification application will be prepared following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: PHYSICAL TEST LABORATORY & STORAGE

Alias: NP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200501
RFI/CMS	200909	201309
DES	201402	201408
CMI(C)	201408	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201508

SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 7636 and 7637 were constructed in 1956 by Thiokol for use as a physical test laboratory (7636) and vacuum pump building (7637). Building 7636 remained a physical test lab until decommission in 1996. As a vacuum pump building, Building 7637 served as a "wet collector" for propellant dust generated in Building 7636. Building 7637 became a storage facility in support of Building 7636 operations during the late-1970s and early-1980s. From the early-1980s until 1996, Building 7637 was used as a mechanical equipment storage facility. For only a brief time during 1996, ammonium perchlorate was sieved for grinding operations in this facility. Documentation suggests that operations at the physical test laboratory in Building 7636 may have included the following: degreasing, curing, motor or ingredient soaking, painting, and/or grinding. Three outbuildings (7637, 7638, and 7639) supported operations in Building 7636. Building 7638 was a second stage dry collection (filter system) location, but was also converted to a storage facility in the mid to late-1970s. Building 7639 is a small igloo that was used for storage of both propellants and explosives. During a visit in 1996, numerous bays were noted in the north end of Building 7636 with a laboratory and office facilities on the south end. Trench drains located outside of the building lead to a captive sump (RSA-137h) at the northwest corner of the building. Reportedly, the propellant testing bays were washed out and wastewater would flow to the sump. The sump would then be pumped out and wastewater disposed of regularly. Another large sump was formerly located near the northeast corner of Building 7637. The sump had once drained to a culvert, but was no longer intact. Approximately 120 quart-size boxes of propellant were located in Building 7639. Two storage pads were observed nearby to the east and southeast (one of which is designated as RSA-176). In 2004, perchlorate was detected in soil.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Prepare an RFI, CMS, statement of basis, and permit modification under the FY09 PBA contract. RFI fieldwork conducted in 2011 indicated perchlorate impacted soils of concentration greater than 1.7 mg/kg. Additional delineation of this area of soil will be necessary prior to RFI report preparation.

The CMS will likely recommend removal of perchlorate-impacted soils of concentration greater than 1.7 mg/kg associated with the storage pads. The statement of basis and permit modification will demonstrate that the selected remedy will remove source material to a level that any residual concentrations remaining will be shown by SPLP to not source to groundwater at concentrations greater than the USEPA's health advisory level (HAL) times the accepted RSA-basewide DAF for site closeout (RC).

Site Name: THIOKOL EQUIPMENT/TOOL CLEANING FAC

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Perchlorate, Volatiles

(VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200501
RFI/CMS	200909	201309
DES	201310	201407
CMI(C)	201310	201504

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201504

SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 7359 was constructed by Thiokol in 1967 to serve as a casting can, bowl, and equipment cleanout. Cleaning of the casting cans was completed by spraying a hot water-detergent-caustic solution into the cans at high pressures. Through this method, the propellant was washed from the can and trapped and collected in a filtering basket located over an explosive-type industrial containment basin. Reportedly, the collected propellant wastes were emptied daily. Degreasing operations were also performed; therefore, solvents were also used to clean at this facility. It is documented that two solvent storage tanks were located on-site, one 220-gallon tank and one 100-gallon tank. Two TSAs, RSA-85 (formerly CCSMWU-085) and RSA-86 (formerly of the RCRA Program), are located adjacent to Building 7359 and will be addressed under this site. These TSAs were identified in the 1991 RFI and added to the 1998 RCRA Permit as SWMUs. These TSAs were used to store 1.3 propellant wastes and solvent wastes collected during cleanup activities. Each TSA originally consisted of a concrete pad with no runoff controls. During the early-1990s, each TSA was converted to an enclosed building with containment sumps (RSA-138C and RSA-138D). A third TSA (RSA-138E) is located northwest of the building. All RSA-138C, D, and E (SWMUs identified in Permit) will be addressed under this site. Some of the highest concentrations of perchlorate were detected at RSA-85.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI report will be prepared compiling all available site data, followed by a CMS which will likely recommend removal of perchlorate impacted soils associated with the storage pads. The statement of basis and permit modification will demonstrate that the remedy selected will remove source material to a level that any residual concentrations remaining will be shown by SPLP to not source to groundwater at concentrations greater than the USEPA HAL times the accepted RSA-basewide DAF for site closeout (RC).

Site Name: THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #2

Alias: NP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-199, Propellant Mixing Facility #2, Building 7382, is an approximately 1.2-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol North Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Building 7382 was constructed by the Army in 1955 and used by Thiokol for propellant mixing. The building included a sump. The building has been demolished but the sump remains. Building 7382A was an underground control facility for remotely controlling mixing operations in Building 7382. No contaminant producing processes were known to have been conducted in this building, which remains at the site. Also on-site was a concrete waste storage pad (RSA-167).

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0006 acquisition.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, which will likely show that a removal action for perchlorate contaminated soil is necessary prior to releasing the site for unrestricted use. Post-PBA actions may be necessary, to include development of a DES Plan, implementation of the DES Plan, and documentation in the CMI closure report to attain RIP/RC.

Site Name: ROP LINE 5 AREA OPERATIONS FACILITY

Alias: OFFSITE



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200501
RFI/CMS	200701	200907
DES	201107	201307
CMI(C)	200912	201312
CMI(O)	200912	201501

RIP Date: 201312 **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Buildings 7601, 7603, and 7608 were constructed in 1943 as part of the ROP Line 5, which was originally used for 155mm shell loading and assembly. After being acquired for use by Thiokol in 1950, Buildings 7601 and 7603 were used as a service facility for pilot line research operations and propellant mixing, respectively. Raw materials used in support of mixing and developmental operations were stored in Building 7608. From 1962 to 1982, Building 7603 was used as a laboratory to develop more efficient methods of production of rocket motors and propellant manufacturing. Activities in this facility would have included small-scale grinding [HMX, RDX, and armor piercing (AP)], mixing, casting, cleaning, degreasing, curing, sand/grit blasting, painting, assembly, and testing. Buildings 7603 and 7608 were demolished in 2001.

Building 7610 was constructed in 1944. Buildings 7602 and 7610 were the burster service magazines at Line 5. After being acquired for use by Thiokol in the early-1950s, both buildings were used as curing ovens. Historical records indicate that until 1992 Building 7610 also was used for solvent storage.

Building 7619 was constructed in 1943 for use by ROP as a paint storage building. Following acquisition by Thiokol in 1950, it served as a shop building and gas station. Based on building use, paints, solvents, and fuel are assumed to have been stored at this facility. A historical engineering drawing for this building revealed the location of the former UST. The UST was removed in 1998.

Thiokol constructed Building 7616 between 1950 and 1954 for use as a maintenance services building. Miscellaneous carpentry and facilities activities were operated out of this facility. A can of PCB-containing ballasts was located in a room on the east side of the building. Miscellaneous electrical parts, shop equipment, 30-gallon drums of oil, and smaller containers of solvents were observed in a room on the east side of the building.

Building 7618 was built in 1958 and used by Thiokol in the 1960s and 1970s as a cleaning facility. It was most recently used to store janitorial supplies. Chemicals used included acetone, methylene chloride and various propellants and solvents.

The PSA effort for the Line 5 area indicated high levels of perchlorate in the soil and groundwater, in addition to TCE in groundwater only.

The draft RI was produced in 2008.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Three excavation areas are planned:

- A perchlorate area, assumed to be 100 ft. x 50 ft. x 18 ft.
- A TCE required removal area of 10 ft. x 10 ft. x 12 ft.

Site Name: ROP LINE 5 AREA OPERATIONS FACILITY

Alias: OFFSITE

- A PAH area of 267 cy removed to a depth of one ft. Nonhazardous waste disposal is assumed (3,644 cubic yards) to be transported 20 miles. LUCs are not anticipated.

Site ID: RSA-201 Site Name: THIOKOL RESEARCH LABORATORY

Alias: NP



Regulatory Driver: **RCRA**

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 7632 was constructed by Thiokol in 1955 for use as a chemistry laboratory. While a number of laboratory experiments were conducted in the facility, operations in this facility also included propellant mixing and curing.

During a site visit, numerous pipe stubs were observed in the lab that were of unknown purpose. It appeared that a boiler was previously located in the basement which would suggest that USTs or ASTs were/are located at this facility. Various oil stains were present on the floor of the building.

Floor drains were also located within the laboratory. These floor drains appeared to drain to an exterior sump located on the west side of the building. Three two-foot by two-foot concrete sumps with no outlets were visible on the west side of the building just outside of the propellant mixing bays. Located to the south were three small storage sheds (containing drummed wastes), a larger wood storage shed, and multiple concrete pads. A few empty drums and a 20-pound propane tank were noted along the side of the building. The drummed wastes in the storage shed consisted of 12 55-gallon drums of unknown contents, 10 130gallon drums of waste propellant, and 25 smaller containers of materials such as acetone, PF degreaser, and aerosols.

Two TSAs to the southeast are now being addressed as RCRA sites RSA-173 and RSA-174.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required. An RFI field investigation will be conducted to include collection of soil and groundwater samples and installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities. Work will be in compliance with the Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance. The RFI report will be completed, documenting the remedy of NFA.

Site ID: RSA-203
Site Name: IGLOO AREA LOADING DOCK

Alias: NP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-203, Igloo Area Loading Dock, Bldg 7351, is an approximately 2.9-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol North Plant area, in Test Area TA-10, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Building 7351 was constructed in 1942 and used as a shipping dock for materials and munitions. Thiokol acquired the building in 1950 continuing its use as a shipping dock and also using it for packout of assembled rocket motors, and loading onto rail cars or trucks for shipment. Building 7350 has been listed on historical building lists as a sewage lift station and an electrical outbuilding. Both buildings are currently used by the Army and are secure.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-203 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site ID: RSA-204 Site Name: THIOKOL OXIDIZER FACILITY

Alias: OFFSITE

Regulatory Driver: **RCRA**

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201406
DES	200906	201506
CMI(C)	200909	201601

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201612

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-204, Thiokol Oxidizer Facility, is an approximately 8.5-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol North Plant area, in Test Area TA-10, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Building 7687 was used for oxidizer storage, prior to being transported to the other buildings in the facility. Building 7688 was used as an oxidizer drying facility, and had an associated temporary storage area (TSA). Building 7689 was used as an ammonium perchlorate grinding facility, and had an associated 1.3 propellant waste sump and TSA. Building 7690 was used as a nitramine grinding facility, and had an associated 1.1 propellant waste sump and TSA. Building 7691 was used as an ammonium perchlorate processing facility, and also had an associated 1.3 propellant waste sump, a former septic tank and drain field which received 1.3 propellant wastes, and two TSAs.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI. A CMI plan will be prepared for soil and groundwater contamination. LTM of groundwater is likely.

Site Name: PROPELLANT MIXING FACILITY #2 & C

Alias: OFFSITE



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-206 includes Buildings 7339 and 7340 that were part of the propellant plant located along Snake Pit Road. These buildings were constructed in 1960 for use by Thiokol as a mixer building and secondary casting and finishing facility for rocket motors, respectively.

The primary activity at 7339 was mixing of 420-gallon batches of class-1.3 propellant. The greatest potential for release was related to the mixing process (i.e., overflow or spilling) and pouring the propellant mixture from the mixers into the casting cans. Historical documentation for Building 7339 indicates that ammonium perchlorate was washed into the industrial drain with large quantities of water. The industrial drain then flowed to a sump (RSA-137a) that ultimately discharged to the sanitary sewer. A generator (with a possible UST) was located southeast of the building. Fill and vent pipes were present, but the exact location of any UST is unknown. A TSA (RSA-160) is located to the north of Building 7339. This TSA was reported to store class-1.3 propellant wastes. Recent building lists indicate that Building 7339 is as an R&D facility (metal fabrication). During a site visit, a generator was noted outside to the southeast. It is likely that a UST is associated with this generator because fill and vent pipes were observed on the ground surface. Exterior concrete trenches were noted to be draining to a sump (RSA-137a). This sump drains to the sanitary sewer.

Activities at Building 7340 included casting propellants into rocket motors and finishing the motors by cutting off or removing excess propellant. Mixed propellants were received in casting cans. Casings were loaded with Teflon coated cores and then brought on racks to the casting area. Propellant was then poured into each casing using a vacuum method which aided in removing air from the propellant as the propellant was poured. Cast rocket motors were cured and finished. Finishing involved removing the core and cutting off any excess propellant.

Building 7340 contains a concrete sump (RSA-137b) with a metal separator along the northwest side of the building. The sump has a settling basin that collects particulate materials from class-1.3 propellant wastes and allowed liquids to drain to the sanitary sewer. TSAs (RSA-90 and RSA-138b) are visible outside the facility and were reportedly used to store class-1.3 propellant wastes and rocket motor insulation.

In 2004, VOCs and perchlorate were detected in soil and groundwater. The groundwater for this site will be addressed under site RSA-146.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to delineate the extent of groundwater contamination and complete the RFI. A CMI plan will be prepared for groundwater contamination. RA(O) for groundwater monitoring will be required. All actions are fully funded under existing contracts.

Site Name: SOUTH PLANT TESTING FACILITIES

Alias: SP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-208, the South Plant Testing Facilities, includes Buildings 7550, 7565, 7569, and 7587.

Building 7550 consists of two former firing stands. This facility was constructed in 1942 for use by the Army to test bazooka rockets. Reportedly, a liquid test stand used hydrazine, inhibited red fuming nitric acid, nitric acid oxidizer, and dinitrogen tetroxide.

Building 7565 was constructed in 1945 for use by the ROP as a paint house for Line 3 munitions; however, use of the facility was brief because all war-related operations were halted in 1946. The assumption is that operations in this building included cleaning with solvents. In 1950 Rohm and Haas converted the facility into a control building and static test stand (on the south end). Rocket motors were mounted on stands and fired. There was also a darkroom for processing photographs of testing operations. Various chemicals related to photograph development are assumed to have been used at this site. At the time that Building 7565 was being converted into a static test stand and control facility, an acceleration range was constructed just west of the facility. The acceleration range was attached to Building 7565 via an underground tunnel and was used to test shoulder-fired rockets. The static test stand and acceleration range were collectively referred to as the E-Range by Rohm and Haas employees.

Building 7569 was constructed in 1945 for use by the ROP as a remelt building for munitions operations on Line 3. Modifications were made to the facility by Rohm and Haas in 1956 to support rocket weapons testing. From 1956 to 1971, Rohm and Haas performed thousands of static test operations in the bunker area south of Building 7569. Raytheon used the facility for guided missile maintenance from 1977 to 1982. From 1985 to 1993 Thiokol used Building 7569 to store tube-launched, optically-aimed, wire-guided (TOW), and Hellfire missile casings. Reportedly, during the early years, an oil-burning heater supplied heat to the facility and a 250-gallon heating oil tank was stored on-site to fuel the burner. Documentation suggests that the tank was removed in 1956.

Building 7587 was constructed in 1962 by Rohm and Haas for use as a static test stand. Rockets were mounted and fired from this facility while instrumentation mounted on the north side of the building recorded measurements.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Perchlorate, TCE, and RDX were detected in groundwater, but soil concentrations are below levels that indicate sourcing to groundwater.
- Several data gaps have been identified.

Technical Approach

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.

Site ID: RSA-208
Site Name: SOUTH PLANT TESTING FACILITIES

Alias: SP

- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples and installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the remedy of NFA.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to show there are no unacceptable human health or ecological risks.
- Demonstrate there is no sourcing threat to groundwater using borehole averaging, and SPLP data as necessary.
- Demonstrate metals are at background levels using calculated background screening levels, geochemical analysis of background, and other weight-of-evidence considerations.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: PROPELLANT CRUSHING/GRINDING & FUZE

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	.200406
CS	.200406	.200906
RFI/CMS	.200906	.201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Constructed in 1955, Building 7568 was used by Rohm and Haas as an ammonium perchlorate and potassium perchlorate crushing and grinding facility until 1971. Grinding operations included receiving/storing raw materials and processing them through a hopper into large mills to grind the oxidizer into powder. Cleaning of the grinding machinery may also have taken place on the premises. Vacuums were typically used during grinding to mitigate dust. The western side of the building had seven bays that were used for grinding, analytical laboratories, ovens for removing solvent from NG, instrumentation, and storage. The southeastern corner of the building contained X-ray facilities, a photographic laboratory, an analytical laboratory, and an air conditioning room. The northeast corner of the building contained offices and two storage bays.

The Army regained control of the facility in 1971, and its use is undocumented until 1975. From 1975 to 1982, Raytheon used the facility for Dragon Missile production, but its specific function is unknown. Recent building lists indicate that this facility was used for fuse production in the early-1990s.

In 2004 perchlorate was detected in the groundwater.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Perchlorate was detected (0.03 to 2.0 mg/kg) in soil, and the groundwater plume map suggests the site was a source, at least historically.

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples and installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Plan and implement IM for removal of perchlorate contaminated soil.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the remedy of NFA.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to show there are no unacceptable human health or ecological risks.
- Demonstrate there is no sourcing threat to groundwater using borehole averaging, and SPLP data as necessary.
- Demonstrate metals are at background levels using calculated background screening levels, geochemical analysis of background, and other weight-of-evidence considerations.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: NITROGLYCERINE WASH HOUSE

Alias: SP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-210, Nitroglycerine Wash House, is an approximately one-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Former Building 7559 was constructed sometime between 1950 and 1956 for use by the Army as a nitroglycerine wash house. Nitroglycerine washing is a process of removing acids from nitroglycerine by subjecting the compound to warm water and an alkaline solution. Subsequently, this facility was used as a heat treatment facility. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding heat treatment operations. Thiokol did not use this building; it was demolished by the 1970s.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-210 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address commingled groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site Name: SOUTH PLANT STORAGE MAGAZINES

Alias: SP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-210, South Plant Storage Magazines, is an approximately 10 acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. The site consists of three distinct storage areas (propellant magazines, nitroglycerine magazines, and service magazines) covering 10 acres of land, north of Mathews Road and west of the RSA boundary.

The original propellant magazines were constructed between 1950 and 1956 to support Army research and development activities in the South Plant area, and included former Buildings 7523, 7524, 7525, 7527 and 7528, which were used for oxidizer storage. It is assumed that these buildings also stored ammonium perchlorate, HMX and RDX. Existing Buildings 7523, 7524, and 7525 were constructed in 1985 and used by Thiokol for storage of nitramine, ammonium perchlorate, HMX and RDX. These buildings were constructed after the original buildings 7523, 7524, and 7525 were demolished.

The nitroglycerine magazines (Buildings 7529 through 7531) were storage igloos with earthen mounds covering their south, east, and west sides. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding activities at these facilities. Building 7532 was reportedly the (electric) heater house for the nitroglycerine storage magazines.

The service magazines were constructed in 1953 to support Army activities in the area. These facilities include Buildings 7533 through 7539 (all demolished), although which numbers correspond to specific buildings is not clear. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding materials stored in these magazines or the activities they supported. The structures were demolished sometime between 1971 and 1976.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-211 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site ID: RSA-212
Site Name: PROPELLANT DRY HOUSES

Alias: SP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-212, Propellant Dry Houses, is an approximately 0.8-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Buildings 7590 and 7591 were constructed by the Army in 1951 for propellant drying. These facilities were powered by Building 7589 (located off-site to the west), an electric boiler house. Heaters and ovens were kept in the buildings, which were operated by an operations contractor until 1958. Rohm and Haas used the facilities from 1958 to 1971. RSA regained control of the facilities in 1971 and used them for unknown purposes until 1976. Buildings 7590 and 7591 were used by Raytheon to store flammable materials from 1976 to 1982, when they were vacated. Both buildings have been demolished.

Storage of munitions within the site boundary is first observed on a 2000 aerial photograph. For the purposes of this investigation, the focus is on Buildings 7590 and 7591, which were historically used for propellant drying and flammable materials storage. A boundary change request has been prepared to exclude the laydown area in the center of the site, as it is not related to historical activities at Buildings 7590 and 7591.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-212 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address commingled groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site ID: RSA-213 Site Name: ROP LINE 4 AREA OPS FACILITY

Alias: SP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200309	.200406
CS	200406	.200906
RFI/CMS	.200906	.201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-213, ROP Line 4 Area Operations Facility, is an approximately 15.3-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. The site is a complex of facilities which supported manufacturing and testing activities for the South Plant.

Building 7571 was constructed in 1942 and used by the ROP as a munitions receiving, packing, and shipping facility. Subsequent to ROP operations, which ceased in 1945, this facility was used as a laboratory and shop by the Army until the mid-1990s. The building was razed in 2008.

Building 7574 was constructed in 1942 and used by the ROP as an ammunition assembly, packaging, and shipping facility. Subsequent to ROP operations, Thiokol used the building for a brief period during the 1950s as an igniter laboratory. Rohm and Haas then used the building from the mid-1950s to 1970 as a chemical laboratory to perform nitric acid and mixed acid titration, along with various physical and chemical tests related to propellant research. In 1966, the east wing of this building and Building 7573 were destroyed in a fire. Beginning in 1970, the Army used the facility for research, development, testing, and electronic equipment calibration. From 1985 to 1993, Thiokol used Building 7574 for office space and x-ray film storage. The building has since been demolished

Building 7578 was constructed in 1942 for use by the ROP as a powder service building. Subsequent to ROP operations, Rohm and Haas used the building as a carpentry and maintenance shop from 1951 to 1970. From 1971 to 1985, the Army used the facility for paper storage and mailing. From 1985 to 1996, Thiokol used the building for inert storage until it was converted to a medium caliber rocket motor loading plant in 1990.

Building 7585 was constructed in 1945 and used by the ROP for solvent storage. By 1983, the building was being used for propellant conditioning.

Building 7575 was constructed in 1942 and used by the ROP as a storage room and case loading facility. From 1950 to 1971, Rohm and Haas used the building as a machine shop and for metal storage. In 1971, building use was transferred back to the Army, which continued to use it for storage until 1975. From 1975 to 1982, Raytheon used the building for guided missile maintenance. From 1982 to 1985, the Army again used the building for storage until it was assigned to Thiokol, which used it for general storage until MK-36 rocket motor case preparation operations began in 1989. Case preparation operations continued at the building until Thiokol vacated RSA in 1996.

Building 7581 was constructed in 1942 and used by the ROP as a change house where lunch and locker room facilities were provided to line operators. Subsequent to ROP operations, Rohm and Haas used the building as a supply house for inert goods until 1971, when it was transferred back to RSA; however, building lists indicate that the facility remained a change house until the late-1970s or early-1980s. RSA used the building for storage until Raytheon was assigned the facility in 1977. Raytheon used it until 1982 for unknown purposes. From 1982 to 1985, RSA used the facility as a machine shop. Thiokol used the building for Hellfire missile case motor preparation until 1989. From 1990 to 1996, Building 7581 was used as a location for winding filament and inert storage.

Building 7549 was constructed by the Army in 1966 for research materials storage. From 1967 to 1971, Rohm and Haas used the

Site Name: ROP LINE 4 AREA OPS FACILITY

Alias: SP

facility for inert storage. Raytheon was assigned Building 7549 in 1976 and used it for aluminum powder storage until 1985. From 1985 until 1995, Building 7549 was used for storage of inert research materials. Building 7549 has been used recently for seed and fertilizer storage.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-213 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site Name: RSA-146 HISTORIC SERVICE FACILITIES

Alias: OFFSITE

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-215, Historic Service Facilities, is an approximately 17.5-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA near the former Thiokol North Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. The site consists of former maintenance and support facilities centered around Buildings 7103 and 7104. The complex was constructed in the 1940s. Buildings 7103 and 7104 are separate buildings that were joined for use as a machine shop to support general maintenance activities in the area. Building 7103 is currently designated as a laboratory and storage facility. Building 7104 was used as a carpenter shop and change house and later converted to a modification shop. Building 7104 was recently used for engineering and housing management. Building 7106 was used as post engineering and welding shop to support general maintenance activities in the area and later became a storage facility for janitorial supplies. It was recently used as an office and storage for janitorial operations. Building T7116 is a former complex (including a motor pool wash and grease rack) for general maintenance activities. A 10,000 gallon UST was removed from the building in 1996. Building T7116 no longer exists. Building 7119 was built for use as a generation station then used as a machine shop and a sheet metal shop. It is currently used a storage facility for janitorial supplies. Building 7141 was used for oil storage; it has been demolished. Building 7107 was used as a gas station then as a medical storage space and an office building; it has been demolished. Building 7140 was used as a maintenance field office, a taxi dispatch station and a paint storage shed in support of motor pool activities in the area; it has been demolished. Buildings 7139 and 7142 do not appear to have been associated with any past contaminant-generating or -sourcing activities. They have both been demolished.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-215 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site Name: INERT STORAGE WAREHOUSE FACILITIES

Alias: ROP SERVIC



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
RFI/CMS	200912	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Inert Storage Warehouse Area was built by the Army in 1942 and includes Buildings 7417, 7437, 7441, 7442, 7421, and 7425.

The ammunition division stored inert munitions components and shipping supplies in Buildings 7417, 7437, and 7441. They were used as warehouses until needed on the assembly or manufacturing lines.

Since 1957, Building 7417 has been listed as a warehouse reclamation shop. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding reclamation operations.

In 1957, Building 7437 was listed as a laboratory and engineering building. The facility housed engineering management space for the laboratory chief. During this time, Building 7437 contained a data reduction center. By 1968, Building 7437 had been converted to an administrative building. Current building lists indicate that use of the facility has not changed since 1968.

Building 7441 was subsequently used as a photographic laboratory when it was joined to Building 7442 in 1959. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding laboratory and engineering operations.

Building 7442 was used first in 1943 and subsequently as an office, a photographic laboratory, and a laboratory. Very little is known about the activities that took place or the materials that were used in this building.

Building 7421 was subsequently used as a laboratory. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding laboratory operations. Current building lists indicate that use of this facility has not changed over time.

Building 7425 was subsequently used as an administrative facility where a small boiler with a 1,500-gallon fuel oil tank was used to heat the area. Available historical documentation provides little information regarding the location and type of fuel oil tank (UST or AST) at the building. Current building lists indicate that use of this facility has not changed over time.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Historical information is limited regarding laboratory operations at Building 7421.
- The outfall from a former UST at Building 7425 has not been assessed.
- The reclamation process at Building 7417 may have released selected metals based on previous sampling results.

Technical Approach

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.

Site ID: RSA-217
Site Name: INERT STORAGE WAREHOUSE FACILITIES
Alias: ROP SERVIC

- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples from installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the expected remedy of NFA.
- Describe the nature and extent of contamination.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to document potential risks human health or ecological risks.
- Evaluate the potential threat to groundwater from the soil-to-groundwater migration pathway.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: DRMO OPEN STORAGE AREA

Alias: ROP SERVIC

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

This area of approximately 27 acres is identifiable on aerial photographs as early as 1943 as an open storage area (OSA). The DRMO managed open storage of materials in this area. Aerial photography shows activity continuing until at least 2002 (within the fenced area). Portions of the area are represented on the 1975 basic information maps as "Open Storage". During the 2003 VSI the primary features observed were piles of scrap metal, a large concrete slab, and two large areas of debris.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- The site has the potential for a release of metals from activities related to the storage of materials and supplies and the piling of metal and concrete debris.

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples from installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the expected remedy of NFA.
- Describe the nature and extent of contamination.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to document potential risks human health or ecological risks.
- Evaluate the potential threat to groundwater from the soil-to-groundwater migration pathway.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: CHEMICAL STORAGE AREA IN SALVAGE YD

Alias: ROP SERVIC

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Surface storage of various materials is documented to have occurred within this area of approximately three acres. Aerial photography shows activity from 1950 until at least 2000. The materials that were stored in the area are unknown. This area is represented on the 1975 building information maps as an "Open Storage" area. During the 2003 VSI, the primary features observed were the reported location of a former chemical storage barn and an area of scrap metal. Salvage yard personnel stated that the area was used to store drums of solvents (e.g., TCE) associated with Thiokol in the mid-1980s. Some of the drums reportedly had leaked. In the PP this site is still being used as a scrap metal storage. The IRP will only address the VOC contamination from the old chemical storage, the metals contamination will be addressed with non-IRP funds.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- The site has the potential for a release of metals and TCE to site soils and a drainage swale due to materials handling at the DRMO salvage yard.
- Need to determine whether TCE in groundwater is related to this site or to activities at the motor pool facility immediately to the south of this site

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples from installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the Alabama Environmental Investigation and Remediation Guidance.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the expected remedy of NFA.
- Describe the nature and extent of contamination.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to document potential risks human health or ecological risks.
- Evaluate the potential threat to groundwater from the soil-to-groundwater migration pathway.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL STORAGE YARD

Alias: ROP SERVIC

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

The construction materials yard on aerial photographs of this site of approximately 8.3 acres is identifiable as early as 1956. Open storage of various construction debris and surplus is documented to have occurred on the surface in the area. Aerial photography shows activity continuing until at least 2002 (within the fenced area). Disposal via debris mounds may have occurred. The 1975 building information maps label the area as the "Contractors Construction Materials Yard." Part of this site is in an active range. During the 2003 VSI the primary features observed were a concrete pad, two debris piles, a large railroad loading dock, and a drum.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- The site has the potential for a release of metals from activities related to the storage of materials and supplies and the piling of metal and concrete debris.

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples from installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the expected remedy of NFA.
- Describe the nature and extent of contamination.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to document potential risks human health or ecological risks.
- Evaluate the potential threat to groundwater from the soil-to-groundwater migration pathway.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: FUSE MODIFICATION LINE 7

Alias: PA3

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
RFI/CMS	200906	201304

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201304

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-225 occupies approximately 1.2 acres and is located near the center of Redstone Arsenal (RSA) within the RSA-147 groundwater site south of the intersection of Jungerman Road and Fowler Road. The four original buildings located within RSA-225 were used for fuze modification operations. Historic aerial photographs verify that the four buildings were constructed or modified for this purpose between 1943 and 1956. Only two buildings of the four original structures remain. PAHs in soil and VOCs in groundwater are the primary COCs. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA, requires that an RFI be completed for this site in accordance with Table VI.2.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, modification 8 to TO-0001 was prepared to include additional funding necessary to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. Additional soil and groundwater samples will be collected to support the RFI.

Site Name: OPEN STORAGE 54-2

Alias: DA



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Pesticides, Polychlorinated

Biphenyls (PCB)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
CS	200406	200501
RFI/CMS	200912	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-226 is located in the central portion of RSA within groundwater unit RSA-147. RSA-226 is defined as the storage area outside Building 5488, which is located north of the intersection of Mills Road and Stewart Road. Building 5488 (formerly 788) was constructed in 1942 as an inert material warehouse under the auspices of the Ammo Division. The type of building construction is designated as corrugated asbestos. Building 5488 is currently used to store office furniture and laboratory equipment.

Documentation of building use from 1961 indicated that Building 5488 was occupied by three separate occupants: field service, industrial operations, and a central office. RSA-226 is still in use and currently stores chemically treated utility poles and large pipe sections on above-grade racks. Documentation indicates that chemicals (unknown or unidentified) were stored in the area as well as other electrical items, including transformers (1.5- to 150-kilovolt-ampere capacities). Because transformer storage was documented at the "open storage 54-2" (and possibly in the warehouse), it is possible that a release of dielectric fluid occurred. The outside storage area is opposite the former rail spur that serviced the southwest side of Building 5488 from 1943 to 1964. Review of the 1943, 1950, and 1964 aerial photographs indicated that there was activity (presumably continuous) at the storage area during this time frame. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA, requires that an RFI be completed for this site in accordance with Table VI.2. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0006.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Site actions through RFI were contracted under TO-0006 of the FY09 PBA in June 2012, and as such, are recorded in the CTC for that PBA site in AEDB-R.

The anticipated path is to complete a RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-226 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address commingled groundwater contamination.

No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

The following field activities are expected during the RFI phase:

- conducting approximately five additional soil borings,
- collecting approximately 19 additional soil samples,
- installing approximately three additional overburden monitoring wells,
- collecting approximately seven additional groundwater samples.

Site ID: RSA-227 Site Name: INACTIVE WASHRACK

Alias: DA

Regulatory Driver: **RCRA**

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil, Surface

Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200402	.200405
CS	200405	.200501
RFI/CMS	200909	.201411
DES	.200909	.201508
CMI(C)	200909	.201603
CMI(O)	200909	.201703

RIP Date: 201603 RC Date: 201703

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-227 is an approximately 0.04-acre site located adjacent to Building 5492, north of Mills Road in the maintenance shop complex (Buildings 5494/5495). This site includes an inactive washrack and sump on the south side of Building 5492 in a developed and paved area. A VSI at the site noted that there was no oil/water separator associated with the washrack. The sump discharges to the south along a surface drainage feature. The site is currently used for parking of maintenance equipment. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA, requires that an RFI be completed for this site in accordance with Table VI.2.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Site actions through completion of the RIP/RC are funded under the FY09 PBA contract, and as such, are recorded in the CTC for that PBA site in AEDB-R.

Estimated field activities to complete the RFI are as follows:

- demolishing washrack and disposal of 15 cy of concrete
- conducting approximately four additional soil borings,
- collecting approximately 14 additional soil samples,
- installing approximately three additional overburden monitoring wells,
- collecting approximately three additional groundwater samples.

Site Name: SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 2

Alias: PA3



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

The STP 2, Building 139 (later renumbered 3239) is located west of Patton Rd., west of McDonald Creek, and just south of Goss Rd. (3200 block area). The plant is believed to have been operational by 1942 and taken out of service in 1948. A 1943 Army completion report for HVA stated that the plant serviced the northern portion of the arsenal including the administration area (former hospital, base housing, etc.) and the temporary administration area (maintenance shop, washrack/garage, fire/police station, steam plant, and carpenter shop). Wastes from Plant Area No. 3 were not directed through this STP but were sent through Building 439 (RSA-9). Domestic sewage effluents received primary and secondary treatment through this plant before being discharged to the stream.

The plant used a separate sludge digestion and recirculating biofiltration units. The plant units included barscreens, primary clarifiers, biofilters, secondary clarifiers, recirculating pumps, chlorinators, chlorine contact chamber, sludge pumps, sludge digestion tanks, and open sludge drying beds.

The VSI confirmed the STP has been demolished and that most of the equipment has been removed. Remains of two of the clarifiers are present. An engineering drawing was used to georeference the probable location of the sludge drying beds. The area is fenced and heavily wooded. The discharge location (outfall) was not located, but an east-west drainage ditch flows into McDonald Creek.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Existing data indicate detected concentrations of metals (arsenic and silver) in soil exceeding background screening value (BSVs) and residential evaluation criteria.
- Concentrations of 4-nitroaniline were detected in one screening-level groundwater sample exceeding the regional screening level (RSL). Definitive-level data are not currently available.
- Additional potential source areas were not targeted during previous investigation.

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required for RSA-228.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil samples, install overburden monitoring wells for collection of definitive-level groundwater samples to define nature and extent of contamination, evaluate risk potential, and determine potential sources to groundwater in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI/CMS and statement of basis recommending NFA and site closeout (RC). A permit modification will follow the statement of basis documenting the selection of NFA (RC).

Site Name: ABANDONED RUBBLE PILE

Alias: DA



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200311	.200405
CS	.200405	.200506
RFI/CMS	.200912	.201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

The abandoned rubble pile north of Hansen Rd. was the original construction and debris disposal area for the Arsenal. It is located just north of Hansen Rd near the bend in the road, occupying approximately 4.3 acres. It is believed that this disposal area was active during the 1940s. When disposal was discontinued is not known.

During the VSI a number of soil mounds with metal debris, rusted drums, railroad ties, etc., were visible above grade. A nearby ditch also appears to have been used for disposal activities. This area was used for field training exercises from the 1960s through the 1990s. It is currently an active range for Ordnance Munitions and Electronics Maintenance School (OMEMS) field troop training. Posting in the area indicates the presence of MEC presumably from the OMEMS training activities.

The results of the SI indicate pesticides, NC and metals at low levels.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Soil results for VOCs and SVOCs found no exceedances warranting further evaluation; however, further investigation is warranted for explosives, perchlorate, pesticides and metals to determine whether contamination is present at this site.
- VOCs, SVOCS, explosives, and perchlorate were detected in screening level groundwater samples. Based on these results, collection of definitive groundwater samples is warranted.

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil and groundwater samples from installation of new monitoring wells to determine the potential of a release associated with historical site activities in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI report documenting the expected remedy of NFA.
- Describe the nature and extent of contamination.
- Perform BHHRA/SLERA to document potential human health or ecological risks.
- Evaluate the potential threat to groundwater from the soil-to-groundwater migration pathway.
- Prepare a permit modification application following approval of the RFI documenting NFA.

Site Name: SMF #1 MIXING & PREP FACILITIES

Alias: PA3



RCRA Regulatory Driver:

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200311	200405
CS	200405	200506
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-231 is comprised of the SMF No. 1 Mixing and Prep Facilities. The buildings included in these operations are: 675/3475, 678/3478, 674/3474, 667/3490, and 679/3479.

Building 675/3475, the starter tube assembly building, was built in 1942 and supported the manufacture of a number of smoke munitions within SMF No. 1 in the early to mid-1940s. This building was designed and used as a starter tube assembly building for the 105mm M-1 canister. This building was also used to assemble the impregnated sleeve over the starter tube in the production of various smoke canisters (M-1, M-2). Two cubicles on the south end of the building were used to prepare delay train pellets wafers used in the manufacture of the M-88 and M-89 smoke shells. Scratcher mix was applied to the band for the M-1 smoke pot in this building. The building was demolished in 1983 and Building 3483 was constructed in its place.

Building 678/3478, the black powder mixing building, was built in 1943 and used for black powder mixing for various smoke munitions. Wet mixing of the impregnated sleeve mixture was also performed in this building for the 155mm M-4 and M-4 canisters. Building 3478 is currently being used for storage.

Building 674/3474, the starter mix building, was built in 1943 and used for blender mixing of starter mix, match head mix (may have contained small quantities of perchlorate), and scratcher mix for M-1 smoke pots. Blending of the starter mix for the 105mm M-1 and M-2 canisters, British Thermal Mixture, sulfurless meal powder mixture, and impregnated sleeve mixture for the 155mm M-3 and M-4 canisters was performed in Building 3474. Most of this building has been rebuilt and is currently being used as a fitness center.

Buildings 667/3490 and 667-2/3491, the mixing and blending buildings, were built in 1943 and used for mixing and blending of hexachloroethane (HC) smoke mixtures for the AN-M8 hand grenades, the M-1 smoke pots, and the M-88 and M-89 smoke shells. Building 3490 has been demolished, but Building 3491 is still standing, but unused at this time.

Building 679/3479, the sleeve impregnating building, was built in 1943 and used for the impregnation of starter sleeves for the 105mm M-1 canisters as well as the 155mm M-3 and M-4 canisters. Match head mix (may have used small quantities of perchlorate) was applied to discs and dried for use in M-1 smoke pots in this building. The drying of delay train pellets (starter wafers) for M-88 and M-89 smoke shells was also done here. The building has been used as a restaurant/cafeteria and is currently used as a barber shop, a military clothing store, and human resources office.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Problems Warranting Action

- Existing data indicate detected concentrations of PAH compounds in soil exceeding residential evaluation criteria, but less than DAF4 SSLs.

Site ID: RSA-231 Site Name: SMF #1 MIXING & PREP FACILITIES

Alias: PA3

- Concentrations of VOCs, explosives and 4-nitroaniline were detected in screening-level groundwater samples exceeding evaluation criteria. Definitive-level data are not currently available.
- Additional PSAs were not targeted during previous investigation.

- Based on the AHWMMA Hazardous Storage Facility/Thermal Treatment/SWMU Corrective Action Permit issued on Sept. 30, 2010, an RFI is required for RSA-231.
- Conduct RFI field investigation including collection of soil samples, install overburden monitoring wells for collection of definitive-level groundwater samples to define nature and extent of contamination, evaluate risk potential, and determine potential sources to groundwater in compliance with the AEIRG.
- Complete an RFI/CMS and statement of basis recommending NFA and site closeout (RC). A permit modification will follow the statement of basis documenting the selection of NFA (RC).

Site Name: SMF#2 MIXING AND PREPARATION FACILI

Alias: PA3

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200311	200405
CS	200405	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201410

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-233 lies just west of the intersection of Patton Road and Hansen Road in the northeast portion of RSA. The site occupies approximately 0.7 acres. RSA-233 consists of four noncontiguous building areas that were used in the 1940s for the mixing and blending of smoke mixes, black powder, and starter mix for the various smoke munitions manufactured in the former Smoke Munitions Filling No. 2 site. PAHs in soil and VOCs and explosives in groundwater exceed action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0006 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI, CMS, statement of basis and permit modification are contracted under TO-0006 for completion.

Site ID: RSA-237 Site Name: PROPELLANT CUTTING AND DRYING

Alias: SP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-237, Propellant Cutting and Drying, is an approximately 0.2-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Building 7556, situated at the center of the site, was constructed in 1942 for use by the ROP as a primer storage magazine. Primers were offloaded from railcars and stored until needed for charge assembly in Building 7555 (at RSA-144). From 1950 to 1971, Rohm and Haas occupied the facility and used it for air drying propellant powders produced after mixing with liquid solvents at Building 7555. The propellant was cut to the necessary size for research and development. Subsequent occupation of the facility by Raytheon from 1971 to 1982 was for unknown purposes. The Army again controlled the facility from 1982 to 1985 and used it for general storage. After being acquired by Thiokol in 1985, this building was used for general storage until 1996. The building has since been demolished. A loading dock located at the southeast corner of the site appears to have been used to load and unload railcars to the road to the west.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-237 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address commingled groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site Name: HVA PLANT #2 MUSTARD LINES 5 & 6

Alias: HAMUST56



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals. Pesticides

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200402	.200405
CS	200405	.200506
RFI/CMS	.200906	.201507

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-238 is approximately 33 acres, and includes the WWII HVA Plant 2 facilities Mustard Lines 5 and 6. These facilities were located in the central area of RSA on the east side of Stewart Road, south of Mills Road. The facilities started operation in September and November of 1942, respectively and were shut down in May of 1943. Chemicals used in the mustard manufacturing process included, but were not limited to: fuel oil, sulfur monochloride, ethyl alcohol, chlorine, carbon tetrachloride, kerosene, acetylene tetrachloride, and sodium hypochlorite solutions. Stockpiles of material, presumably coke was observed in aerial photographs near the Plant No. 6 facility. Coke was used in the ethylene scrubber operations. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0001 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI/CMS will be completed that includes the collection of soil samples, installation of monitoring wells, and collection of groundwater samples. An RFI, CMS, statement of basis, and permit modification will be prepared. It is anticipated that a DES, CMI (C), CMI (O), LTM (based on VOCs exceeding action levels in groundwater) and LUCs will be required due to the highly developed nature of the area and the potential presence of CWM. Flve-year reviews, groundwater monitoring and reporting, and LUC are projected in the LTM phase. Actions through Decision Document (permit mod) at this site are funded under the FY09 PBA contract. The CTC for post-PBA actions is documented under this site in AEDB-R.

Site Name: LINE # 1 BOILER HOUSE

Alias: NP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

(PAH)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200309	.200406
CS	200406	.200906
RFI/CMS	200906	.201401
DES	.201401	.201504
CMI(C)	.201504	.201602

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201602

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-239, ROP Line #1 Boiler House, is an approximately 0.6-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol North Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. Building 7668 was constructed by the Army in 1942 as a boiler house, acquired by Thiokol in 1950, and remains a boiler house to this day. The boilers were powered by fuel oil, formerly stored in four USTs located on the west side of the building. A leak from one of the tanks was discovered in 1980. Approximately 10,000 gallons of fuel oil was reportedly released, mostly flowing into the sanitary sewer system. The tanks were removed in 1998.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0006 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that a removal action for SVOC contaminated soil is necessary prior to releasing the site for unrestricted use. Post-PBA actions will be necessary, to include development of a DES Plan, implementation of the DES Plan, and soil excavation with documentation in the CMI closure report to attain RIP/RC.

Site Name: FORMER STORAGE WAREHOUSE BLDG 778

Alias: HAMUST56

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
RFI/CMS	200406	201404
DES	200906	201502
CMI(C)	200906	201503

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-250 is in the western portion of the area formerly known as Plants Area No. 2 and encompasses 1.3 acres at the northern end of Building 5678. Current Building 5678 is a result of the combination of the three former Buildings 778, 779, and 780, in a line north to south, respectively. Documentation indicated Building 778 was being used for component storage (unidentified). In 1948, Building 778 was used for the storage of blank gas mask faceplates. Concentrations of arsenic were detected in soil exceeding action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Actions through RIP/RC at this site are funded under the FY09 PBA contract. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding has been provided under TO-0008 to meet the performance objective of RIP/RC. It is anticipated that a DES and CMI will be required to address arsenic and PAH contaminated soils. It is anticipated that 120 cy of soil will require disposal. Confirmation samples will be collected to verify that all soils exceeding the action level have been removed. Following excavation, the ground surface will be re-graded to approximately the pre-disposal topography.

Site Name: INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT 2

Alias: DDT



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Pesticides, Polycyclic

Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200309	200406
CS	200406	200501
RFI/CMS	200906	201501
IRA	200710	200802

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-252 occupies an area of about 16 acres located south of Mills Road, between Stewart and Refuge Roads. The main structure within RSA-252 is Building 5681. Building 5681 was constructed in 1943 initially as a mustard filling plant but not used as such; it was converted to an oil incendiary filling plant. The building had five sections; empty storage, manufacturing, filling, strapping and filled storage. Structures associated with this building included two gasoline pump houses, two gasoline storage tanks, three magazines along with various neighboring warehouses being used for storage of components. As of June 1945, the terminal date for manufacturing and filling operations, four different types of munitions had been produced at this plant. Chemicals used during incendiary operations included, but were not limited to: gasoline, stearic acid, calcium, isobutyl methacrylate, magnesium particles, sodium nitrate, asphalt, and caustics. Associated waste generated from these processes was reported to have been burned at the plant burning pit located about 200 yards west of the plant. In 1947 this building was used for the bagging of DDT. Additional insecticides produced in liquid and dust forms during the 1948-1950 time frame in building 5681 include, but are not limited to: toxaphene, parathion, dieldrin, malathion, chlordane, pyrethrins, betahexachlorocyclohexane, cube root, aldrin, and lindane. The 1957 building use list indicated that Building 5681 was utilized as an office/administration facility.

decontamination was performed (1990s) prior to current usage as administration offices. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) completed a Health Consultation for Building 5681 in 1997 that included samples of air, surface soil, subsurface soil, wipes, and concrete. In July 2007, three surface soil and three subsurface soil samples were collected at proposed fence locations around Building 5681. Metals and SVOCs contamination was observed in soil around Building 5681. Elevated DDT concentrations were also observed in soil. A TCRA was performed in November and December 2007 to support the installation of force protection measures around the building. The TCRA included the excavation and disposal of 135 cy of soil, followed by site backfilling and site restoration.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Conduct additional RFI field investigation with soil and groundwater sampling. A removal action is likely to be needed to treat pesticides in the soil; however, the likelihood and associated cost with these actions cannot be accurately measured at this time.

Site Name: UTILITY/FLAMMABLE MATERIALS STORAGE

Alias: POL

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Other (PRO)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-253, Flammable Materials Storage Building 6109, consists of approximately 0.12 acres and is situated in the northeast portion of RSA close to Test Range 7. Building 6109 was a 90 x 120 foot structure constructed in 1956. It was used as a utility building in support of Test Range 7 until 1991 and then used to store flammable materials, including solvents until 2001 when the Army stopped utilizing the structure. The building and its concrete slab and pads were removed sometime between the years 2007-2010.

A 2004 VSI noted the structure was in a state of disrepair with assorted items (rusted drums, munitions parts in wooden boxes, construction debris, pipe, trash, and empty can labeled Acetone) to be present. In 2005, five soil boring and hydro-punch wells were installed at locations adjacent to the building and the former loading/storage pads. The data indicated that no impacts had occurred.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. Since hydro-punch groundwater data can only be considered for screening purposes per ADEM guidance, additional sampling is planned.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recent RFI work consisted of the installation of new wells and the collection and analysis of soil samples during well installation is necessary to complete the investigation. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI report, which is expected to support a NFA decision. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out (RC) with unrestricted land use.

Site Name: MANGANESE ORE STORAGE AREA N. of RS

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
CS	200405	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201310
DES	200906	201410
CMI(C)	200906	201502
CMI(O)	200906	201512

RIP Date: 201502 **RC Date:** 201512

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-255 is located in the former Gulf Chemical Warfare Depot Area, in the south-central portion of RSA. The site is approximately 29 acres Concentrations of arsenic and manganese were detected in surface soil exceeding action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0001 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding is necessary to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. It is anticipated that a DES, CMI and LUCs (unrestricted industrial, restricted residential) will be required to address arsenic and manganese contaminated surface soils. It is anticipated that approximately 3,400 cy of soil will require disposal (10 percent contingency included). Confirmation samples will be collected to verify that all soils exceeding the industrial remedial goal (HI = 0.5) for manganese (13,600 mg/kg) for a commercial worker have been removed. Following excavation, the ground surface will be re-graded to approximately the pre-disposal topography.

Site Name: FORMER PAINT SPRAY BUILDING 7862

Alias: TA2

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-258, Building 7862, covers approximately 500 sf and is situated in the heavily industrialized area in the south-central portion of the RSA approximately two miles north of the Tennessee River, within the RSA-154 groundwater unit. The site is the former location of Building 7862, which was used for spray-painting of parts from approximately 1955 to the late-1960's. At that time the building was removed and the site converted to a guard station and visitor waiting area for entry into Test Area 2. A VSI was conducted in 2004 and an LSA, consisting of a single boring being completed within the drainage swale next to the northwest corner of the guard station pad was performed in 2005. The LSA boring hit bedrock at six ft and did not yield sufficient groundwater to sample. The data yielded a few metals with concentrations above screening levels in surface and subsurface soils with no significant organics being found.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. Since the results are from only one location with no viable groundwater data, the LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recent RFI work consisted of the collection and analysis of soil samples from shallow soil borings to complete the investigation. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI report; which is expected to support a NFA decision. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out (RC) with unrestricted land use.

Site Name: LANCE MISSILE CONDITIONING FACILITY

Alias: TA2

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Other (PRO), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-261, Building 7847, Lance Missile Conditioning Facility, is located in the south-central portion of the RSA approximately two miles north of the Tennessee River, within the RSA-154 groundwater unit. The building 7847 complex was constructed in 1967 to condition petroleum-based fuel for the Lance missile testing facility. The complex consisted of nine small instrument/conditioning sheds from which 24-inch tubes led to larger conditioning chambers. Each shed/chamber was connected via a buried two-inch stainless steel drain pipe to a vault containing a 55-gallon liquids capture drum. The majority of the structure was covered by earthen berm. The instrument sheds and chambers are now utilized for storage of non-chemical materials.

A VSI was conducted in 2004 and an LSA was conducted in 2005. The LSA consisted of the completion of six borings and temporary wells at locations adjacent to instrument room/chamber areas and the vaults. The LSA results showed there to be no impacts to the surface and subsurface soils from VOCs, and SVOCs above screening levels. There were PRO concentrations in the boring near the vaults, although no associated PAH hits above screening levels were found. Groundwater samples contained trace VOCs, with one, chloroform, slightly above screening levels. There were also PRO detections in several of the wells.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. The LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and failed to evaluate a potential COC, UDMH known to be contained in the fuel for the Lance missile.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recent RFI work consisted of the installation and sampling of new wells and the collection and analysis of soil samples to complete the investigation. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI; which is expected to lead to a response complete decision based upon previous and new data. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out (RC) with unrestricted land use.

Site Name: CWS WAREHOUSE AREA BLDGS 8021-8027

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Other (PRO),

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
CS	200405	200506
RFI/CMS	200909	201308
DES	201303	201407
CMI(C)	201303	201504
CMI(O)	201303	201602

RIP Date: 201504 **RC Date:** 201602

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-262 is an approximately 50-acre site located in the south-central part of RSA within the former GCWD area. The GCWD warehouses were constructed in 1943 and have been used for storage of inert materials, such as spare parts and shipping crates, and for rehabilitation of unserviceable munitions and equipment. By 1960 the warehouses became general purpose warehouses. Currently, five (8021, 8022, 8023, 8024, and 8026) of the seven warehouses remain and are used primarily for general storage and administrative purposes. Buildings 8025 and 8027 were being demolished during VSI activities conducted in 2004. Approximately 15.2 acres of the site is covered by buildings or a former building slab; the OSA comprises 7.3 acres, a small area of the site being asphalt roadway paved, with the remainder of the site vegetated with maintained grass. PAHs in soil and VOCs (TCE at 30,000 ug/L) in groundwater exceed action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0001 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The site is funded through DD under the FY09 PBC contract. Due to the discovery of a major TCE plume at this site, a cleanup action is likely.

Site Name: CWS MOTORPOOL(B 8017)/CHANGE HOUSE

Alias: POL

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Other (PRO), Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-263 is located in the south-central area of RSA, north of Buxton Road. The site covers approximately eight acres within the RSA-154 groundwater site. Currently, one (B-8017) of the four original buildings remains and is used for dry boat storage by the RSA Recreation Department. The other three former buildings, B-8015 (Gasoline Pump Station), B-8016 (Motor Grease and Wash Stalls), and B-8020 (Change House), have been demolished. All of the buildings were originally constructed in 1943. Building 8017 was used as a motor repair shop to support CWM operations until 1957, when it was converted to storage and repair shop, before being converted to its current use, dry boat storage. Building 8020 was originally used as a change house for CWM Services personnel. It was converted to a laboratory/equipment testing mission and was demolished sometime between 1997 and 2000. Buildings 8015 and 8016 existed on the same foundation and were comprised of a gasoline pump station and a motor greasing and wash stall. A gasoline UST was located at the east side of the building and was removed in the 1980s. There is no record of post-removal samples.

A VSI was conducted in 2004 and an LSA was conducted in 2005. The LSA consisted of the completion of nine borings and temporary wells at locations biased to areas of highest potential impact. The LSA results indicated that potential release/impact had occurred from the former UST and limited VOC/PRO contaminants in groundwater screening data.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. The LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and no compliant groundwater data was collected.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recent RFI field investigation work included soil and groundwater sampling. The RFI is expected to indicate groundwater is impacted with VOCs but soils are no longer a source for VOC migration to groundwater. The CMS will likely specify natural attenuation monitoring with LUCs. The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy.

Site ID: RSA-265 Site Name: GASOLINE DRUM STORAGE AREA

Alias: GCWD



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Other (GRO, PRO),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
CS	200405	201308
RFI/CMS	201008	201309
DES	200906	201408
CMI(C)	200906	201508
CMI(O)	200906	201608

RIP Date: 201508 RC Date: 201608

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-265 is located in the southern portion of RSA, south of Dodd Road and west of Shields Road. The site boundary encompasses approximately 76 acres, of which approximately 42 acres are currently associated with Test Area (TA) 4 activities/support. Current range operations on a portion of RSA-265 began in 1962. Additionally, a small arms firing range is currently active within the site boundary. The site was initially constructed in 1942-1943 for use by the Army in the Gulf Chemical Warfare Depot for bulk storage of gasoline drums. The storage area appears to consist of 23 earthen-bermed areas capable of holding up to 12,000 drums. By 1950, activity associated with gasoline drum storage had apparently ceased; however, two areas identified as open storage for bauxite/aluminum ore are noted at the split of the former railroad spur north of the gasoline drum storage area. VOCs (benzene) detected in groundwater exceed action levels. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0006 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, additional funding has been provided under TO-0006 of the FY09 PBC contract to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. It is anticipated that a DES, CMI (C), CMI (O) and LTM will be required to address VOCs detected in groundwater exceeding action levels.

Site Name: FORMER UST, BUILDING 7852

Alias: TA2



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Other (GRO), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
CS	200912	201003
RFI/CMS	201003	201407
DES	201208	201504
CMI(C)	201208	201511

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201511

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-269 is a small area (approximately 0.1 acre), consisting of Building 7852 and a 1,000-gallon UST located east of the building and within Test Area 2. Groundwater is part of RSA-154. Building 7852 was built in 1959 as a pump house in support of operations on Test Area 2, which is an area for hazardous assembly, dynamic testing, and environmental conditions testing. RSA building lists indicate that Building 7852 was designated as a pump house through 1988 and is currently labeled as a "Fuse Test Facility." It lies approximately 30 feet from the southeast corner of the missile centrifuge test stand at Building 7843. A 1958 engineering drawing shows mechanical and electrical specifications for two 1,500-gallons per minute (gpm) electrical motor pumps and one 3,500-gpm diesel engine pump used to supply water to Test Stand C. This engineering drawing also shows a 1,000-gallon UST east of the building. Although the tank is labeled as "gasoline tank" on the plan view and as "fuel tank" on the profile view, it is assumed that diesel fuel was contained in the UST to power the diesel engine pump. This UST is not included on the list of removed USTs provided by the Redstone Compliance Group and although unlikely, it is possible that the UST has been abandoned in place.

A VSI and an LSA were conducted in 2005. The LSA consisted of the completion of one boring and temporary well located east of the building and adjacent to a sanitary lift station. The LSA results showed there to be no VOC, TPH, SVOC, or metals impacts in the subsurface soils. The temporary well groundwater did contain TPH-GRO and both benzene and TCE at concentrations above MCL as well as a TCE breakdown product, 1, 2-DCA at a level above the tap water RSL.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. Since the LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and no compliant groundwater data was collected, additional sampling to conduct an ADEM-compliant RFI is necessary.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional soil and groundwater sampling is required to delineate the nature and extent of PAH contamination beyond the Phase I study boundary. The RFI is expected to soils are no longer a source for VOC migration to groundwater. The CMS will likely specify excavation with confirmation sampling and off-site nonhazardous waste disposal This will remove near surface contact exposure and also eliminate potential surface runoff routes to the nearby surface water body. The CMS will likely specify addressing any demonstrated groundwater impacts under the RSA-146 groundwater effort. The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy.

Site Name: FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BUILDING 7729

Alias: POL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Other (PRO), Polycyclic Aromatic

Hydrocarbons (PAH)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Other (Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200506
CS	200912	201003
RFI/CMS	201003	201501

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-271, Former Boiler House (Building 7729), is a 0.25-acre site located between the intersections of Raven Road and Curlew Drive, along Eagle Road in the North Plant area of lower southeast RSA. This site is a surface media site located within the former Redstone Ordnance Plant Line 1 operations area and later, the Thiokol Corporation (Thiokol)/Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine (RARE) North Plant area. RSA-271 consists of a vacant area (approximately 0.25 acres) and is the location of a former underground storage tank (UST) used to support the operation of the boiler unit in former Building 7729. A 1941 drawing shows the location of a former UST near the east corner of the former building and a blowoff and hotwell overflow pit near the middle of the southwestern side of the building. The blowoff and hotwell overflow pit were connected to Boiler Building 7728 and served as a compressor blowdown line and an oil/water separator.

The Army constructed Building 7729 (formerly B-529) in 1942. During Redstone Ordnance Plant operations, Building 7729 was used as a steam heating plant (boiler house). Following the acquisition by Thiokol (circa 1950), the building continued to be used as a boiler house until 1982. Subsequently, it was used as a maintenance storage area. The building has been demolished and the site is currently vacant. A list of removed USTs maintained by the Redstone Compliance Group indicates that a 2,800-gallon, steel UST (installation date unknown) was removed in September 1998. During the steam house/boiler operations, the UST was used to store No. 2 Fuel Oil.

Investigative and remedial actions began at the site in 1996 when the site was included in a Phase 1 assessment of the RARE North Plant area performed by Conastoga-Rovers and Associates for Thiokol. In 1998 CH2MHill collected the first samples as part of an assessment targeting the UST and hotwell/blowoff areas. Records show the UST was removed in the same year, although no post-removal sample data is available. Shaw conducted a VSI in 2004 and in an LSA in 2005, to identify contaminant releases within the potential source areas identified in 2004 by the previous VSIs. LSA sampling conducted in December 2005 specifically targeted the former UST and blowoff and hotwell overflow pit locations identified in the historical engineering drawing. PRO was found in all six locations with the highest concentrations within the former UST pit. No SVOC/PAH compounds were present in soils above screening levels. Groundwater samples contained PRO and PAH compounds at levels above screening levels, the highest from the UST pit. Samples were not analyzed for VOCs or metals. In 2010 Shaw conducted limited sampling at the former UST pit to collect samples for potential waste characterization. In addition during ongoing construction actions at the site in fall 2011, the former blowout/hotwell was compromised resulting in a release. Shaw collected post-response surface soil samples in accordance with ADEM¿s petroleum spill response requirements.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI) in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. Since the LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and no compliant groundwater data was collected, additional sampling to conduct an ADEM-compliant RFI is necessary.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

Site Name: FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BUILDING 7729

Alias: POL

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recently completed RFI work consisted of the installation and sampling of new wells and the collection and analysis of soil samples to define the nature and extent of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon compound surface soil contamination. Tasks for this site include completing the RFI; which is expected to lead to a RC decision based upon previous and new data and the inclusion of site groundwater in the RSA-146 remedy. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out RC with unrestricted land use.

Site Name: FORMER UST FOR BOILER UNIT BLD 7650

Alias: POL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Other (PRO), Polycyclic Aromatic

Hydrocarbons (PAH)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Other (Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
CS	200912	201003
RFI/CMS	201003	201405
DES	201208	201507
CMI(C)	201208	201507

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-272 occupies a small area (approximately 0.01 acre) west of Building 7650. The site is the former location of a UST of unknown capacity. Building 7650 was constructed in 1953 as an administration building for Thiokol. A portion of the facility was noted to have housed a natural gas boiler and generator. A 1975 historical document shows that money was budgeted for a tank removal at Building 7650; however, documentation of its completion was not found. The VSI conducted in 2005 identified a rectangular asphalt patch and flush-cut piping in the concrete pavement west of the boiler room, which appears to be the location of the former UST. Engineering drawings were located that support the hypothesized location of the former UST. A site visit conducted on July 22, 2010 by the Army, the ADEM confirmed the location of the former UST. Information was also found to indicate that an emergency diesel-powered generator was located for a period of time on the noted asphalt pad.

An LSA was conducted in 2005. The LSA consisted of the completion of two borings and temporary wells in the vicinity of the former UST location. Only subsurface samples, based on screening data, were collected. VOCs were not determined and SVOCs were not present above screening levels. PRO was detected at 15-18 ft bgs at concentrations up to 260 mg/kg. The hydro-punch groundwater samples contained SVOC/PAH compounds at levels significantly above RSLs and PRO at high concentrations. VOCs were not determined in the groundwater samples.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. The LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and no compliant groundwater data was collected.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recent RFI work indicates adequate characterization and the absence of contamination at concentrations above the levels of concern exist at the site. Additional work will consist of the installation of new wells and the collection and analysis of soil samples during well installation to complete the investigation. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI report, which is expected to support a NFA decision. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out (RC) with unrestricted land use.

Site ID: RSA-274

Site Name: PHYSICS LABORATORY & HIGH EXPLOSIVES

Alias: SP

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Perchlorate, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Other (Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200402	.200405
CS	200405	.200906
RFI/CMS	.200906	.201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-274, Physics Laboratory and High Explosives Storage Magazine, is an approximately 0.5-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. The site includes Buildings 7540 and an associated sump (existing) and 7541 (demolished). Building 7540 was constructed for Rohm and Haas in 1963 to serve as a mixer building to support the operational demands of Building 7597 (at RSA-C); however, prior to use, the program was cancelled and the facility was never used for propellant mixing. From 1970 to 1975, the Army used the facility as a physics laboratory. From 1975 to 1985, it was used for storage. In 1985, the building was transferred to Thiokol, who used it periodically for high-explosive storage until 1992. The building has not been used since 1992.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-274 will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address commingled groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site ID: RSA-275

Site Name: FORMER FILM PROCESSING LABORATORY

Alias: ROP SERVIC

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: MEDIUM

Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Other (Subsurface Soil)

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200405
RFI/CMS	200912	201410

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-275 consists of a grassy area adjacent to an asphalt drive and paved lot. The area was formerly Building S-7173, a photographic laboratory. Included with the site was an area containing an AST stand. It is not known whether the stand is at the historical location of operation or moved to this location at a later time. The AST may be unrelated to the photographic laboratory; however, a boiler was located behind the laboratory. Building S-7173 operations support the administrative operations of Building 7172, to which the laboratory was attached. Both buildings were built in the 1950s and both were demolished by 1986.

An LSA was conducted in 2005. The LSA consisted of the completion of two borings and one temporary well. The boring/well was placed within the footprint of the former building and the soil boring was located adjacent to the former AST stand. Samples were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, metals, and PRO. Several metals were detected at levels above screening levels in the surface soil sample at Building S-173. No metals were above BSVs in the subsurface sample and no analytes were present in the groundwater sample above screening levels.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. The LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and no compliant groundwater data was collected.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional RFI work, consisting of the installation and sampling of new wells and the collection and analysis of soil samples during installation is necessary to complete the investigation. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI; which is expected to lead to an RC decision based upon previous and new data. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out (RC) and unrestricted land use.

Site ID: RSA-276

Site Name: FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BLDG 7362

Alias: POL



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Other (PRO)

Media of Concern: Groundwater

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200402	200506
CS	200912	201003
RFI/CMS	201003	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-276 occupies a vacant area (approximately 0.4 acre) which is the site of former Building 7362. Building 7362 was built in 1959 as a boiler house to support rocket casting and finishing operations conducted in adjacent Building 7360. In the mid-1980s, the building became a storage facility for inert materials until it was demolished. Two 1958 engineering drawings were found that document the layout of the former building and the location of the former 5,000-gallon UST. During the steam house/boiler house operations, the UST was used to store fuel oil No. 2.

An LSA was conducted in 2005. The LSA consisted of the completion of two borings and temporary wells in the vicinity of the former UST location. Only subsurface samples, based on screening data, were collected. VOCs were not determined and SVOCs were not present above screening levels. Low levels of PRO (<10 mg/kg) were detected at 14-20ft bgs. One hydro-punch groundwater sample contained PRO at 110 ug/l. VOCs were not determined in the groundwater samples and SVOCs were not present at levels above screening values.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. The LSA effort does not meet the ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and no compliant groundwater data was collected.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Recent RFI work indicates adequate characterization and the absence of contamination at concentrations above the levels of concern exist at the site. Additional work will consist of the collection and analysis of a second round of groundwater samples to complete the investigation. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI report, which is expected to support a NFA decision. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out RC with unrestricted land use. The investigation at RSA-276 focuses primarily on petroleum hydrocarbons contamination resulting from a suspected fuel discharge at the location of the former UST; however, a potential source of perchlorate will be investigated at RSA-276. Perchlorate was not sampled in soils or groundwater, but is mapped as a plume in the RSA-146 groundwater unit, which underlies the RSA-276 site. Existing RSA-146 data indicate the perchlorate is from an upgradient source at RSA-198. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI which is expected to lead to a RC decision based upon previous and new data and the inclusion of site groundwater in the RSA-146 remedy. A statement of basis and permit modification will recommend site close-out RC with unrestricted land use.

Site ID: RSA-A Site Name: INACTIVE PROPELLANT STORAGE WELLS

Alias: SP



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RRSE: LOW

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198910	199009
CS	199410	200906
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-A, Inactive Propellant Storage Wells, is an approximately 1.1-acre site located in the southeastern portion of RSA in the former Thiokol South Plant area, within groundwater unit RSA-146. The Propellant Storage Wells are 51 steel-cased, four-in. diameter wells, each less than five-feet deep, and used as temporary storage for experimental explosives and propellants.

The wells are located in a fenced area northwest of former Building 7598. Building 7598 was built in 1955 and used by Rohm and Haas as a chemical processing building for experimental rocket propellants until 1971. The building was used by Raytheon between 1975 and 1982 for rocket side thruster motor manufacturing, and by the Army in the early-1990s as a missile laboratory. It was demolished in the late-1990s. A sump associated with the building still exists in a wooded patch northeast of the former building footprint. Building 7580 is a small utility shed which still exists at the site, and Building 7599 is an earthen bunker used in support of chemical processing at Building 7598, with storage operations continuing until mid-1990s. The bunker still exists.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path is to complete the RFI, demonstrating that unrestricted use is appropriate for this site. The permit modification for RSA-A will identify site closure for unrestricted use for surface media and for the groundwater site to address groundwater contamination. No post-PBA actions will be necessary.

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
MSFC-002	INACTIVE ABANDONED DRUM DISPOSAL SITE	200709	A Non-Time Critical Removal Action was performed in 2007. A ROD for NFA was submitted to the regulatory agencies and signed in July 2008.
MSFC-003	INACTIVE OLD BONE YARD DISPOSAL SITE	200109	Cleanup covered under MSFC-003-R-01
MSFC-055	DISMANTLED STAUFFER CHEM.MFG. PLANT SITE	199909	Responsibility assumed by NASA under MOA
MSFC-060	INACTIVE DELUGE WATER DRAINAGE SYS.	199909	Closure DD signed by USEPA Region IV and ADEM agreeing to NFA 1999 Sept 15
MSFC-065	FORMER PESTICIDE STORAGE SURFACE DRAIN	199909	Responsibility assumed by NASA under MOA
MSFC-074	INACTIVE DISPOSAL SITE	200604	The site was closed with an administrative letter from USEPA and ADEM in April 2006.
MSFC-077	INACTIVE OPEN BURNING/DISPOSAL PITS	200809	An expanded SI report recommended no action for the site. The regulatory agencies concurred in August 2008.
MSFC-082	INACTIVE CHEM.MUNTS.DEMIL/DISP. TRENCHES	200409	Combined with MSFC-003
MSFC-D	FORMER FUEL OIL STORAGE CONTAINMENT BERM	200409	Responsibility assumed by NASA under MOA
RSA-001	FOX ARMY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL INCINERATOR	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-002	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.3338	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-003	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.3617	199102	Now compliance response site CCSWMU-003
RSA-004	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR & WASHRACK	199102	NFA approved by ADEM in Oct 2006
RSA-006	PAINT SHOP & SUMPS BLDG 3634 MOTOR POOL	199102	NFA received from ADEM on Oct 04
RSA-007	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE AREA, BLDG. 3775	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-008	INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 4	200212	Now compliance response site CCSWMU-008
RSA-009	INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT NO. 3	200212	Now compliance response site CCSWMU-009
RSA-011	INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT NO. 1	200709	No Action ROD signed in September 2007.
RSA-012	ACTIVE OPEN BURN PANS	199102	Site is an active site regulated under subpart 'X' of the RCRA permit.
RSA-015	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 1	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-016	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 2	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-017	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 3	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-018	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 4	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-019	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 5	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-020	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 6	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-021	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 7	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-022	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 8	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
RSA-023	HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 9	199102	Site is an active storage unit and not eligible for ER,A program
RSA-024	HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 10	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-025	HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 11	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-026	HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 12	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-027	HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 13	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-028	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, 5693 AREA	199102	Now compliance response site CCSWMU-028
RSA-029	REDSTONE ARSENAL SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM	199102	This site is being tracked under our RCRA program. It is on the NFA list of sites in the Hazardous Waste Permit. No further action is planned for this site. It is an operating sewer system, so it is not eligible for IRP funding.
RSA-030	CENTRAL OIL/WATER SEPARATOR	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-031	CENTRAL OIL/WATER SEPARATOR STORAGE TANK	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-033	PLATING ROOM FLOOR DRAINS, BLDG. 5432	199102	RSA-033 was transferred to the RCRA program and is listed as NFA in the RCRA permit. ADEM concurred with NFA on 26 Nov 2002.
RSA-034	WASTE AVIATION FUEL TEMP. STORAGE AREA	199102	RSA-034 was transferred to the RCRA program and is listed as NFA in the RCRA permit. ADEM concurred with NFA on 6 Dec 2004.
RSA-035	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.4812	199102	On RCRA Permit as NFA
RSA-036	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.4832	199102	RSA-036 was transferred to the RCRA program and is listed as NFA in the RCRA permit. ADEM concurred with NFA on 22 Jun 2005.
RSA-037	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #7846	199102	Site will be remediated under the CC
RSA-038	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3240D	199606	Program DD signed by ADEM Jun 30 1996 for clean closure after underground used oil tank and piping were removed and the former tank vault was backfilled with clean soil.
RSA-039	REMOVED #2 FUEL OIL UST SITE, TANK #3338	199308	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-040	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3617	199603	DD signed by ADEM Mar 31 1996 for clean closure after underground used oil storage tank and piping were removed and the former tank vault was backfilled with clean soil.
RSA-041	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3636	199207	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-042	REMOVED O.W. SEP.STORAGE TANK #4812 SITE	199102	Site will be remediated under the CC Program
RSA-043	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3665	199307	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-044	REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #5435B	199102	Site will be remediated under the CC Program
RSA-046	INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION & DEMIL SITE	200409	RSA-046 is a former range operation on

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
			an operational range and is not eligible for either IRP or CC funding. A list in the Hazardous Waste Permit is being prepared to address sites located on ranges at such time as the range goes out of operation. The disposal trenches for this operation are being addressed under
RSA-047	FORMER CHEMICAL TRAINING OPERATIONS	200709	site RSA-281. RSA-047 had a No Action ROD signed in September 2007.
RSA-051	INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-052	INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-055	INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL	200202	Combined with RSA-054.
RSA-061	INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-062	INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA	200202	RSA-62 and RSA-061 are one disposal area. RSA-062 is now RC and all work for the combined RSA-061/062 site is covered under RSA-061.
RSA-063	INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION STORAGE AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-064	INACTIVE MUNITION DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-066	INACTIVE ASH DISPOSAL SITE & DEMIL AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-068	INACTIVE TOXIC CHEMICAL DISPOSAL AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-070	FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA	200202	RSA-070 has been combined with RSA- 069 as these adjacent sites were used for the same purposes.
RSA-071	HIGH EXPLOSIVE DROP TEST SITE AREA	199102	RSA-071 is in the RCRA program and is not eligible for either IRP or CC funding. A list in the Hazardous Waste Permit is being prepared to address sites located on ranges at such time as the range goes out of operation.
RSA-072	MORTAR SHELL TEST SITE AREA	199102	RSA-072 is in the RCRA program and is not eligible for either IRP or CC funding. A list in the Hazardous Waste Permit is being prepared to address sites located on ranges at such time as the range goes out of operation.
RSA-073	HIGH EXPLOSIVE IMPACT TEST SITE (WEST)	199102	RSA-073 is in the RCRA program and is not eligible for either IRP or CC funding. A list in the Hazardous Waste Permit is being prepared to address sites located on ranges at such time as the range goes out of operation.
RSA-074	HIGH EXPLOSIVE IMPACT TEST SITE (EAST)	199102	RSA-074 is in the RCRA program and is not eligible for either IRP or CC funding. A list in the Hazardous Waste Permit is being prepared to address sites located on ranges at such time as the range goes

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
			out of operation.
RSA-075	INACTIVE SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-076	REMOVED RDX/HMX FILTRATION UNIT 1, NORTH	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-077	REMOVED RDX/HMX FILTRATION UNIT 2, SOUTH	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-078	FORMER RDX/HMX FILTER UNIT 1 SUMP, NORTH	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-079	FORMER RDX/HMX FILTER UNIT 2 SUMP, SOUTH	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-080	FORMER RDX/HMX SUSPEN.TRANSFER PAD/SUMP	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-081	REMOVED RDX/HMX CHARCOAL COLUMN DOLLY	199102	NFA under RCRA permit
RSA-082	FORMER SPARGE UNIT SITE, BLDG. 7595	200212	Combined with RSA-C
RSA-084	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	199708	Closure DD signed by USEPA and ADEM 1997 Oct 10
RSA-085	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	199102	RSA-085 was investigated under the RCRA program and received a NFA on the surface media. The site is to transfer to the CERCLA program for addressing the groundwater. This site is co-located with and will be combined with RSA-198.
RSA-086	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	199102	RSA-086 received an NFA from ADEM in Nov 2003 under the RCRA program.
RSA-089	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	200509	The groundwater contamination will be addressed as part of the remedial activities for RSA-97. The cost for perchlorate remediation at this site is included in the estimate for RSA-97.
RSA-090	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	199102	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-091	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	199102	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-092	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	199102	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-093	FORMER RECLAIMED EMPTY DRUM STORAGE AREA	199102	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-094	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 1	200909	PP and ROD were completed in 2009. A No Action remedy was approved, provided the building stays in place.
RSA-098	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 5	200509	Site determined to be not ER,A eligible. Being addressed under RSA-196.
RSA-099	ABANDONED PLATING SHOP TANKS & SUMPS	200409	RSA-099 received a No Action ROD signed by USEPA in Sept 2004. ADEM has allowed this site to be moved to the NFA table in the permit.
RSA-100	REMOVED ABOVE GROUND USED OIL TANK	199102	RSA-100 was transferred to the RCRA program and is listed in the NFA table in the permit.
RSA-101	ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA	198803	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
RSA-102	DISMANTLED PESTICIDE MFG. PLANT SITE	198803	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-103	CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON	198803	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-104	ABANDONED ISP WASTE DISCHARGE LINE	200509	Combined into RSA-117
RSA-105	INACTIVE CLOSED DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES	198803	OLIN DDT
RSA-106	EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION	198803	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-107	CLOSED DDT CONTAM.SOILS/DEBRIS LANDFILL	198303	Permit NFA
RSA-108	TEST RANGE 4 MISSILE IMPACT SITE	199708	Closure DD signed by USEPA and ADEM 1997 Oct 10
RSA-110	FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-111	CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS	199102	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-116	FORMER OPERATIONS AT SO. SIDE LAGOON	200212	Based upon the ongoing facility use, the site is not considered DERP eligible. A request has been forwarded to EPA/ADEM to remove this site from the CERCLA program. Approval from ADEM was granted on 4 Feb 03. The site is now being tracked as compliance response site CCSWMU-116
RSA-118	INACTIVE IND. DITCH & DISCHARGE LAGOON	200409	Response complete. This site has been included in RSA-117.
RSA-119	ISP INTERNATIONAL MANUFACTURING PLANT	199102	Tenant has own RCRA Permit
RSA-120	MATTHEWS CAVE AND RAVINE	199102	Permit NFA
RSA-121	PAINT SHOP/PAINT WASHOUT BOOTH, BLD.4762	199102	Permit NFA
RSA-123	INACTIVE CEMENT PLANT SUMP	199102	Based on the RFA report, soil and groundwater samples were not recommended to be collected.
RSA-124	DISMANTLED CALGON WTP PROCESS EQUIPMENT	199102	Permit NFA
RSA-125	WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA, BLDG. 5477	199102	Permit NFA
RSA-127	PHOTO LAB WASTEWATER SUMP, BLDG. 5451	199102	Permit NFA
RSA-128	INACTIVE MUSTARD GAS DEMIL AREA	200202	Combined with RSA-112
RSA-129	FORMER BURN PAD & CAPPED WASHOUT PIT	200509	ORAP
RSA-130	INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345	199710	Removal action taken - NFA
RSA-131	ACTIVE OPEN DETONATION AREA	199102	RCRA Subpart X Permit
RSA-132	DISMANTLED & REMOVED POPPING FURNACE	200202	Combined into RSA-013
RSA-133	INACTIVE ROCKET WASHOUT RACK & SUMP	200202	Combined into RSA-013
RSA-141	4.2 INCH MORTAR DISPOSAL SITE, BLDG 4656	200803	Transferred to MMRP (RSA-141-R-01)
RSA-144	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 6	201209	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
			modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-188	NORTHERN BURIAL AREA / BURNING GROU	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-189	MOTOR/OXIDIZER PREP FACILITIES	201203	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-190	DISPOSAL/DRAINAGE AREA WEST OF ROP	201110	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-191	ROP LINE 1 SERVICE FACILITIES	201212	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-195	THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #1	201301	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-196	TEST STAND AND CLEANING BUILDING	200909	The final ROD recommending No Action was signed in September 2008.
RSA-197	ROCKET MOTOR TEST STAND	201009	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-202	GRADED AREA NW OF ROP STORAGE	201209	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-205	PHOTO LAB & MOTOR SERVICE FACILITY	201211	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-207	ROHM & HAAS GORGAS LABORATORY	201301	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table for sites requiring action for groundwater only.
RSA-214	ROP LINE 6 AREA OPS FACILITY	201111	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-223	CENTRAL RAILROAD CLASSIFICATION YD	200709	RSA-223 received concurrence letters from USEPA and ADEM on the Preliminary Risk Evaluation document and recommendation for NFA for this site.
RSA-224	CONTAINER STORAGE AREA	200809	Received concurrence letters from EPA and ADEM on the recommendation for NFA presented in the Expanded SI report.
RSA-229	FORMER PX SERVICE STATION	200810	Received concurrence for No Action based upon ARBCA submittals.
RSA-232	SMF #1 SERVICE STATION	200709	RSA-232 received concurrence for No Action based upon ARBCA submittals.
RSA-234	WASTE DISPOSAL PIT	200807	Transferred to MMRP (RSA-234-R-01)

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
RSA-235	BULK FUEL STORAGE FACILITY	200709	RSA-235 received concurrence for No Action based upon ARBCA submittals.
RSA-236	GRENADE PACKING AND ASSEMBLY	200809	Received concurrence letters from EPA and ADEM on the recommendation for NFA presented in the Expanded SI report.
RSA-249	INACTIVE OLD BONEYARD DISPOSAL SITE	200901	Transferred to MMRP (RSA-249-R-01)
RSA-273	PROPELLANT CONDITIONING AND MOTOR C	201301	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table for sites requiring action for groundwater only.
RSA-281	DISPOSAL TRENCHES AT RSA-046 RANGE	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
RSA-B	ABANDONED ARMY PROPELLANT MFG.BLDG 7598	199708	Closure DD signed by USEPA and ADEM 1997 Oct 10
RSA-C	ABANDONED ARMY PROPELLANT MIXER BLDG.	201203	ADEM letter concurred with NFA recommendation. ADEM is currently modifying the permit to move the site to the NFA table.
RSA-D	FORMER CYANIDE-BASE PAINTING OPERATION	200809	Received concurrence letters from EPA and ADEM on the recommendation for NFA presented in the Expanded SI report.
RSA-E	FUEL OIL SPILL FROM TANK #5693	200212	Based upon the ongoing facility use, the site is not considered DERP eligible. A request has been forwarded to EPA/ADEM to remove this site from the CERCLA program. Approval from ADEM was granted on 4 Feb 03. The site is now being tracked as compliance response site CCSWMU-E.
RSA-F	FORMER OPERATIONS AT OPEN STORAGE YARD	200212	Based upon the ongoing facility use, the site is not considered DERP eligible. A request has been forwarded to EPA/ADEM to remove this site from the CERCLA program. Approval from ADEM was granted on 4 Feb 03. USEPA has unofficially concurred and formal confirmation is forthcoming. The site is now being tracked as compliance response site CCSWMU-F.

Date of IRP Inception: 197710

Past Phase Completion Milestones

1978

RFA (RSA-101 - ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA, RSA-102 - DISMANTLED PESTICIDE

MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-103 - CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON, RSA-105 - INACTIVE CLOSED

DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES, RSA-106 - EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION)

1979

CS (RSA-102 - DISMANTLED PESTICIDE MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-103 - CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING

LAGOON, RSA-105 - INACTIVE CLOSED DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES, RSA-106 - EARTHEN RETENTION

DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION)

1981

RFA (RSA-107 - CLOSED DDT CONTAM.SOILS/DEBRIS LANDFILL)

1982

CMI(C) (RSA-107 - CLOSED DDT CONTAM.SOILS/DEBRIS LANDFILL)

1987

CMI(C) (RSA-101 - ENCAPSULATED PESTICIDE CONTAM. SED. AREA, RSA-102 - DISMANTLED PESTICIDE

MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-103 - CAPPED PESTICIDE SETTLING LAGOON, RSA-105 - INACTIVE CLOSED

DDT DRAINAGE DITCHES, RSA-106 - EARTHEN RETENTION DAMS FOR DDT MIGRATION)

1989

RFA (RSA-005 - INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA, RSA-083 - INACTIVE SPRAY PAINT BOOTH SUMP,

RSA-109 - FORMER CHEMICAL MUNITIONS STAGING AREA, RSA-114 - INACTIVE MADKIN MOUNTAIN ROCK QUARRY, RSA-117 - FORMER LIQUID CAUSTIC MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-122 - DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG. PLANTS SITE, RSA-134 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCH & BURN PIT, RSA-139 -

CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-NORTH)

PA (RSA-129 - FORMER BURN PAD & CAPPED WASHOUT PIT)

1990

SI (RSA-129 - FORMER BURN PAD & CAPPED WASHOUT PIT, RSA-132 - DISMANTLED & REMOVED

POPPING FURNACE, RSA-133 - INACTIVE ROCKET WASHOUT RACK & SUMP)

ISC (RSA-037 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #7846, RSA-038 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE,

TANK #3240D, RSA-039 - REMOVED #2 FUEL OIL UST SITE, TANK #3338, RSA-040 - REMOVED USED

OIL UST SITE, TANK #3617, RSA-041 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3636, RSA-043 -

REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3665)

CS (RSA-050 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-052 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL &

DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-061 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-062 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-063 - INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION STORAGE AREA, RSA-117 - FORMER LIQUID CAUSTIC MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-134 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCH &

BURN PIT)

RFA (MSFC-027 - INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA, MSFC-034 - FORMER CHEMICAL PRODUCTION

AREA, MSFC-035 - INACTIVE SUMP/TILED DRAIN FIELD-EAST TA, MSFC-053 - FORMER PROPELLANT STORAGE AREA, MSFC-055 - DISMANTLED STAUFFER CHEM.MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-001 - FOX ARMY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL INCINERATOR, RSA-002 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.3338, RSA-003 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.3617, RSA-004 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR & WASHRACK, RSA-006 - PAINT SHOP & SUMPS BLDG 3634 MOTOR POOL, RSA-007 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE AREA, BLDG. 3775, RSA-010 - CLOSED UNLINED SANITARY LANDFILL, RSA-012 - ACTIVE OPEN BURN PANS, RSA-013 - UNLINED INACTIVE OPEN BURN PADS, RSA-014 - UNLINED INACTIVE BURN TRENCHES, RSA-015 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 1, RSA-016 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 2, RSA-017 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 3, RSA-018 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 4, RSA-019 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 6, RSA-021 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 7, RSA-022 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 8, RSA-023 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 9, RSA-024 - HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE

RSA-023 - HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 9, RSA-024 - HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 10, RSA-025 - HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 11, RSA-026 - HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 12, RSA-027 - HAZ. WASTE VACANT STORAGE IGLOO, NO. 13, RSA-028 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, 5693 AREA, RSA-029 - REDSTONE ARSENAL SANITARY

SEWER SYSTEM, RSA-030 - CENTRAL OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, RSA-031 - CENTRAL OIL/WATER SEPARATOR STORAGE TANK, RSA-032 - INACTIVE SCRAP METAL STORAGE AREA, RSA-033 -PLATING ROOM FLOOR DRAINS, BLDG. 5432, RSA-034 - WASTE AVIATION FUEL TEMP. STORAGE AREA, RSA-035 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.4812, RSA-036 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG.4832, RSA-042 - REMOVED O.W. SEP.STORAGE TANK #4812 SITE, RSA-044 -REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #5435B, RSA-045 - SMOKE MUNITIONS PLANT 3, RSA-048 -INACTIVE CLOSED SANITARY LANDFILL, RSA-049 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-WEST, RSA-050 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-051 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-052 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-053 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-054 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-056 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-SOUTH, RSA-057 - INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE LAGOON-EAST, RSA-058 - INACTIVE CLOSED RUBBLE FILL & WASTE PILE, RSA-059 - INACTIVE CLOSED CONSTRUCTION RUBBLE FILL, RSA-060 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-061 -INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-062 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-063 - INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION STORAGE AREA, RSA-064 - INACTIVE MUNITION DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-065 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-066 - INACTIVE ASH DISPOSAL SITE & DEMIL AREA, RSA-067 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-068 -INACTIVE TOXIC CHEMICAL DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-069 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-070 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-071 - HIGH EXPLOSIVE DROP TEST SITE AREA, RSA-072 - MORTAR SHELL TEST SITE AREA, RSA-073 - HIGH EXPLOSIVE IMPACT TEST SITE (WEST), RSA-074 - HIGH EXPLOSIVE IMPACT TEST SITE (EAST), RSA-075 - INACTIVE SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR, RSA-076 - REMOVED RDX/HMX FILTRATION UNIT 1, NORTH, RSA-077 - REMOVED RDX/HMX FILTRATION UNIT 2, SOUTH, RSA-078 - FORMER RDX/HMX FILTER UNIT 1 SUMP, NORTH, RSA-079 - FORMER RDX/HMX FILTER UNIT 2 SUMP, SOUTH, RSA-080 - FORMER RDX/HMX SUSPEN.TRANSFER PAD/SUMP, RSA-081 - REMOVED RDX/HMX CHARCOAL COLUMN DOLLY, RSA-085 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-086 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-087 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-088 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-090 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-091 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-092 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-093 - FORMER RECLAIMED EMPTY DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-095 -CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 2, RSA-096 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 3, RSA-097 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 4, RSA-100 - REMOVED ABOVE GROUND USED OIL TANK, RSA-110 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-111 -CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, RSA-112 - FORMER DEMILITARIZATION & DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-113 -INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCHES & BURN PITS, RSA-115 - INACTIVE EAST SIDE BLOWDOWN LAGOON, RSA-119 - ISP INTERNATIONAL MANUFACTURING PLANT, RSA-120 - MATTHEWS CAVE AND RAVINE, RSA-121 - PAINT SHOP/PAINT WASHOUT BOOTH, BLD.4762, RSA-123 - INACTIVE CEMENT PLANT SUMP, RSA-124 - DISMANTLED CALGON WTP PROCESS EQUIPMENT, RSA-125 - WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA, BLDG. 5477, RSA-126 - INACTIVE OPEN BURN TRENCH, RSA-127 - PHOTO LAB WASTEWATER SUMP, BLDG. 5451, RSA-135H - INACTIVE SUMP FOR 1.1 PROPELLANT WASTES, RSA-138M - INACTIVE TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA, RSA-183 - FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY, RSA-A - INACTIVE PROPELLANT STORAGE WELLS, RSA-C - ABANDONED ARMY PROPELLANT MIXER

DISPOSAL SITE, MSFC-060 - INACTIVE DELUGE WATER DRAINAGE SYS., MSFC-065 - FORMER PESTICIDE STORAGE SURFACE DRAIN, MSFC-074 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL SITE, MSFC-077 - INACTIVE OPEN BURNING/DISPOSAL PITS, MSFC-082 - INACTIVE CHEM.MUNTS.DEMIL/DISP. TRENCHES, MSFC-D - FORMER FUEL OIL STORAGE CONTAINMENT BERM, RSA-008 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 4, RSA-009 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT NO. 3, RSA-011 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT NO. 1, RSA-046 - INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION & DEMIL SITE, RSA-047 - FORMER CHEMICAL TRAINING OPERATIONS, RSA-055 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-082 - FORMER SPARGE UNIT SITE, BLDG. 7595, RSA-084 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES

(MSFC-002 - INACTIVE ABANDONED DRUM DISPOSAL SITE, MSFC-003 - INACTIVE OLD BONE YARD

STORAGE PAD, RSA-089 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-094 -

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CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 1, RSA-098 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 5, RSA-099 - ABANDONED PLATING SHOP TANKS & SUMPS, RSA-104 - ABANDONED ISP WASTE DISCHARGE LINE, RSA-108 - TEST RANGE 4 MISSILE IMPACT SITE, RSA-116 - FORMER OPERATIONS AT SO. SIDE LAGOON, RSA-118 - INACTIVE IND. DITCH & DISCHARGE LAGOON, RSA-128 - INACTIVE MUSTARD GAS DEMIL AREA, RSA-130 - INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345, RSA-131 - ACTIVE OPEN DETONATION AREA, RSA-132 - DISMANTLED & REMOVED POPPING FURNACE, RSA-133 - INACTIVE ROCKET WASHOUT RACK & SUMP, RSA-B - ABANDONED ARMY PROPELLANT MFG.BLDG 7598, RSA-D - FORMER CYANIDE-BASE PAINTING OPERATION, RSA-E - FUEL OIL SPILL FROM TANK #5693, RSA-F - FORMER OPERATIONS AT OPEN STORAGE YARD)

1991

CS (RSA-013 - UNLINED INACTIVE OPEN BURN PADS, RSA-014 - UNLINED INACTIVE BURN TRENCHES,

RSA-066 - INACTIVE ASH DISPOSAL SITE & DEMIL AREA, RSA-115 - INACTIVE EAST SIDE BLOWDOWN

LAGOON)

SI (RSA-116 - FORMER OPERATIONS AT SO. SIDE LAGOON)

RFA (RSA-145 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-01, RSA-146 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02, RSA-147 -

GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-03, RSA-148 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-04, RSA-149 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-05, RSA-151 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-07, RSA-152 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-08, RSA-

156 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-12)

1992

IMP(C) (RSA-041 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3636)
PA (RSA-141 - 4.2 INCH MORTAR DISPOSAL SITE, BLDG 4656)

RFA (RSA-140 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL AREA , RSA-142 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT SPILL AREA)

1993

IMP(C) (RSA-039 - REMOVED #2 FUEL OIL UST SITE, TANK #3338, RSA-043 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE,

TANK #3665)

SI (RSA-055 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL)

CS (RSA-010 - CLOSED UNLINED SANITARY LANDFILL, RSA-053 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL

LANDFILL, RSA-054 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-056 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-SOUTH, RSA-059 - INACTIVE CLOSED CONSTRUCTION RUBBLE FILL, RSA-060 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-068 - INACTIVE TOXIC CHEMICAL DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-122 - DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG. PLANTS SITE, RSA-139 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-

NORTH, RSA-140 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL AREA)

1994

CS (RSA-058 - INACTIVE CLOSED RUBBLE FILL & WASTE PILE)
ISC (RSA-143 - UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE)

1995

CS (RSA-048 - INACTIVE CLOSED SANITARY LANDFILL, RSA-057 - INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE LAGOON-

EAST, RSA-067 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-113 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL

TRENCHES & BURN PITS, RSA-142 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT SPILL AREA)

SI (RSA-130 - INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345)

1996

IMP(C) (RSA-038 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE, TANK #3240D, RSA-040 - REMOVED USED OIL UST SITE,

TANK #3617)

RFA (RSA-144 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 6)

SI (RSA-047 - FORMER CHEMICAL TRAINING OPERATIONS, RSA-094 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT

DISTILLATION UNIT 1, RSA-098 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 5, RSA-118 - INACTIVE IND. DITCH & DISCHARGE LAGOON, RSA-128 - INACTIVE MUSTARD GAS DEMIL AREA, RSA-D -

FORMER CYANIDE-BASE PAINTING OPERATION)

INV (RSA-143 - UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE)

CS (RSA-005 - INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA, RSA-049 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-

WEST, RSA-051 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-095 - CHLORINATED-

SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 2, RSA-096 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 3, RSA-097 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 4, RSA-112 - FORMER DEMILITARIZATION & DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-114 - INACTIVE MADKIN MOUNTAIN ROCK QUARRY, RSA-126 - INACTIVE OPEN BURN

TRENCH, RSA-183 - FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY)

1997

SI (RSA-046 - INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION & DEMIL SITE, RSA-084 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES

STORAGE PAD, RSA-104 - ABANDONED ISP WASTE DISCHARGE LINE, RSA-108 - TEST RANGE 4 MISSILE IMPACT SITE, RSA-141 - 4.2 INCH MORTAR DISPOSAL SITE, BLDG 4656, RSA-B - ABANDONED

ARMY PROPELLANT MFG.BLDG 7598)

CS (RSA-032 - INACTIVE SCRAP METAL STORAGE AREA, RSA-065 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE

AREA, RSA-144 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 6, RSA-145 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-01, RSA-146 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02, RSA-147 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-03, RSA-148 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-04, RSA-149 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-05, RSA-151 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-07, RSA-152 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-08, RSA-156 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-12)

RI/FS (RSA-130 - INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345)

1998

RA(C) (RSA-130 - INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345)

SI (RSA-008 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 4, RSA-009 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT

PLANT NO. 3)

CS (MSFC-027 - INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA, RSA-064 - INACTIVE MUNITION DEMIL &

DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-069 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-070 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-110 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA)

RD (RSA-130 - INACTIVE PHOTOLAB SEPTIC TANK-BLDG.7345)

1999

SI (MSFC-002 - INACTIVE ABANDONED DRUM DISPOSAL SITE, MSFC-060 - INACTIVE DELUGE WATER

DRAINAGE SYS., MSFC-065 - FORMER PESTICIDE STORAGE SURFACE DRAIN, MSFC-074 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-089 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-099 - ABANDONED PLATING SHOP TANKS & SUMPS, RSA-E - FUEL OIL SPILL FROM TANK #5693, RSA-F - FORMER

OPERATIONS AT OPEN STORAGE YARD)

CS (MSFC-034 - FORMER CHEMICAL PRODUCTION AREA, MSFC-053 - FORMER PROPELLANT STORAGE

AREA, MSFC-055 - DISMANTLED STAUFFER CHEM.MFG. PLANT SITE, RSA-045 - SMOKE MUNITIONS

PLANT 3, RSA-087 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-088 - INACTIVE

PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD)

2000

SI (MSFC-077 - INACTIVE OPEN BURNING/DISPOSAL PITS, RSA-011 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT

PLANT NO. 1, RSA-082 - FORMER SPARGE UNIT SITE, BLDG. 7595)

2001

SI (MSFC-003 - INACTIVE OLD BONE YARD DISPOSAL SITE, MSFC-082 - INACTIVE

CHEM.MUNTS.DEMIL/DISP. TRENCHES, MSFC-D - FORMER FUEL OIL STORAGE CONTAINMENT BERM)

CS (RSA-138M - INACTIVE TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA)

2002

RFI/CMS (RSA-062 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-070 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM

STORAGE AREA)

RI/FS (RSA-055 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-128 - INACTIVE MUSTARD GAS DEMIL

AREA, RSA-132 - DISMANTLED & REMOVED POPPING FURNACE, RSA-133 - INACTIVE ROCKET

WASHOUT RACK & SUMP)

2003

RI/FS (RSA-008 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 4, RSA-009 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT

PLANT NO. 3, RSA-116 - FORMER OPERATIONS AT SO. SIDE LAGOON, RSA-E - FUEL OIL SPILL FROM

TANK #5693, RSA-F - FORMER OPERATIONS AT OPEN STORAGE YARD)

2004

RFA

(RSA-150 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 06, RSA-153 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 09, RSA-154 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 10, RSA-155 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 11, RSA-157 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 13, RSA-187 -NORTHERN THIOKOL MIXING FACILITY, RSA-188 - NORTHERN BURIAL AREA / BURNING GROU, RSA-189 - MOTOR/OXIDIZER PREP FACILITIES, RSA-190 - DISPOSAL/DRAINAGE AREA WEST OF ROP, RSA-191 - ROP LINE 1 SERVICE FACILITIES, RSA-192 - TETRYL AND IGNITER PROCESSING (ROP, RSA-193 - THIOKOL IGNITER PREPARATION FACILIT, RSA-194 - PHYSICAL TEST LABORATORY & STORAGE, RSA-195 - THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #1, RSA-196 - TEST STAND AND CLEANING BUILDING, RSA-197 - ROCKET MOTOR TEST STAND, RSA-198 - THIOKOL EQUIPMENT/TOOL CLEANING FAC, RSA-199 - THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #2, RSA-200 - ROP LINE 5 AREA OPERATIONS FACILITY, RSA-201 - THIOKOL RESEARCH LABORATORY, RSA-202 - GRADED AREA NW OF ROP STORAGE, RSA-203 - IGLOO AREA LOADING DOCK, RSA-204 - THIOKOL OXIDIZER FACILITY, RSA-205 - PHOTO LAB & MOTOR SERVICE FACILITY, RSA-206 - PROPELLANT MIXING FACILITY #2 & C, RSA-207 - ROHM & HAAS GORGAS LABORATORY, RSA-208 - SOUTH PLANT TESTING FACILITIES, RSA-209 -PROPELLANT CRUSHING/GRINDING & FUZE, RSA-210 - NITROGLYCERINE WASH HOUSE, RSA-211 -SOUTH PLANT STORAGE MAGAZINES, RSA-212 - PROPELLANT DRY HOUSES, RSA-213 - ROP LINE 4 AREA OPS FACILITY, RSA-214 - ROP LINE 6 AREA OPS FACILITY, RSA-215 - RSA-146 HISTORIC SERVICE FACILITIES, RSA-217 - INERT STORAGE WAREHOUSE FACILITIES, RSA-218 - DRMO OPEN STORAGE AREA, RSA-219 - CHEMICAL STORAGE AREA IN SALVAGE YD, RSA-220 - CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL STORAGE YARD, RSA-225 - FUSE MODIFICATION LINE 7, RSA-226 - OPEN STORAGE 54-2, RSA-227 - INACTIVE WASHRACK, RSA-228 - SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 2, RSA-230 - ABANDONED RUBBLE PILE, RSA-231 - SMF #1 MIXING & PREP FACILITIES, RSA-233 - SMF#2 MIXING AND PREPARATION FACILI, RSA-237 - PROPELLANT CUTTING AND DRYING, RSA-238 - HVA PLANT #2 MUSTARD LINES 5 & 6, RSA-239 - LINE # 1 BOILER HOUSE, RSA-249 - INACTIVE OLD BONEYARD DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-250 - FORMER STORAGE WAREHOUSE BLDG 778, RSA-252 - INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT 2. RSA-255 - MANGANESE ORE STORAGE AREA N. of RS, RSA-258 - FORMER PAINT SPRAY BUILDING 7862, RSA-261 - LANCE MISSILE CONDITIONING FACILITY, RSA-262 - CWS WAREHOUSE AREA BLDGS 8021-8027, RSA-263 - CWS MOTORPOOL(B 8017)/CHANGE HOUSE, RSA-265 - GASOLINE DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-269 - FORMER UST, BUILDING 7852, RSA-272 - FORMER UST FOR BOILER UNIT BLD 7650, RSA-273 - PROPELLANT CONDITIONING AND MOTOR C, RSA-274 -PHYSICS LABORATORY & HIGH EXPLOSIVES, RSA-275 - FORMER FILM PROCESSING LABORATORY, RSA-281 - DISPOSAL TRENCHES AT RSA-046 RANGE)

ISC (RSA-232 - SMF #1 SERVICE STATION, RSA-235 - BULK FUEL STORAGE FACILITY)

IMP(C) (RSA-143 - UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE)

PA (RSA-223 - CENTRAL RAILROAD CLASSIFICATION YD, RSA-224 - CONTAINER STORAGE AREA, RSA-

234 - WASTE DISPOSAL PIT, RSA-236 - GRENADE PACKING AND ASSEMBLY)

CAP (RSA-143 - UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE)

RI/FS (MSFC-082 - INACTIVE CHEM.MUNTS.DEMIL/DISP. TRENCHES, MSFC-D - FORMER FUEL OIL STORAGE

CONTAINMENT BERM, RSA-046 - INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION & DEMIL SITE, RSA-099 - ABANDONED PLATING SHOP TANKS & SUMPS, RSA-118 - INACTIVE IND. DITCH & DISCHARGE

LAGOON)

2005

CS

RI/FS (RSA-089 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-098 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT

DISTILLATION UNIT 5, RSA-104 - ABANDONED ISP WASTE DISCHARGE LINE, RSA-129 - FORMER

BURN PAD & CAPPED WASHOUT PIT)

RFA (PBCatRedstone - FY05 PBC, RSA-253 - UTILITY/FLAMMABLE MATERIALS STORAGE, RSA-271 -

FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BUILDING 7729, RSA-276 - FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BLDG 7362)

(RSA-188 - NORTHERN BURIAL AREA / BURNING GROU, RSA-194 - PHYSICAL TEST LABORATORY & STORAGE, RSA-195 - THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #1, RSA-196 - TEST STAND AND CLEANING BUILDING, RSA-198 - THIOKOL EQUIPMENT/TOOL CLEANING FAC, RSA-200 - ROP LINE 5 AREA

OPERATIONS FACILITY, RSA-226 - OPEN STORAGE 54-2, RSA-227 - INACTIVE WASHRACK, RSA-230 -

ABANDONED RUBBLE PILE, RSA-231 - SMF #1 MIXING & PREP FACILITIES, RSA-238 - HVA PLANT #2

MUSTARD LINES 5 & 6, RSA-252 - INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT 2, RSA-262 - CWS WAREHOUSE AREA BLDGS 8021-8027, RSA-281 - DISPOSAL TRENCHES AT RSA-046 RANGE)

ISC (RSA-229 - FORMER PX SERVICE STATION)

2006

RI/FS (MSFC-074 - INACTIVE DISPOSAL SITE)

2007

CS (RSA-150 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 06, RSA-153 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 09, RSA-154 - GROUNDWATER

UNIT 10, RSA-155 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 11)

RI/FS (MSFC-002 - INACTIVE ABANDONED DRUM DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-011 - INACTIVE SEWAGE

TREATMENT PLANT NO. 1, RSA-047 - FORMER CHEMICAL TRAINING OPERATIONS)

IRA (MSFC-002 - INACTIVE ABANDONED DRUM DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-146 - GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02)
INV (RSA-229 - FORMER PX SERVICE STATION, RSA-232 - SMF #1 SERVICE STATION, RSA-235 - BULK

FUEL STORAGE FACILITY)

SI (RSA-223 - CENTRAL RAILROAD CLASSIFICATION YD)

RFI/CMS (RSA-049 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-WEST, RSA-057 - INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE

LAGOON-EAST)

CAP (RSA-229 - FORMER PX SERVICE STATION)

2008

CMI(C) (RSA-049 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-WEST, RSA-057 - INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE

LAGOON-EAST)

SI (RSA-224 - CONTAINER STORAGE AREA, RSA-234 - WASTE DISPOSAL PIT, RSA-236 - GRENADE

PACKING AND ASSEMBLY)

CS (RSA-157 - GROUNDWATER UNIT 13)

IRA (RSA-252 - INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT 2)

RI/FS (MSFC-077 - INACTIVE OPEN BURNING/DISPOSAL PITS, RSA-141 - 4.2 INCH MORTAR DISPOSAL SITE,

BLDG 4656, RSA-D - FORMER CYANIDE-BASE PAINTING OPERATION)

IMP(C) (RSA-229 - FORMER PX SERVICE STATION)

2009

CMI(C) (RSA-056 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-SOUTH, RSA-139 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-

NORTH)

RI/FS (RSA-094 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 1)

RFI/CMS (RSA-056 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-SOUTH, RSA-122 - DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG.

PLANTS SITE, RSA-139 - CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-NORTH, RSA-183 - FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY, RSA-196 - TEST STAND AND CLEANING BUILDING, RSA-200 - ROP LINE 5

AREA OPERATIONS FACILITY)

IMP(O) (RSA-229 - FORMER PX SERVICE STATION)

CS (RSA-187 - NORTHERN THIOKOL MIXING FACILITY, RSA-189 - MOTOR/OXIDIZER PREP FACILITIES,

RSA-190 - DISPOSAL/DRAINAGE AREA WEST OF ROP, RSA-191 - ROP LINE 1 SERVICE FACILITIES, RSA-192 - TETRYL AND IGNITER PROCESSING (ROP, RSA-193 - THIOKOL IGNITER PREPARATION FACILIT, RSA-199 - THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #2, RSA-201 - THIOKOL RESEARCH LABORATORY, RSA-202 - GRADED AREA NW OF ROP STORAGE, RSA-203 - IGLOO AREA LOADING DOCK, RSA-204 - THIOKOL OXIDIZER FACILITY, RSA-205 - PHOTO LAB & MOTOR SERVICE FACILITY, RSA-206 - PROPELLANT MIXING FACILITY #2 & C, RSA-207 - ROHM & HAAS GORGAS LABORATORY, RSA-208 - SOUTH PLANT TESTING FACILITIES, RSA-209 - PROPELLANT CRUSHING/GRINDING & FUZE, RSA-210 - NITROGLYCERINE WASH HOUSE, RSA-211 - SOUTH PLANT STORAGE MAGAZINES, RSA-212 - PROPELLANT DRY HOUSES, RSA-213 - ROP LINE 4 AREA OPS FACILITY, RSA-215 - RSA-146 HISTORIC SERVICE FACILITIES, RSA-233 - SMF#2 MIXING AND PREPARATION FACILI, RSA-237 - PROPELLANT CUTTING AND DRYING, RSA-239 - LINE # 1 BOILER HOUSE, RSA-249 - INACTIVE OLD

BONEYARD DISPOSAL SITE, RSA-255 - MANGANESE ORE STORAGE AREA N. of RS, RSA-273 -

PROPELLANT CONDITIONING AND MOTOR C, RSA-274 - PHYSICS LABORATORY &HIGH EXPLOSIVES, RSA-A - INACTIVE PROPELLANT STORAGE WELLS, RSA-C - ABANDONED ARMY PROPELLANT MIXER

BLDG.)

2010

CS (RSA-197 - ROCKET MOTOR TEST STAND, RSA-269 - FORMER UST, BUILDING 7852, RSA-271 -

FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BUILDING 7729, RSA-272 - FORMER UST FOR BOILER UNIT BLD 7650, RSA-

276 - FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BLDG 7362)

2011

CMI(C) (RSA-122 - DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG. PLANTS SITE)
CS (RSA-083 - INACTIVE SPRAY PAINT BOOTH SUMP)

RFA (CCRSA-315 - Abandoned Drum Area, MSFC-033A - Surface Soils East of Bldg 4816)

RFI/CMS (RSA-053 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-058 - INACTIVE CLOSED RUBBLE FILL &

WASTE PILE, RSA-095 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 2, RSA-096 - CHLORINATED-

SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 3, RSA-142 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT SPILL AREA)

DES (RSA-122 - DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG. PLANTS SITE)

2012

RFI/CMS

(RSA-048 - INACTIVE CLOSED SANITARY LANDFILL, RSA-051 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-052 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-054 - INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL, RSA-059 - INACTIVE CLOSED CONSTRUCTION RUBBLE FILL, RSA-061 - INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-063 - INACTIVE CHEMICAL MUNITION STORAGE AREA, RSA-064 - INACTIVE MUNITION DEMIL & DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-066 - INACTIVE ASH DISPOSAL SITE & DEMIL AREA, RSA-068 - INACTIVE TOXIC CHEMICAL DISPOSAL AREA, RSA-087 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-088 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES

INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-088 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-108 - INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD, RSA-110 - FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA, RSA-144 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 6, RSA-188 - NORTHERN BURIAL AREA / BURNING GROU, RSA-189 - MOTOR/OXIDIZER PREP FACILITIES, RSA-190 - DISPOSAL/DRAINAGE AREA WEST OF ROP, RSA-202 - GRADED AREA NW OF ROP STORAGE, RSA-281 - DISPOSAL TRENCHES AT RSA-046 RANGE, RSA-C -

ABANDONED ARMY PROPELLANT MIXER BLDG.)

CS (MSFC-035 - INACTIVE SUMP/TILED DRAIN FIELD-EAST TA, RSA-214 - ROP LINE 6 AREA OPS

FACILITY)

IRA (RSA-097 - CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 4)

Projected Phase Completion Milestones

See attached schedule

Projected Record of Decision (ROD)/Decision Document (DD) Approval Dates

Site ID	Site Name	ROD/DD Title	ROD/DD Date
RSA-060	INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL	Permit Modification FOR RSA-060	20170228
RSA-069	FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA	Permit Modification for RSA-069	20140228
RSA-194	PHYSICAL TEST LABORATORY & STORAGE	Permit Modification for RSA-194	20150828
RSA-227	INACTIVE WASHRACK	Permit Modification FOR RSA-227	20141130
RSA-252	INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT 2	Permit Modification for RSA-252	20130430
RSA-275	FORMER FILM PROCESSING LABORATORY	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-275	20130630
RSA-065	FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 065	20141128

IRP Schedule

RSA-083	INACTIVE SPRAY PAINT BOOTH SUMP	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 083	20130830
RSA-088	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 088	20150228
RSA-140	INACTIVE DISPOSAL AREA	Permit Modification for RSA-140	20130730
RSA-152	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-08	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 152	20130419
RSA-187	NORTHERN THIOKOL MIXING FACILITY	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-187	20130830
RSA-198	THIOKOL EQUIPMENT/TOOL CLEANING FAC	Permit Modification for RSA-198	20130730
RSA-201	THIOKOL RESEARCH LABORATORY	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-201	20130830
RSA-218	DRMO OPEN STORAGE AREA	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-218	20130630
RSA-220	CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL STORAGE YARD	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-220	20130630
RSA-258	FORMER PAINT SPRAY BUILDING 7862	Permit Modification FOR RSA-258	20131030
RSA-253	UTILITY/FLAMMABLE MATERIALS STORAGE	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-253	20140430
RSA-272	FORMER UST FOR BOILER UNIT BLD 7650	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-272	20130630
RSA-276	FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BLDG 7362	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-276	20130630
RSA-058	INACTIVE CLOSED RUBBLE FILL & WASTE PILE	Permit Modification FOR RSA-058	20150630
RSA-067	FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA	Permit Modification FOR RSA-067	20140228
RSA-134	INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCH & BURN PIT	Permit Modification for RSA-134	20130928
RSA-138M	INACTIVE TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA	Permit Modification for RSA-138M	20131130
RSA-147	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-03	Permit Modification FOR RSA-147	20140130
RSA-156	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-12	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 156	20130430
RSA-210	NITROGLYCERINE WASH HOUSE		20130530
RSA-219	CHEMICAL STORAGE AREA IN SALVAGE YD	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-219	20140630
RSA-230	ABANDONED RUBBLE PILE	Permit Modification for RSA-230	20130730
RSA-250	FORMER STORAGE WAREHOUSE BLDG 778	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-250	20150315
RSA-255	MANGANESE ORE STORAGE AREA N. of RS	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-255	20130430
RSA-262	CWS WAREHOUSE AREA BLDGS 8021-8027	Permit Modification for RSA-262	20130430
RSA-135H	INACTIVE SUMP FOR 1.1 PROPELLANT WASTES	Permit Modification for RSA-135H	20130530
RSA-087	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES STORAGE PAD	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 087	20150228
RSA-117	FORMER LIQUID CAUSTIC MFG. PLANT SITE	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 109	20140228

IRP Schedule

RSA-109	FORMER CHEMICAL MUNITIONS STAGING AREA	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 109	20140228
RSA-117	FORMER LIQUID CAUSTIC MFG. PLANT SITE	Permit Modification FOR RSA-117	20141030
RSA-146	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 146	20151030
RSA-148	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-04	Permit Modification FOR RSA-148	20140130
RSA-208	SOUTH PLANT TESTING FACILITIES	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-208	20130530
RSA-213	ROP LINE 4 AREA OPS FACILITY	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-213	20130815
RSA-237	PROPELLANT CUTTING AND DRYING	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-237	20130530
RSA-261	LANCE MISSILE CONDITIONING FACILITY	Permit Modification FOR RSA-261	20140430
RSA-263	CWS MOTORPOOL(B 8017)/CHANGE HOUSE	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-263	20130630
RSA-274	PHYSICS LABORATORY &HIGH EXPLOSIVES	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-274	20130530
RSA-A	INACTIVE PROPELLANT STORAGE WELLS	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-A	20130830
RSA-013	UNLINED INACTIVE OPEN BURN PADS	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 013	20170519
RSA-149	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-05	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 149	20140115
RSA-150	GROUNDWATER UNIT 06	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 150	20161230
RSA-153	GROUNDWATER UNIT 09	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 153	20160930
RSA-199	THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX FACILITY #2	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-199	20130930
RSA-206	PROPELLANT MIXING FACILITY #2 & C	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-206	20140128
RSA-211	SOUTH PLANT STORAGE MAGAZINES	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-211	20130530
RSA-212	PROPELLANT DRY HOUSES	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-212	20130530
RSA-238	HVA PLANT #2 MUSTARD LINES 5 & 6	Permit Modification for RSA-238	20130530
RSA-265	GASOLINE DRUM STORAGE AREA	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-265	20130930
RSA-271	FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BUILDING 7729	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-271	20140530
MSFC-034	FORMER CHEMICAL PRODUCTION AREA	RECORD OF DECISION FOR MSFC- 034	20130830
RSA-014	UNLINED INACTIVE BURN TRENCHES	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA-	20170401
RSA-126	INACTIVE OPEN BURN TRENCH	Permit Modification for RSA-126	20131230
RSA-154	GROUNDWATER UNIT 10	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 154	20130430
RSA-203	IGLOO AREA LOADING DOCK	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-203	20130830
RSA-215	RSA-146 HISTORIC SERVICE FACILITIES	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-215	20130830

IRP Schedule

RSA-233	SMF#2 MIXING AND PREPARATION FACILI	Permit Modification FOR RSA-233	20140228
RSA-239	LINE # 1 BOILER HOUSE	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-239	20130830
RSA-269	FORMER UST, BUILDING 7852	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-269	20130530
RSA-005	INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 005	20140630
RSA-053	INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL LANDFILL	Permit Modification FOR RSA-053	20150330
RSA-145	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-01	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 145	20130630
RSA-157	GROUNDWATER UNIT 13	Permit Modification FOR RSA-157	20140630
RSA-193	THIOKOL IGNITER PREPARATION FACILIT	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-193	20130830
RSA-209	PROPELLANT CRUSHING/GRINDING & FUZE	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-209	20130930
RSA-217	INERT STORAGE WAREHOUSE FACILITIES	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-217	20140528
RSA-226	OPEN STORAGE 54-2	Permit Modification FOR RSA-226	20131130
RSA-228	SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 2	Permit Modification FOR RSA-228	20130930
RSA-231	SMF #1 MIXING & PREP FACILITIES	Permit Modification for RSA-231	20131030
RSA-273	PROPELLANT CONDITIONING AND MOTOR C	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-273	20130827
MSFC-027	INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA	RECORD OF DECISION FOR MSFC- 027	20130830
MSFC-053	FORMER PROPELLANT STORAGE AREA	RECORD OF DECISION FOR MSFC- 053	20130830
RSA-032	INACTIVE SCRAP METAL STORAGE AREA	Permit Modification FOR RSA-032	20131030
RSA-045	SMOKE MUNITIONS PLANT 3	Permit Modification FOR RSA-045	20161030
RSA-151	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-07	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 151	20130415
RSA-155	GROUNDWATER UNIT 11	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 155	20130430
RSA-192	TETRYL AND IGNITER PROCESSING (ROP	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-192	20130930
RSA-200	ROP LINE 5 AREA OPERATIONS FACILITY	RECORD OF DECISION FOR RSA- 200	20150128
RSA-204	THIOKOL OXIDIZER FACILITY	DECISION DOCUMENT FOR RSA-204	20130830

Final RA(C) Completion Date: 201610

Schedule for Next Five-Year Review: 2017

Estimated Completion Date of IRP at Installation (including LTM phase): 205609

							= phase u	ınderway
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-315	Abandoned Drum Area	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
MSFC-027	INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
MSFC-033A	Surface Soils East of Bldg 4816	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
MSFC-034	FORMER CHEMICAL PRODUCTION AREA	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
MSFC-035	INACTIVE SUMP/TILED DRAIN	RFI/CMS						
	FIELD-EAST TA	IRA						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
MSFC-053	FORMER PROPELLANT STORAGE	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	AREA SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
PBCatRedstone	FY05 PBC	RFI/CMS		1 1 10			1 1 1 0	11101
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-005	INACTIVE WASTE ACCUMULATION	RFI/CMS						
	AREA	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-010	CLOSED UNLINED SANITARY	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	LANDFILL	PHASE	EV4.4	EV4E	EV4C	EV47	EV40	EV40.
RSA-013	SITE NAME UNLINED INACTIVE OPEN BURN	RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
110/1010	PADS	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
CITE ID	CITE NAME		EV4.4	EV4E	EV4C	EV47	EV40	EV40.
SITE ID RSA-014	SITE NAME UNLINED INACTIVE BURN	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
	TRENCHES	DES						
		CMI(C)					-	
		CMI(C)						
CITE ID	SITE NAME		EV4.4	EV4E	EV46	EV47	EV4.0	EV40
SITE ID RSA-032	SITE NAME INACTIVE SCRAP METAL STORAGE	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
1.07.1.002	AREA	111 1/01/10						

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-045	SMOKE MUNITIONS PLANT 3	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-048	INACTIVE CLOSED SANITARY	CMI(C)						
	LANDFILL	LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-049	CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE LAGOONS-WEST	LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-050	INACTIVE MUNITIONS DEMIL &	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	DISPOSAL AREA SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-053	INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL	CMI(C)		1110	1110		1 1 1 0	1 1 101
	LANDFILL	CMI(O)						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-054	INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL	CMI(C)	F114	FTIS	FTIO	F 1 1 /	FIIO	F119 +
110/1001	LANDFILL	LTM						
			5 774.4	E)/45	E)/40	EV4=	E)/40	EV(40
SITE ID RSA-056	SITE NAME CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE PONDS-	PHASE LTM	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
N3A-030	SOUTH	L I IVI						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-057	INACTIVE ARSENIC WASTE	LTM						
SITE ID	LAGOON-EAST SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-058	INACTIVE CLOSED RUBBLE FILL &	CMI(C)	F114	F1 15	FIIO	F 1 1 /	FIIO	F119 +
	WASTE PILE	CMI(O)						
		LTM						
0.55							=>/10	=>// 0
SITE ID RSA-059	SITE NAME INACTIVE CLOSED CONSTRUCTION	PHASE CMI(C)	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
NOA-009	RUBBLE FILL	,						
		LTM						
RSA-060	SITE NAME INACTIVE SANITARY & INDUSTRIAL	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
K3A-000	LANDFILL	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
	FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM	RFI/CMS						
RSA-065	07004054054							
	STORAGE AREA	PHASE	FY14	FY15_	FY16	FY17_	FY18	FY10+
SITE ID	STORAGE AREA SITE NAME FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
SITE ID RSA-067	SITE NAME FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM STORAGE AREA	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME FORMER CHEMICAL DRUM		FY14 FY14	FY15 FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18 FY18	FY19+

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-083	INACTIVE SPRAY PAINT BOOTH	RFI/CMS						
	SUMP	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-087	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES	DES						
	STORAGE PAD	CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-088	INACTIVE PROPELLANT WASTES	DES						
	STORAGE PAD	CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-095	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT	CMI(C)						
	DISTILLATION UNIT 2	CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-096	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT	CMI(C)						
	DISTILLATION UNIT 3	CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-097	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT DISTILLATION UNIT 4	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-109	FORMER CHEMICAL MUNITIONS	RFI/CMS						
	STAGING AREA	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-112	FORMER DEMILITARIZATION &	RFI/CMS						
	DISPOSAL SITE	IRA						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-113	INACTIVE DISPOSAL TRENCHES &	RFI/CMS						
	BURN PITS	IRA						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-114	INACTIVE MADKIN MOUNTAIN ROCK	RFI/CMS						
	QUARRY	IRA						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-115	INACTIVE EAST SIDE BLOWDOWN LAGOON	RFI/CMS						

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-117	FORMER LIQUID CAUSTIC MFG.	RFI/CMS						
	PLANT SITE	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-122	DISMANTLED LEWISITE MFG. PLANTS SITE	LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-126	INACTIVE OPEN BURN TRENCH	RFI/CMS						
		IRA						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-138M	INACTIVE TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-139	CAPPED ARSENIC WASTE POND-	LTM						
SITE ID	NORTH SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-140	INACTIVE DISPOSAL AREA	RFI/CMS		1113	1110		1110	11131
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-142	CHLORINATED-SOLVENT SPILL	DES		1113	1110		1 1 10	ППЭТ
	AREA	CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-143	UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK SPILL SITE	IMP(O)	1114	1113	1110			
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-145	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-01	RFI/CMS						
		IRA						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-146	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-02	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-147	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-03	RFI/CMS						
		IRA						
SITE ID RSA-148	SITE NAME GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-04	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
		IRA						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-149	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-05	RFI/CMS						
		IRA				-		-

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-150	GROUNDWATER UNIT 06	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-151	GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-07	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID RSA-152	SITE NAME GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-08	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
NOA-102	GROONDWATER ONLY GW-00	DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-153	GROUNDWATER UNIT 09	RFI/CMS	1114	1113	1 1 10		1 1 10	11197
		DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-154	GROUNDWATER UNIT 10	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-155	GROUNDWATER UNIT 11	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID RSA-156	SITE NAME GROUNDWATER UNIT GW-12	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
11071 100	CHOCKEWATER CHIT CW 12	DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-157	GROUNDWATER UNIT 13	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		IRA						
		CMI(C)						

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-183	FORMER LEWISITE PRODUCTION FACILITY	CMI(O)						
	-	LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-187	NORTHERN THIOKOL MIXING FACILITY	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-192	TETRYL AND IGNITER PROCESSING (ROP	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-193	THIOKOL IGNITER PREPARATION FACILIT	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-194	PHYSICAL TEST LABORATORY &	DES						
	STORAGE	CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-198	THIOKOL EQUIPMENT/TOOL	DES						
	CLEANING FAC	CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-199	THIOKOL PROPELLANT MIX	RFI/CMS						
	FACILITY #2							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-200	ROP LINE 5 AREA OPERATIONS FACILITY	CMI(C)						
	TAGIETT	CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-201	THIOKOL RESEARCH LABORATORY	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-203	IGLOO AREA LOADING DOCK	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-204	THIOKOL OXIDIZER FACILITY	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-206	PROPELLANT MIXING FACILITY #2 &	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	C SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-208	SOUTH PLANT TESTING FACILITIES		ГПЧ	FIIJ	F 1 10		F110	ГПЭТ
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-209	PROPELLANT CRUSHING/GRINDING		ГПЧ	FIIJ	F 1 10		F110	ГПЭТ
	& FUZE				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-210	NITROGLYCERINE WASH HOUSE	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-211	SOUTH PLANT STORAGE	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	MAGAZINES SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-212	PROPELLANT DRY HOUSES	RFI/CMS						J J J
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-213	ROP LINE 4 AREA OPS FACILITY	RFI/CMS	1114	1113	110			
		, 00				1		

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-215	RSA-146 HISTORIC SERVICE FACILITIES	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-217	INERT STORAGE WAREHOUSE FACILITIES	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-218	DRMO OPEN STORAGE AREA	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-219	CHEMICAL STORAGE AREA IN SALVAGE YD	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-220	CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL STORAGE YARD	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-226	OPEN STORAGE 54-2	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-227	INACTIVE WASHRACK	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-228	SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT 2	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-230	ABANDONED RUBBLE PILE	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-231	SMF #1 MIXING & PREP FACILITIES	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-233	SMF#2 MIXING AND PREPARATION FACILI	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-237	PROPELLANT CUTTING AND DRYING	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-238	HVA PLANT #2 MUSTARD LINES 5 & 6	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-239	LINE # 1 BOILER HOUSE	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-250	FORMER STORAGE WAREHOUSE BLDG 778	RFI/CMS						- I I ST
	DLUG //o	DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-252	INCENDIARY BOMB FACILITY PLANT							
SITE ID	2 SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-253	UTILITY/FLAMMABLE MATERIALS STORAGE	RFI/CMS						

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-255	MANGANESE ORE STORAGE AREA	RFI/CMS						
	N. of RS	DES						
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-258	FORMER PAINT SPRAY BUILDING	RFI/CMS						
	7862	DUAGE	EV4.4	EVAE	EV40	EV4=	EV40	EV40
SITE ID RSA-261	SITE NAME LANCE MISSILE CONDITIONING	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
1X3A-201	FACILITY	IXI I/CIVIO						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-262	CWS WAREHOUSE AREA BLDGS	DES						
	8021-8027	CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-263	CWS MOTORPOOL(B 8017)/CHANGE	RFI/CMS						
OITE ID	HOUSE	DUACE	EVAA	EVAE	EV46	EV47	EVAO	EV40
SITE ID RSA-265	SITE NAME GASOLINE DRUM STORAGE AREA	PHASE DES	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
NOA-203	GASOLINE DIVOM STORAGE AREA							
		CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-269	FORMER UST, BUILDING 7852	RFI/CMS						
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-271	FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BUILDING	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	7729 SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-272	FORMER UST FOR BOILER UNIT	RFI/CMS						
	BLD 7650	DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-274	PHYSICS LABORATORY &HIGH	RFI/CMS	F114	FIIS	FIIO		FIIO	F119 +
110/12/	EXPLOSIVES	,						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-275	FORMER FILM PROCESSING LABORATORY	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-276	FORMER BOILER HOUSE, BLDG	RFI/CMS						
OUTE ID	7362	DUAGE			EV4-0		EV4.0	EV/40
SITE ID RSA-A	SITE NAME INACTIVE PROPELLANT STORAGE	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
1.04-4	WELLS	IXI I/CIVIO						

REDSTONE ARSENAL

Army Defense Environmental Restoration Program Military Munitions Response Program

MMRP Summary

Installation Total Army Environmental Database-Restoration (AEDB-R) Sites/Closeout Sites Count: 34/22

Installation Site Types with Future and/or Underway Phases

1 Burn Area

(RSA-234-R-01)

2 Chemical Disposal

(MSFC-003-R-01, RSA-141-R-01)

1 Explosive Ordnance Disposal Area

(RSA-221-R-01)

Small Arms Range

(RSA-280-R-01)

Storage Area

(RSA-249-R-01)

1 Training and Maneuver Area

(RSA-294-R-01)

5 Unexploded Munitions/Ordnance

(RSA-072-R-01, RSA-278-R-01, RSA-285-R-01, RSA-312-R-01, RSA-313-R-01)

Most Widespread Contaminants of Concern

Munitions and explosives of concern (MEC)

Media of Concern

Soil

Completed Remedial Actions (Interim Remedial Actions/ Final Remedial Actions (IRA/FRA))

Site ID	Site Name	Action	Remedy	FY
RSA-072- R-01	Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in Ran	IRA	UXO CLEARANCE	2009
PBA@MR Redston	PBA@MR Redstone	FRA	OTHER	2013

Duration of MMRP

Date of MMRP Inception 200201

Estimated Date for Remedy-In-Place (RIP)/Response Complete (RC): 202309/202309

Date of MMRP completion including Long Term Management (LTM): 205709

MMRP Contamination Assessment

Contamination Assessment Overview

The National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for FY02 (Public Law 107-107) amended the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) by establishing a new program element for the cleanup of property known or suspected to contain UXO, discarded military munitions (DMM) and/or munitions constituents (MC). It requires the Army to develop and maintain an inventory of sites [referred to as munitions response sites (MRS)] that are known or suspected to contain UXO, DMM, and/or MC for sites that are not located on operational ranges, operating manufacturing or storage facilities, or permitted demilitarization facilities. This program element is called the MMRP and is funded separately from the DERP; however, because the Army had previously conducted responses on-sites known or suspected to contain UXO, DMM, and/or MC, munitions response action can occur under the IRP category or the MMRP category. Under the MMRP category, the Army may conduct munitions response activities when the release is at a site that is not a formerly used defense site (FUDS), an operational range, an active munitions demilitarization facility, or an active waste military munitions (WMM) treatment or disposal unit and the site's MMRP costs were not identified or included in the DERP IRP database prior to Sept. 30, 2002.

The Army was required to initiate an inventory of defense sites or MRS with UXO, DMM, and/or MC by May 31, 2003, and to update the inventory annually until complete. The data collected during this inventory on defense sites provides the MRS that will be addressed as MMRP category sites. The range inventory consisted of three phases. Phase I, advance range survey (ARS), was completed between September and December 2000. The ARS was followed by Phase II, the active/inactive (A/I) range inventory, with data being collected from October 2000 through January 2003. The final phase, Phase III, was the closed, transferred or transferring (CTT) range inventory which was completed between October 2001 and December 2003. These three phases were completed specifically for RSA during the following time periods:

Phase I ARS was completed December 2000

Phase II A/I range inventory was completed July 2001

Phase III CTT range inventory was completed September 2002

There are some off-site issues associated with MMRP sites at Redstone. Site RSA-278-R-01 is a 110-acre portion of RSA that was transferred to the state of Alabama for the construction of Highway 565. The Army disclosed to the state the possible presence of UXO on this parcel and performed a visual sweep for UXO and ordnance-related residue prior to construction. No complete subsurface survey has been conducted. The extent of UXO or related materials (if any) found during construction is not known.

There is high regulatory interest in the MEC on RSA. There has been a great deal of confusion in regard to the division of responsibility between the IRP and MMRP for sites on the arsenal. Many of the issues causing the confusion are being worked out at the Army level and we have begun discussions with the regulators to sort through and alleviate the confusion.

As yet, there is little to no public interest in the MMRP sites. Most are located within the boundaries of RSA and the MSFC. Landowners within the site located off of the installation's property have been notified of the MMRP by letters sent in May 2009.

Work on the RFIs has begun on several of the MMRP sites under the PMC awarded in 2009. Several new MMRP sites have been identified due to range boundary adjustments to support mission activities. These new sites will be included in a forthcoming task under the PMC.

Cleanup Exit Strategy

The MMRP SI was completed in FY08 for all but one site. An extended SI was determined to be warranted for RSA249-R-01. Three new MMRP sites, RSA-285-R-01, RSA-312-R-01, and RSA-313-R-01 were added in FY11. Sites will be addressed in priority order based upon the Munitions Response Site Prioritization Protocol (MRSPP) and program funding availability.

MMRP Previous Studies

	i itie	Author	Date
2008			

Final Historical Range Report for RSA.	Shaw	JUN-2008
Final Site Investigation Report United States Army	Malcolm Pirnie, Inc.	SEP-2008
Garrison Redstone Arsenal		

REDSTONE ARSENAL

Military Munitions Response Program
Site Descriptions

Site ID: MSFC-003-R-01

Site Name: Inactive Old Bone Yard Disposal Sit

Alias: MSFC-003



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 03

Contaminants of Concern: Chemical weapon munitions (CWM)/Chemical agent, Munitions and explosives of concern

(MEC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200201	200305
CS	200602	200809
RFI/CMS	200911	202309
IRA	201103	202109
LTM	202709	205709

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 202309

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Old Bone Yard Site was used for disposal and/or treatment of CWM, toxic materials, chemical wastes, and phosphorous filled munitions. Burial trenches are suspected but are not confirmed. Site investigations in the three areas have been ongoing since 1988 with geophysical surveys and area specific sampling events completed in each.

Reportedly, the site was partially remediated in 1960 by clearing and burning vegetation, as well as screening and disking the top six inches of soil with bleach. All metal found during this action was incinerated in burn pits at the unit. Active, buried utility lines transverse this site. In 2000, 52 empty, chemically-configured 4.2 inch mortar rounds were uncovered during the repair of a water main.

NASA MSFC currently uses the site as an advanced engine and propulsion testing facility. The testing facility contains office buildings, parking areas, roads, non-potable water tanks, and pump houses. Current users of the site include authorized installation personnel, visitors, contractors, and trespassers. A gate and signs restrict vehicle traffic to the installation to authorized personnel and visitors. There are several buried and active utility lines associated with MSFC operations which traverse the site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

On Sept. 30, 2010, ADEM issued the RCRA Hazardous Waste Facility Permit No. AL7 210 020 742, to the Army. This RCRA Permit governs the storage, treatment, and disposal of hazardous waste, as well as corrective measures for multiple SWMUs and AOCs in accordance with RCRA. Part VI of the RCRA Permit requires that IM and/or source removal be completed at this suspect CWM site.

A Phase 1 and Phase 2 IRA, RFI, and LTM are expected.

Site ID: RSA-072-R-01

Site Name: Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in Ran

Alias: RSA-282



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 03

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC), Munitions constituents (MC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200201	200305
CS	200602	200809
RFI/CMS	200909	201501
IRA	200709	200810

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site RSA-072-R-01 (RSA-282) is a 117-acre portion of RSA-072 that is located outside of the RSA operational range boundaries. The location of RSA-072-R-01 corresponds to the impact area of RSA-072. Construction activities supporting the Software Engineering Directorate (SED) of the Aviation and Missile Research, Development, and Engineering Center in the RSA-072-R-01 areas have indicated that a continuing UXO hazard still exists at this site. Construction of the initial phases of the SED complex approximately 15 years ago unearthed some 4.2-inch mortar ordnance and explosives (OE) scrap but no munitions items presenting a UXO hazard. An EM-61 survey of the area was done in 2005 and a number of geophysical anomalies were noted. Construction on the more recent SED expansions resulted in a number of 4.2-inch mortar projectiles, both fuzed and nonfuzed. To date, these projectiles have been found to be filled with sand, cholorsulfonic acid (FS), or WP. Nothing found in the historical record or on-site indicates that CWM (mustard or lewisite)-filled projectiles were fired at the former proofing range. When the fuzed projectiles were found in April 2007, work was suspended on the construction activities and the site was nominated for cleanup under the MMRP. A time critical removal action (TCRA) was performed to remove the 4.2-inch mortar projectiles. The TCRA report stated that 3,610 anomalies were investigated and 1,135 pounds of cultural debris, 4 MD items, and 17 MEC items were recovered. The cultural debris was assessed and recycled. The MD items were transferred to the OB/OD operations at Redstone Arsenal for final disposition. The MEC items were 4.2-inch mortars that were recovered, packaged, and transported by the 22nd Chemical Battalion (Technical Escort) personnel to the Redstone Arsenal storage area. Further testing by 22nd Chemical Battalion (Technical Escort) personnel determined that all MEC items recovered were FS smoke filled mortars. The TCRA clearance operations covered a total of 37.88 acres of the 117 acre MRS. The work was performed in phases to meet site construction requirements. The Phase I area, site of the storm water retention pond construction was 5.5 acres in size. Clearance for the Phase II Area A covered 15.88 acres for mag and dig surface sweep in the western half of Area A and a digital geophysical mapping (DGM) survey in the eastern half of Area A. Clearance was also performed for the following areas: approximately one acre for the Area E, three-ft wide by 1,500-ft long sewer line construction; for 0.5 acre for Area B, the additional parking lot; and 15 acres for the Area F, Rotary Wing Facility area.

Additional site information is from the Draft Historical Records Review (May 2007, excerpt attached), the Final Site Inspection Report (September 2008) and the Inventory of BCM Sites on Active Army Installations conducted in 2004. Site data including site size and type are from this report unless superseded by site-specific Instructions from the data gathering sessions.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional RFI work, which will include an intrusive investigation, is needed to further delineate the 117-acre RSA-072-R-01 MRS. A CMS and statement of basis/permit modification will be performed after the RFI. Additional post-2009 PBA actions for this

Site ID: RSA-072-R-01

Site Name: Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in Ran

Alias: RSA-282

site will consist of completing the DES and CMI. LUCs are anticipated.

Site ID: RSA-141-R-01

Site Name: 4.2 Inch Mortar Disposal Site, Bldg

Alias: RSA-141

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 03

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200201	200305
CS	200602	200809
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is a 14.5-acre former mustard shell disposal area. A burial pit was used to dispose of unused 4.2-inch mortar shells after WWII. 4.2-inch mortars and a single 3.5-inch rocket part were documented at the site. The site is undeveloped. MRS information available indicates Army test results were negative for CWM monitoring during previous site investigation intrusive activities in 1999; no CWM surety material was detected in the recovered 4.2-inch mortars, and the mortars were not CWM configured. All previous site information indicates the 4.2-inch mortars were empty when recovered and were buried at RSA-141-R-01 after WWII. The finding of parts from 3.5-inch rockets, Korean war-vintage weapons, suggests the MEC was buried after the early-1950s. The MEC recovered at RSA-141-R-01 was configured as unfuzed liquid-filled rounds that did not contain burster tubes, which were common in munitions readied for transport after filling at the Huntsville Arsenal. The location of the burial pits suggests the 4.2-inch mortars were buried in shallow pits and were not related to a postulated WWII-era release from a train transportation incident at the RSA-141-R-01 site. Therefore, it is thought the MEC were directly buried, because the 4.2-inch mortars were not filled with CWM and the mortars were not demilitarized by burning or decontamination before burial. The TCE groundwater contamination belongs to MSFC, NASA and explosives have not been detected in the groundwater. NASA would like to build on this area as soon as possible. Historical photographs show that the site was used as a coal storage area during the 1950s and that it was oriented in a north-south elongated pile in the western part of the site located between two parallel, north-southoriented railroad tracks. Hazardous, toxic and radioactive waste (HTRW) constituents in the coal storage pile may have impacted the site soil in the vicinity of the coal storage pile.

Additional site information is from the Draft Historical Records Review (May 2007, excerpt attached), the Final Site Inspection Report (September 2008) and the Inventory of BCM Sites on Active Army Installations conducted in 2004. Site data including site size and type are from this report unless superseded by site-specific instructions from the data gathering sessions.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional RFI work, including an intrusive investigation, is needed to further delineate the 14.5-acre RSA-141-R-01 MRS. A CMS and statement of basis/permit modification will be performed after the RFI. Additional actions for this site will consist of completing the DES and CMI. LUCs, five-year reviews, and groundwater monitoring are likely.

Site ID: RSA-221-R-01

Site Name: FuseStorage&Munitions Disposal Area

Alias: RSA-221



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 05

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200201	200305
CS	200602	200809
RFI/CMS	200910	201503

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201611

SITE DESCRIPTION

The 13.4-acre Fuze Storage and Munitions Disposal Area contains six fuze and ammunition storage buildings constructed in 1943 and an adjacent drainage ditch. The relationship between the buildings and the drainage ditch is unclear. During a site visit in 2001, a UXO specialist identified projectile components, empty canisters, and empty shells. A site inspection in 2003 noted that two areas were found to contain MD, and a site visit in April 2006 noted that several of the buildings were in a state of disrepair. It was discussed during the TPP meetings that the buildings were not currently in use. Previous analytical data indicated the presence of NC and elevated metals in the groundwater and pentaerythritol tetranitrate, NG, NC, nitroguanidine, and metals in the on-site ditch soil; however, NC is an insoluble, woody polymer and the analytical method used to detect it does not specify between NC and other nitrate compounds. As such, the NC detection is concluded to be a false positive and no further evaluation is required. Potential MEC include 155mm projectiles and other debris, and potential MC includes explosives and metals.

Additional site information is from the Draft Historical Records Review (May 2007), the FY08 SI, and the Inventory of BCM Sites on Active Army Installations conducted in 2004. Site data including site size and type are from this report unless superseded by site-specific instructions from the data gathering sessions. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Proposed actions at this site include RFI, MEC SC&RA, CMS, statement of basis, permit modification, community relations/public involvement support and admin record support. Components of MEC SC&RA include survey, vegetation removal, detector-aided visual MEC surveying, geophysical mapping, reacquisition and intrusive investigation. Actions following statement of basis and permit modification will depend on whether the RFI confirms the presence of MEC on site.

Site ID: RSA-234-R-01
Site Name: WASTE DISPOSAL PIT

Alias: RSA-234

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 05

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200311	200405
RFI/CMS	200906	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-234-R-01 is an approximately one-acre site located in the northeast part of RSA. The site is the location of former Building 642. Building 642 was constructed in 1942, initially as an incendiary bomb filling plant and grenade filling plant warehouse. It was converted in March 1942 to an M-54 incendiary bomb loading plant. In April 1942, the entire building and approximately four tons of thermate were destroyed in a fire and the remaining structure was razed. The RSA historical records and site aerial photographs indicate that the remaining slab was then used as a waste disposal area to burn and dispose of various waste smoke mixes and rejected 105-millimeter canisters. These operations continued until sometime before 1975. Currently, the former building concrete slab is deteriorated in many areas and the area surrounding the slab is heavily wooded.

A LSA was completed in 2004. This LSA consisted of placement of five borings and temporary wells. Locations selected included holes and cracks within the slab where it appeared past burning activities had occurred and from within the former rail road loading dock footprints. Soil data yielded a few metals with concentrations above screening levels in surface and subsurface soils, and sporadic VOCs and explosives all at levels below screening limits. In groundwater chlorinated VOCs were present at levels above screening limits; however, due to low yields in the temporary wells very limited groundwater analyses were completed. The LSA effort does not meet ADEM guidance requirements for an RFI and additional sampling to conduct an ADEM-compliant RFI is necessary. In addition, since the site was previously used to burn MEC, a DGM survey and potential anomaly removal will be required before the projected RIP/RC can be achieved.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

This site was formerly IRP site RSA-234.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

RFI work, consisting of the installation and sampling of new wells and the collection and analysis of soil samples during installation is necessary to complete the investigation. Since the site is a MMRP site, a DGM survey will be performed based upon the visual evaluation of the site and its past use, it is expected to result in additional investigation and removal of several anomalies, followed by completing an RFI for soil and groundwater sampling; using MEC anomaly avoidance procedures. The RFI is expected to result in there being no need for soil remediation. The CMS will likely specify natural attenuation monitoring with LUCs. Sampling from six monitoring wells is needed to confirm and track the progress of natural attenuation processes. The statement of basis and permit modification will document the selection of the final remedy.

Site ID: RSA-249-R-01 Site Name: INACTIVE OLD BONEYARD DISPOSAL SITE

Alias: RSA-249



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 06

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Pesticides,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200311	200405
CS	200602	201111
RFI/CMS	201010	201509

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201509

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-249-R-01, the former Salvage Yard, was located on the northwest corner of Martin and Mills Roads and includes an area of about 22 acres. The yard was started in May 1942 and operations were probably discontinued in the early-1960s. A collection of empty munitions boxes, drums, barrels, wire and numerous other items were handled here. It was serviced by former Railroad No. 1 from the former North Carolina, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railroad Classification Yard. Aerial photographs from 1943, 1950, 1956, and 1959 show continuous activity.

In late-1944 the Salvage Division, which managed the former Salvage Yard, became active in the redistribution and disposition of various surplus materials which included disposal of reject chemical munitions to other components of the armed services for training purposes and the manufacture of equipment of miscellaneous and specialized nature to other government projects; however, there was no evidence that any surplus items processed at the salvage yard contained CWM.

The general area of the former salvage yard is predominantly wooded with utility transmission rights-of-way through the eastern and western portions of the area. Ground vegetation was quite heavy in the northern portion of the area with metal debris observed scattered on the ground on the western boundary. Ridges or mounds were observed in the southwest portion of the area, but no debris was observed. Material identified as slag was also observed in a bare area in the northwestern portion of the area. Another bare area with exposed surface soil containing metal debris was observed along the eastern edge of the transmission line right-of-way on the western portion of the area. A 16 ft by 35 ft concrete pad with a short ramp on one end was observed on the east side of the area.

VOC, SVOC, and pesticide contamination was observed in the surface and subsurface soil. Metal contamination was observed in surface soil. The groundwater is contaminated with VOCs, SVOCs, manganese, and PROs.

This site was formerly RSA-249 under the IRP and has been transferred to the MMRP. Additional site information is from the Draft Historical Records Review (May 2007) and the Inventory of BCM Sites on Active Army Installations conducted in 2004. Site data including site size and type are from this report unless superseded by site-specific instructions from the data gathering sessions. This site has been categorized as a Multi-Use Range of moderate complexity. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Actions at this site include RFI, MEC SC&RA, CMS, statement of basis, permit modification, community relations/public involvement support and admin record support. Components of MEC SC&RA include survey, vegetation removal, detector aided visual MEC surveying, geophysical mapping, reacquisition and intrusive investigation. Actions following permit modification may include a CMI (C) and LTM phase for implementing and maintaining land LUCs or MEC.

Site ID: RSA-278-R-01 Site Name: Highway 565 Area

Alias: RSA-278

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 04

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200201	.200305
CS	200602	.200809
RFI/CMS	.200912	.201504

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201504

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site replaces site RSA-001-R-01. This change was made in January 2007 based on guidance received from the December 2006 IAP meeting to correspond to RSA environmental site naming conventions.

The RSA-278-R-01 site is the portion of RSA that was transferred from the northwest corner of the installation in the mid-1980s to the state of Alabama for the construction of Highway 565. The site is at the north end of three former ranges: "North Bombing Range," "4.2-Inch Mortar Range", and "High Explosives Drop Test Site, Area A." This MRS is approximately 110 acres and includes a portion of Interstate-565 (I-565) (i.e., "Highway 565 Area"), several developed parcels, and approximately 44 acres of undeveloped land. In addition to the Alabama Department of Transportation (ALDOT), there are eight other property owners. Prior to construction of the highway, the Army visually swept the area for UXO and ordnance related residue. The Army also agreed to provide safety training to highway workers and explosive ordnance disposal (EOD) support during the intrusive construction phase of the project. A complete subsurface survey was not conducted on the area prior to, during, or after the construction. In response to a Nov. 16, 1984 memo to the Army from ALDOT during construction, the Army determined "that the possibility exists that unexpended ordnance (live ammunition) may exist on all right-of-way on the project which was formerly RSA property." The extent of UXO or related materials remaining (if any) on the site is unknown. No portion of this MRS is currently owned or controlled by the DoD, as all property was officially transferred to ALDOT via quitclaim deed in 1991. However in 2008, this MRS was added to the list of Military Munitions Response Program (MMRP) sites requiring investigation and potential additional actions based upon historical information. A historical review has been performed and is summarized in the Final Site Inspection Report, US Army Garrison, Redstone Arsenal, Huntsville, Alabama (Malcolm Pirnie, Inc., 2008). No other work or investigations been conducted at this MRS since the property was transferred. Additional site information is from the Draft Historical Records Review (May 2007) and the Inventory of BCM Sites on Active Army Installations conducted in 2004.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional RFI work is needed to delineate the site in accordance with the Permit. Prior to implementing the RFI work, right-of-entry (access) agreements will be prepared for the Army's real estate support team for use in negotiating with affected property owners for access. Since the site is a MMRP site, a DGM survey will be performed and it is expected to result in additional investigation and removal of several anomalies, followed by completing an RFI for soil and groundwater sampling; using MEC anomaly avoidance procedures. The RFI is expected to result in there being no need for soil remediation. A CMS and statement of asis/permit modification will be performed after the RFI. Additional actions for this site may include LUCs and five-year reviews.

Site ID: RSA-280-R-01

Site Name: Skunk Hollow Small Arms Range

Alias: RSA-280

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 07

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Munitions constituents (MC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200201	200305
CS	200602	200809
RFI/CMS	201205	201501
DES	201501	201504
CMI(C)	201506	201704

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201704

SITE DESCRIPTION

The Skunk Hollow Small Arms Range is a 0.8-acre site north of Madkin Mountain and operational range. The range was used for small arms firing, including M16 rifles and 40mm practice grenades.

Built in 1991, this 0.8-acre 25-meter M16 rifle and pistol range was used until approximately 2001-2002 when it was closed due to the potential for small arms to ricochet. It is believed that the range had two years of limited use. The range site plans include details of drains below and within the face of the impact berm. The design drawings depict that the drains were to be constructed of perforated pipe and exit the range on the east side into a drainage ditch.

MC related to small arms ammunition is suspected in the backstop. Based on the activities that occurred at the former small arms range, debris associated with small arms ammunition includes spent projectiles, fragments, and shell casings. Fragments from M781 40mm projectiles were also found in the backstop here. This projectile contains only an orange dye powder which is dispersed on impact without an explosive charge. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA quidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Complete an RFI/CMS. A CMI(C) is anticipated to excavate the small arms range backstop, which contains lead contamination, and transport/dispose of the soil off-site.

Site ID: RSA-285-R-01

Site Name: Former WP Grenade Test Area

Alias: RSA-285

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 04

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC), Munitions constituents (MC)

Media of Concern: Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200802	201009
RFI/CMS	201206	201503

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-285-R-01 is approximately 3.6 acres, located west of Rideout Road between Neal Road and Pogo Road, adjacent to the west side of George C. Marshall Space Flight Center. Available historical information indicates that this location was essentially undeveloped prior to 1941. The Army began developing the area in mid-1941 with the development of RSA during WWII. Historical documents suggest that RSA-285-R-01 was used for explosive testing of items produced at RSA during WWII. Utilization of the area for explosive testing ceased by Aug. 17, 1945. There have been no known additional uses of the area for explosive testing after 1945. There are no known structures constructed or associated with the site. A SWMU Assessment Report was submitted for RSA-285 in February 2008. The recommendation for RSA-285 was to move the site from Table IV.4 to IV.3 as a SWMU requiring NFA. In a letter to the Army dated July 21, 2011, ADEM concurred with the NFA recommendation. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. Modification 1 to the permit, which was issued on October 3, 2012, moved RSA-285-R-01 to Table VI.3, SWMUs and AOCs requiring NFA.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI/CMS will include a UXO survey and soil and groundwater sampling for explosives, metals, and white phosphorus. LUCs will be implemented in the CMI(C) phase. Anticipated LTM includes LUC monitoring and five-year reviews.

Site ID: RSA-294-R-01

Site Name: Field Training Exercise Area E

Alias: RSA-294

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 06

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Munitions and

explosives of concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	201103	201108
RFI/CMS	201205	201507

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

The FTX Area E is located south of Martin Road and north of Creek Road. The part of Area E located south of Martin Road was PSA 145-PS-07A. MMRP is recommended because this PSA is not on a range and there is a munitions potential. Field training activities in this PSA began during the 1960s. This area is shown on a 1970 reservation map of Missile and Munitions Center and School training areas and a 1973 historical map. Training aids may have included smoke grenades, blank ammunition, and flares. Features and materials observed during the VSI include soil piles and a couple of discarded drums. Most of the PSA is swampy and densely vegetated. Little evidence of historical training activities was observed. Soil and groundwater samples collected at one of the drums were analyzed for TLC VOCs, TCL SVOCs, PRO, and TAL metals (soil only). No analytes exceed screening criteria in soil, and TCE was detected at a concentration (64 μg/L) consistent with the plume associated with RSA-113. No TCE was detected in soil.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI report will be prepared. Sampling will include soil, sediment, and groundwater sampling for explosives and metals.

Site ID: RSA-312-R-01

Site Name: Former Range Area Gate 7 Expansion

Alias: RSA-312

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 04

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Munitions and

explosives of concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	201012	201103
RFI/CMS	201205	201510

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201510

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-312-R-01, Former Range Area for Gate 7 Expansion, was identified as the result of the removal of parcels of land from the Redstone Arsenal Range Inventory for the expansion of Gate 7 and the construction of a new access control facility. RSA-312-R-01 covers approximately 59 acres of land, consisting of pasture and wooded areas and is located in the northwest portion of RSA, west of Anderson Road extending almost to the western arsenal boundary and is adjacent to the recently identified SWMU RSA-313-R-01 which is located along Zierdt Road. Portions of the site extend north and south of Martin Road. Available historical information indicates that this location was largely undeveloped or was farm land prior to 1941. In mid-1941 with the development of RSA as a result of WWII, the Army began developing the area. Numerous range areas were developed in support of testing activities for ordnance manufactured at RSA during WWII. According to available historical information, the majority of the areas within the site were not used as impact or explosive testing areas.

RSA-312-R-01 also encompasses most of an existing SWMU, RSA-073. RSA-073 is identified as the HE Impact Test Site, Area C. This site was used for explosive training/munitions testing during the 1940s and 1950s. The five-acre site consists of wooded and open field areas. The unit was identified by the USEPA as an area of concern in 1989 and further characterized as an SWMU in RSA's RCRA permit. RSA-073 was surface cleared of unexploded ordnance in the 1940s and 1950s. Construction areas adjacent to RSA-073 were also surface cleared in 1989.

A Site/Activity-Specific Probability Assessment Support Work Plan for the Martin Road Expansion/Gate 7 Access Control Point Construction and Zierdt Road Expansion Activities was submitted in August 2010. A SWMU Assessment Report was submitted for RSA-312-R-01 in September 2010. The available historical information indicated that the vast majority of the areas within the site were not used for waste management activities and that most of the site likely served as a buffer area between the arsenal's western boundary and the test areas known to be present within the northern portions of RSA. The general lack of construction activities and permanent structures make it unlikely that waste management or disposal occurred within RSA-312-R-01. The recommendation for RSA-312-R-01 was to conduct a UXO survey and if UXO are discovered, the UXO will be addressed as required under the Military Munitions Response Program and applicable RCRA requirements. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RRFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI will be prepared. Geophysical mapping will be conducted on impacted areas. The MEC anomalies will be removed. Soil and groundwater will be sampled for metals and explosives. LUCs will be implemented in the CMI(C) phase. Anticipated LTM includes LUC inspections and five-year reviews.

Site ID: RSA-313-R-01

Site Name: W side Former High explosive Area A

Alias: RSA-313

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

MRSPP Score: 04

Contaminants of Concern: Munitions and explosives of

concern (MEC)

Media of Concern: Soil

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201509

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-313-R-01, Western Side of Former High Explosive Drop Area A, is located in the northwestern portion of RSA, west of Anderson Road along the western boundary of the Arsenal and occupies approximately 96.5 acres of land. There are no known structures associated with the site. The site extends from Interstate 565 along the western arsenal boundary to a point south of Martin Road and consists mostly of wooded and limited pasture areas. Areas outside of the RSA boundary to the west include numerous agricultural, residential and commercial areas.

A Site/Activity-Specific Probability Assessment Support Work Plan for the Martin Road Expansion/Gate 7 Access Control Point Construction and Zierdt Road Expansion Activities was submitted in August 2010. A SWMU Assessment Report was submitted for RSA-313-R-01 in September 2010. Available historical information indicates that RSA-313-R-01 was largely undeveloped or was farm land prior to 1941. In mid-1941 with the development of RSA as a result of World War II (WWII), the Army began developing the area. After the establishment of RSA, the western boundary has essentially remained constant. While numerous range areas were developed in support of testing activities for ordnance manufactured at RSA during WWII, available historical information indicates that the areas within RSA-313-R-01 were not used as impact or explosives testing areas; however, RSA-313-R-01 is located in the buffer zone for two former range areas: Area 2 and RSA-071. The recommendation for RSA-313-R-01 was to conduct a UXO survey and if UXO are discovered, the UXO will be addressed as required under the Military Munitions Response Program and applicable RCRA requirements. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI will be prepared. Geophysical mapping will be conducted on impacted areas. The MEC anomalies will be removed to an approximate depth of three ft. Soil and groundwater will be sampled for metals and explosives. LUCs will be implemented in the CMI(C) phase. Anticipated LTM includes LUC inspections and five-year reviews.

Site Closeout (No Further Action) Summary

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
MSFC-077-R- 01	MSFC-77	200809	DD received
MSFC-082-R- 01	MSFC-82	200406	Combined with MSFC-003-R-02 due to possibility of CWM
PBA@MR Redston	PBA@MR Redstone	201302	All required phases have been funded.
RSA-001-R- 01	HIGHWAY 565 AREA	200701	Site re-named RSA-278-R-01.
RSA-002-R- 01	MSFC-3E	200305	Combined with MSFC-003-R-01
RSA-003-R- 01	RIFLE RANGE	200503	This is an operational range (R0506), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-004-R- 01	SMOKE GRENADE AREA	200701	site re-named RSA-279-R-01
RSA-013-R- 01	RSA-13	200406	Site covered under RSA-013 of IRP database.
RSA-014-R- 01	RSA-14	200406	Site covered under RSA-014 of IRP database.
RSA-046-R- 01	RSA-46	200406	This is an operational range (R0505 and R0506), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-065-R- 01	RSA-65	200406	Site covered under RSA-065 of IRP database.
RSA-066-R- 01	RSA-66	200406	This is an operational range (R0701), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-067-R- 01	RSA-67	200406	This is an operational range (R0701), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-068-R- 01	RSA-68	200406	This is an operational range (R0701), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-069-R- 01	RSA-69	200406	This is an operational range (R0701), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-070-R- 01	RSA-70	200406	This is an operational range (R0701), therefore no eligible for MMRP
RSA-071-R- 01	RSA-71	200503	This is an operational range (Range R1101/1102/1103/1104/1105/1107), therefore no eligible for MMRP
RSA-073-R- 01	RSA-73	200503	This is an operational range (R1104 /1105/1106/1107), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-074-R- 01	RSA-74	200503	This is an operational range (R1000 and R1107), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-110-R- 01	RSA-110	200406	This is an operational range (0701), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-132-R- 01	RSA-132	200406	This is an operational range (R0702), therefore not eligible for MMRP
RSA-279-R- 01	Smoke Grenade Area	200809	The MMRP SI (June 2009) recommended NFA.

MMRP Schedule

Date of MMRP Inception: 200201

Past Phase Completion Milestones

2003

RFA (MSFC-003-R-01 - Inactive Old Bone Yard Disposal Sit, PBA@MR Redston - PBA@MR Redstone, RSA-072-

R-01 - Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in Ran, RSA-141-R-01 - 4.2 Inch Mortar Disposal Site, Bldg, RSA-221-R-01 - FuseStorage&Munitions Disposal Area, RSA-278-R-01 - Highway 565 Area, RSA-279-R-01 - Smoke

Grenade Area, RSA-280-R-01 - Skunk Hollow Small Arms Range)

PA (MSFC-077-R-01 - MSFC-77, MSFC-082-R-01 - MSFC-82, RSA-001-R-01 - HIGHWAY 565 AREA, RSA-

002-R-01 - MSFC-3E, RSA-003-R-01 - RIFLE RANGE, RSA-004-R-01 - SMOKE GRENADE AREA, RSA-013-R-01 - RSA-13, RSA-014-R-01 - RSA-14, RSA-046-R-01 - RSA-46, RSA-065-R-01 - RSA-65, RSA-066-R-01 - RSA-66, RSA-067-R-01 - RSA-67, RSA-068-R-01 - RSA-68, RSA-069-R-01 - RSA-

69, RSA-070-R-01 - RSA-70, RSA-071-R-01 - RSA-71, RSA-073-R-01 - RSA-73, RSA-074-R-01 -

RSA-74, RSA-110-R-01 - RSA-110, RSA-132-R-01 - RSA-132)

2004

RFA (RSA-234-R-01 - WASTE DISPOSAL PIT, RSA-249-R-01 - INACTIVE OLD BONEYARD DISPOSAL SITE)

2008

SI (MSFC-077-R-01 - MSFC-77)

CS (MSFC-003-R-01 - Inactive Old Bone Yard Disposal Sit, RSA-072-R-01 - Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in

Ran, RSA-141-R-01 - 4.2 Inch Mortar Disposal Site, Bldg, RSA-221-R-01 - FuseStorage&Munitions Disposal Area, RSA-278-R-01 - Highway 565 Area, RSA-279-R-01 - Smoke Grenade Area, RSA-280-R-01 - Skunk

Hollow Small Arms Range)

2009

IRA (RSA-072-R-01 - Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in Ran)

2010

RFA (RSA-285-R-01 - Former WP Grenade Test Area)

2011

RFA (RSA-294-R-01 - Field Training Exercise Area E, RSA-312-R-01 - Former Range Area Gate 7 Expansion,

RSA-313-R-01 - W side Former High explosive Area A)

2012

CS (RSA-249-R-01 - INACTIVE OLD BONEYARD DISPOSAL SITE)

Projected Phase Completion Milestones

See attached schedule

Projected Record of Decision (ROD)/Decision Document (DD) Approval Dates

To Be Determined

Final RA(C) Completion Date: 201704

Schedule for Next Five-Year Review: 2017

Estimated Completion Date of MMRP at Installation (including LTM phase): 205709

REDSTONE ARSENAL MMRP Schedule

							= phase u	ınderway
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
MSFC-003-R- 01	Inactive Old Bone Yard Disposal Sit	RFI/CMS						
		IRA						
		LTM						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-072-R-01	Former Mortar Test Site (NOT in Ran	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-141-R-01	4.2 Inch Mortar Disposal Site, Bldg	RFI/CMS		->	->// 0	->//-	->//	
SITE ID RSA-221-R-01	SITE NAME FuseStorage&Munitions Disposal Area	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
		PHASE	EV4.4	EVAE	EV4C	EV47	EV40	EV40.
SITE ID RSA-234-R-01	SITE NAME WASTE DISPOSAL PIT	RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-249-R-01	INACTIVE OLD BONEYARD	RFI/CMS	1 1 1 1 4	1113	1 1 10	1 117	1 1 10	ППЭТ
	DISPOSAL SITE							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-278-R-01	Highway 565 Area	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID RSA-280-R-01	SITE NAME	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-280-R-01	Skunk Hollow Small Arms Range							
		DES						
		CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-285-R-01	Former WP Grenade Test Area	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
RSA-294-R-01	Field Training Exercise Area E	RFI/CMS		->//-	=>// 0	=>/.	=>/.0	=>//0
SITE ID RSA-312-R-01	SITE NAME Former Range Area Gate 7 Expansion	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
			EVAA	EV4 E	EV4.C	EV47	EV4.0	EV40
SITE ID RSA-313-R-01	SITE NAME W side Former High explosive Area A	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
1.5/1.01011.01	TT Side I diffici Flight explosive Aled A	111 1/01010						

REDSTONE ARSENAL Army Defense Environmental Restoration Program Compliance Restoration

CR Summary

Installation Total Army Environmental Database-Restoration (AEDB-R) Sites/Closeout Sites Count: 45/2

Installation Site Types with Future and/or Underway Phases

3 Above Ground Storage Tank

(CCRSA-314, CCSWMU-031, CCSWMU-E)

1 Dip Tank

(CCSWMU-277)

3 Disposal Pit/Dry Well

(CCRSA-308, CCRSA-309, CCSWMU-216)

Industrial Discharge

(CCSWMU-182)

2 Maintenance Yard

(CCSWMU-246, CCSWMU-247)

8 Oil Water Separator

(CCRSA-310, CCSWMU-003, CCSWMU-028, CCSWMU-030, CCSWMU-035, CCSWMU-222, CCSWMU-304, CCSWMU-306)

1 POL (Petroleum/Lubricants) Lines

(CCSWMU-143)

3 Sewage Treatment Plant

(CCSWMU-008, CCSWMU-009, CCSWMU-268)

2 Soil Contamination After Tank Removal

(CCSWMU-291, CCSWMU-293)

8 Spill Site Area

(CCRSA-316, CCSWMU-240, CCSWMU-245, CCSWMU-248, CCSWMU-283, CCSWMU-284, CCSWMU-286, CCSWMU-287)

4 Storage Area

(CCSWMU-241, CCSWMU-242, CCSWMU-243, CCSWMU-F)

Surface Disposal Area

(CCRSA-311)

1 Surface Impoundment/Lagoon

(CCSWMU-116)

1 Unexploded Munitions/Ordnance

(CCRSA-266)

1 Washrack

(CCSWMU-305)

3 Waste Treatment Plant

(CCSWMU-288, CCSWMU-289, CCSWMU-290)

Most Widespread Contaminants of Concern

Metals, Perchlorate, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern

Groundwater, Soil

Completed Remedial Actions (Interim Remedial Actions/ Final Remedial Actions (IRA/FRA))

Site ID Site Name Action Remedy "FY CCSWMU- B5487 WW MAINT SHOP IRA WASTE REMOVAL - SOILS 2009 ACID BATH WASHDOWN

Duration of CR

Date of CR Inception: 198908

Estimated Date for Remedy-In-Place (RIP)/Response Complete (RC): 201602/201610

Date of CR completion including Long Term Management (LTM): 201610

CR Contamination Assessment

Contamination Assessment Overview

Environmental restoration activities include the Installation Restoration Program (IRP) and Military Munitions Response Program (MMRP). On Dec. 29, 2008, the Office of the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Installations and Environment, [ODUSD (I&E)], issued an interim policy for Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) eligibility that rescinded the 1986 eligibility date for the IRP and the 2002 eligibility date for the MMRP. This made many sites previously addressed in the Army's Compliance-related Cleanup (CC) Program eligible for the DERP. Sites that are now eligible for the Munitions Response (MR) program have been migrated from Army Environmental Database - Compliance-related Cleanup (AEDB-CC) and given the naming convention of other MR sites. The newly eligible non-MR type sites are considered to be Installation Restoration (IR) sites; however, the newly eligible sites are being coded as CR in AEDB-R to distinguish them from the original IR sites and IR Metrics.

Release assessments for RSA-241, RSA-242, RSA-243, RSA-283, RSA-284, RSA-288, RSA-290, RSA-291, RSA-304, and RSA-305 were not accepted by ADEM. These sites will move forward in FY12 as RFIs. Technical review comments were received from ADEM on aging RFI reports for sites RSA-003, RSA-008, RSA-009, RSA-030, and RSA-031. No further action decisions for surface media were received for sites RSA-037, RSA-170, RSA-172, and RSA-174. ADEM concurred with a LUC decision for site RSA-008.

Cleanup Exit Strategy

RFIs are planned to be completed at six sites, and will begin at 13 other sites. Sites RSA-116, RSA-222, RSA-240, RSA-246, and RSA-248 may also move forward into an RFI depending upon ADEMs final review comment responses. Corrective measure studies are underway and are planned to be completed for sites RSA-003 and RSA-009. RFIs at 11 compliance restoration (CR) sites are planned under the RSA PMC Task Order 4. CR Sites RSA-009, RSA-003, RSA-035 and RSA-268 will move forward into CMI phases under the RSA PMC TO 4.

CR Previous Studies

Title Author Date

There are no Previous Studies

REDSTONE ARSENAL

Compliance RestorationSite Descriptions

Site Name: Open Storage area N. of Bldg 8607

Alias: RSA-266

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate,

Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200901	201009
RFI/CMS	201104	201507

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

The site is located along the Tennessee River in the southern portion of RSA within the RSA-157 groundwater unit and is approximately 111 acres. Buildings 8800 through 8855 were constructed in 1942 as storage magazines to support activities at the GCWD. The primary mission of the GCWD was the segregation, renovation, and preparation for long term storage of chemical munitions manufactured at Huntsville Arsenal artillery ammunition returned from overseas (ARFO). Building lists indicates that the primary function of these facilities was storage of general depot materials; however, the 1954 Building Information Modeling (BIM) indicates that several of these buildings were assigned to the Ordnance Guided Missile School or contractors such as Rohm and Haas and Thiokol Corporation. Magazines in this area were used for the storage of finished munitions (not raw explosive materials or chemical agents).

A potential source area investigation was conducted with the subsequent PSA report submitted in 2006. Select PAHs and metals were detected in soil at concentrations exceeding evaluation criteria. As part of the PSA report comment resolution meeting held on April 15, 2008, the ADEM, the USEPA, and the Army reviewed analytical data collected as part of the 2004 PSA effort and determined that CCRSA-266 does not warrant further investigation for HTRW constituents. In a letter dated Jan. 14, 2009, the Army requested a no action decision for HTRW constituents and to defer until range closure the investigation of MEC and MC. Qualified concurrence for no action for HTRW constituents and to defer investigation for MEC and MC until range closure was received from the USEPA on Feb. 20, 2009. ADEM concurred that no action was appropriate for HTRW in a letter dated Nov., 10, 2009. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition. Post PBA actions may include an excavation to remove PAHs from soil.

Site Name: Exterior Sump at Bldg 7120

Alias: RSA-308

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200908	200910
RFI/CMS	201104	201507

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCRSA-308 is the east side exterior sump at Building 7120. Building 7120 was identified as PSA 146-PS-05D in the Potential Source Area (PSA) report for RSA-146 groundwater unit submitted by the RSA Installation Restoration Division in January 2005 (Shaw, 2005). CCRSA-308 was identified as a new SWMU in notification provided to the ADEM on July 31, 2009. CCRSA-308, as originally scoped consisted of a single exterior lead-lined sump on the east side of the test bay wing of Building 7120; however, during a site visit three sumps were observed at the location of the listed single exterior lead-lined sump. Open, lead-lined trenches from test bays drain into the first sump. Water flows from the three sumps to an open concrete drainage channel flowing to the north of Building 7120 to an outfall and storm water collection area. Additional lead-lined trenches were identified that drain the newer test bays. The trenches drain into a larger open lead-lined trench that runs parallel but separate to the concrete drainage channel leading from Sumps 1, 2, and 3. The second open lead-lined trench empties into Sump 4, located north of the test bays. Overflow from Sump 4 drains into the same storm water collection area as the first drainage system. The sumps are designed to collect discharges such as floor washings and spills through floor trench drains from test bays located along the eastern side of Building 7120. No spill containment (berms, etc) were observed at the mixing/testing areas or around the sump. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that removal of contaminants is required.

Site Name: Covered trench & sump at Bldg 7155

Alias: RSA-309

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Perchlorate, Semi-volatiles

(SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200908	200910
RFI/CMS	201104	201507

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCRSA-309 consists of a metal-covered trench and concrete sump associated with Building 7155. The test bays in Building 7155 have interior trench drains along the outside (north wall) with open steel grating. The interior trench drains are connected to the exterior metal-covered trench that extends to the concrete sump north of Building 7155. Any discharges from the nine test bays on the lower north side of Building 7155 are captured by the sump. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a removal action is required. A limited soil excavation with off-site disposal is expected.

Site Name: Former & Suspected OWS at Bldg7289

Alias: RSA-310

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200908	200910
RFI/CMS	201104	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCRSA-310 is comprised of a former (removed) oil/water separator (OWS) location and an existing suspected OWS located near Building 7289. Building 7289 was constructed in 1961 as a boiler house to support operations in the adjacent rocket-motor conditioning facility. The single room building is approximately 600 sf in size and contains an out of service natural gas boiler pump and piping, conditioning tanks, and restroom facilities. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a removal action is required for the removal of contaminants. It is expected that the removal action will serve as the final remedial action. All site activities will be documented in a site closure report.

Site Name: Sump & Concrete Pits at Bldg 7352

Alias: RSA-311

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Explosives, Metals, Perchlorate, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Sediment, Soil, Surface

Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200908	200910
RFI/CMS	201104	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCRSA-311 includes two concrete pits located inside Building 7352, three exterior captive sumps and interior trench drains. There is the potential for the presence of hazardous constituents in the sumps and pits. In addition, a propellant explosion in May 2010 at Building 7352 may have resulted in a release of perchlorate to soils in the vicinity of Building 7352. Additional investigations in the form of an RFI are required for CCRSA-311 to determine if releases occurred from the sumps and explosion and the impacts of any releases. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional investigation of soil, groundwater, sediment, and surface water will occur during the RFI. A limited soil excavation with off-site disposal is expected.

Site Name: Used Oil AST & Spill site Bldg 3670

Alias: RSA-314

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	201009	201011
RFI/CMS	201104	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCRSA-314 consists of the used oil AST and spill site located near Building 3670. Building 3670 is the heavy equipment (e.g., bulldozer and forklift) maintenance facility. The AST was installed in 1992. It has a capacity of 2,000 gallons. Reportedly, fewer than 25 gallons of used oil were spilled at this location as a result of a failure of the overfill alarm. Efforts to remove the contaminated soils were completed; however, the presence of contamination at a depth of four feet indicated that the spill was likely larger than reported and that additional investigations are required. Due to high levels of petroleum contamination in the soil, this area was identified as a new SWMU. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition. The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. The RFI will likely indicate that a CMS and a CMI(C) are required.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. A limited excavation and off-site disposal is expected for soils.

Site Name: 7500 Area Hardstand Parking

Alias: None



RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201508

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-316 is a parking area located west of RSA-209 in in the former South Plant area of RSA. RSA-316 has an area of approximate 2.64 acres and was historically used as a parking area for military vehicles. During a routine site visit in 2012, three used oil spill areas were discovered. Because the used oil spill areas were located in close proximity to RSA-209, RSA notified ADEM. The spills are thought to have originated from various military vehicles that are parked in the area. The spills are not thought to be the result of spillage of new, unused product during fueling and/or leakage of used materials directly from the vehicles. The surface in this area is a mix of grass-covered, gravel-covered, and asphalt-covered areas.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The results of the RFI will indicate what action is required.

Site Name: IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR BLDG 3617

Alias: RSA-003



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and

Lubricants (POL), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
CS	200001	200110
RFI/CMS	200404	201209
DES	201205	201309
CMI(C)	201205	201512
CMI(O)	201205	201610

RIP Date: 201512 **RC Date**: 201610

SITE DESCRIPTION

This SWMU was an in-ground OWS located outside Building 3617 that received waste lubricant oils, grease, and detergents from vehicle maintenance activities until 1997. It was replaced by a new in-ground OWS.

The separator was a concrete structure eight-ft wide by eight-ft long by eight-ft deep, designed to hold approximately four-ft of liquid (approximately 2,000-gallons). The unit reportedly received waste lubricant oils, grease, detergents, and solvents from vehicle maintenance activities until 1997 when it was replaced by a new in-ground separator. The data collected during the confirmation sampling indicated the need for additional investigations at CCSWMU-003 due to the release of TPH and lead. The release assessment completed in 2001 identified TPH above 100-ppm and metals (arsenic, lead, chromium, and mercury) above RSA background levels in surface and subsurface soils. Removal actions for TPH contaminated soil were implemented in June and July 2002. The removal actions identified additional TPH impacted soils resulting from an out of service oil drain pit on the south side of Building 3617. The removal action activities at CCSWMU-003 were expanded to include the waste oil drain pit and petroleum impacted soils around the pit. Additional release areas were identified during the removal actions. Groundwater contained TPH, TCE, DCE, DCA, and vinyl chloride above MCLs. The identification of additional potential release areas and the concentrations of contaminants in the groundwater indicated that an RFI was necessary to assess releases at CCSWMU-003.

The RFI began in May 2004. The draft RFI Report recommending a NFA was submitted based on lack of risk to human health and the environment on Sept. 20, 2004. Comments on the RFI Report were received from ADEM Nov. 17, 2005. ADEM requested additional evaluation of groundwater at CCSWMU-003. The evaluation of groundwater at CCSWMU-003 as part of a supplemental RFI began in July 2006 and was completed in 2010. The supplemental RFI and an ARBCA human health risk evaluation identified six VOC COC in groundwater (1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethene, cis-1,2-Dichloroethene, Methylene Chloride, Trichloroethene, Vinyl Chloride). Multiple sampling rounds indicate there is a steady decline in TCE concentrations at the site.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The path forward will likely consist of an MNA study followed by LTM. Documentation of all site investigation activities and the completion of a closure report for CCSWMU-003 are included in the cleanup strategy.

Site ID: CCSWMU-008 Site Name: SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT #4

Alias: RSA-008

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
RFI/CMS	200409	201309

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201309

SITE DESCRIPTION

Sewage Treatment Plant No. 4 (CCSWMU-008) is located in the northeastern section of RSA north of Martin Road, east of Patton Road, south of Hansen Road, and west of McDonald Creek. The in-ground concrete facility was constructed in 1959 and removed from active service in 1992; however, it is still used on an as needed basis. The plant was used for treatment of sewage and wastewater generated in the northern portion of RSA. CCSWMU-008 also received floor wash water from some of the research labs and motor pools, as well as water separated by the oil/water separators located in the area.

RSA requested the movement of SWMU-008 from the CERCLA program to the RCRA program under an NFA recommendation on Oct. 7, 2002. Limited investigations of CCSWMU-008 were completed under the CERCLA program. More thorough investigations are required under RCRA to evaluate the site. ADEM requested an RFI for the site on Feb. 4, 2003. The RFI began in June of 2004. A courtesy copy of the RFI WP was submitted to ADEM on June 14, 2004. The RFI was completed in October 2004. The CCSWMU-008 RFI Report was submitted to ADEM on Oct. 5, 2005 for review. Comments on the CCSWMU-008 RFI report were received from ADEM on Oct. 23, 2007. A response to ADEM's comments was issued on Dec. 20, 2007 requesting an NFA for CCSWMU-008. As of March 2011, no response had been received from ADEM.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Due to the Army's preference to limit LUCs, it is possible that a removal action will be required to allow unrestricted use of the site.

Site Name: INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT #3

Alias: RSA-009

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

Media of Concern: Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Inactive Sewage Treatment Plant No. 3 located in the northeastern portion of RSA north of Martin Road. The treatment plant was originally constructed in 1942. The plant was operated under a NPDES permit allowing a monthly flow of 2.0 million gallons per day (MGD). The treatment plant historically treated sewage generated in the central portion of RSA as well as discharges from the Marshall Space Flight Center. The plant is currently operational and is utilized on an as needed basis. RSA requested the movement of CCSWMU-009 from the CERCLA program to the RCRA program under a NFA recommendation on Oct. 07, 2002. ADEM concurred with the movement of CCSWMU-009 to RCRA but did not concur with the NFA recommendation. ADEM requested an RFI for the site on Feb. 4, 2003. The efforts to complete the RFI were funded and began in 2007. Delays in completing the investigation due to archeological concerns were identified in January 2008. RFI field efforts were completed in 2008.

The preliminary data indicated that PCBs were a concern for surface soils at the site. Delineation of the extent of PCBs in surface soils was attempted and data indicated that PCBs were present in soils at concentrations up to 860 ppm. Data from the RFI indicates that PCBs in soils are a concern at CCSWMU-009. Based on the RFI data, a CMS, and a CMI will be required. The CMS was initially funded in FY09; however, because ADEM requested additional sampling at RSA-009 in their Dec. 12, 2011 comments, RSA agreed to the sampling and the efforts proposed for the CMS will be used to revise the RFI. Therefore, a CMS/CMI will be required. CMI will consist of removing contaminated soil from the sludge drying beds. No corrective actions are expected for groundwater. The cleanup strategy assumes that the documentation of all site investigation activities will be included in the closure report for CCSWMU-009.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Army-only NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Data from the RFI indicates that PCBs in soils are a concern at CCSWMU-009. Based on the RFI data, a CMS, and a CMI will be required. The CMS was initially funded in FY09; however, because ADEM requested additional sampling at RSA-009 in their Dec. 12, 2011 comments, RSA agreed to the sampling and the efforts proposed for the CMS will be used to revised the RFI. Therefore, a CMS/CMI will be required. CMI will consist of removing contaminated soil from the sludge drying beds. No corrective actions are expected for groundwater. The cleanup strategy assumes that the documentation of all site investigation activities will be included in the closure report for CCSWMU-009.

Site ID: CCSWMU-028
Site Name: IN-GROUND OWS 5693 AREA

Alias: RSA-028



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and

Lubricants (POL), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
CS	200001	200110
RFI/CMS	201103	201412

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201412

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-028 consists of four active in-ground oil-water separators located within the confines of the RSA POL storage yard. The separators are designed to capture and separate any spills or leaks that could occur during product transfer operations. The separators are of concrete construction and are about eight-ft wide by six-ft long by eight-ft deep. The separators are designed to hold about four-feet of liquid (approximately 1,000-gallons). The discharge from the separators is routed to the RSA sanitary sewer. The four OWS are referred to as RSA-028 (1), RSA-028 (2), RSA-028 (3), and RSA-028 (4). Visual inspections of three of the OWSs during confirmation sampling determined that the influent pipe seals had deteriorated due to contact with oil, grease, or solvents, and the holes left in the concrete by the form ties used in construction provided potential areas for leaks. Soil sampling indicated that releases occurred from RSA-028 (1). It is unknown if releases occurred from and RSA-028 (4). The release assessment completed in 2001 indicated the presence of barium, chromium, lead, and mercury in the soils around RSA-028 (1) at concentrations that exceeded background levels. TPH was detected in subsurface soils in areas that were upgradient of RSA-028 (1). Similar results were noted in the groundwater samples collected. Upgradient and downgradient groundwater samples reported concentrations of TPH and TCE. The evidence suggests that the TPH detected in soil and groundwater could have potentially come from sources other than the OWS. Numerous sources including ASTs and pipelines used to store and transfer petroleum fuels are located in the immediate area surrounding CCSWMU-028. Any further investigation at CCSWMU-028 will encompass the POL storage yard and surrounding areas and will be completed under the ARBCA program for petroleum releases. Petroleum releases occurred in the areas around CCSWMU-028. Presently, it is unclear if the detected concentrations of petroleum are due to releases from the OWS. The OWSs were replaced in 2002. The cleanup strategy for RSA-028 (1) assumes that the clean-up will incorporate the entire area associated with the RSA POL Fuel Storage Yard into studies and corrective actions. A Secondary Site Assessment plan to collect data for use in the Tier II evaluation will be required to collect data to complete the site-specific risk-screening process. It is likely that the site investigation will consist of soil borings, collection of soil samples, sampling existing wells, and installation and sampling of new wells. Upon completion of the ARBCA evaluation, it is assumed that corrective action will be required for groundwater and soils of RSA-028 (1) and the RSA POL Fuel Storage Yard. The investigation phase and CMS for RSA-028 were funded in 2010 under the RSA PMC contract.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The cleanup strategy for RSA-028 (1) assumes that the clean-up will incorporate the entire area associated with the RSA POL Fuel Storage Yard into studies and corrective actions. A Secondary Site Assessment plan to collect data for use in the Tier II evaluation will be required to collect data to complete the site-specific risk-screening process. It is likely that the site investigation will consist of soil borings, collection of soil samples, sampling existing wells, and installation and sampling of new wells. Upon completion of the ARBCA evaluation, it is assumed that corrective action will be required for groundwater and soils of RSA-028 (1) and the RSA POL Fuel Storage Yard. The investigation phase and CMS for RSA-028 were funded in 2010 under the RSA PMC contract.

Corrective action will consist of injecting oxidizer into the groundwater to enhance remediation of contaminants in the groundwater

Site Name: IN-GROUND OWS 5693 AREA

Alias: RSA-028

and removal of contaminated soil. Upon completion of corrective action, long-term monitoring is likely.

Site Name: CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR

Alias: RSA-030



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and

Lubricants (POL), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
CS	200001	200110
RFI/CMS	200409	201310

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-030 is an inactive facility located near Building 5427. The unit consists of a metal building, a 2,000-gallon concrete holding sump, and a 1,000-gallon OWS. The unit served as a central repository for waste oil generated throughout RSA until it was removed from service in 2004. CCSWMU-030 began operation in 1982. Recovered oil was discharged to the central OWS storage tank (RSA-031) located east of the unit. Treated water was discharged to the sanitary sewer system. The release assessment completed in 2001 indicated that the soils at CCSWMU-030 contained arsenic, barium, and cadmium at concentrations exceeding preliminary risk screening levels, and groundwater contained TPH, TCE, acetone, carbon disulfide, and chlorobenzene. It is suspected that these contaminants originated from releases at CCSWMU-030. The RFI to assess the extent of contamination at CCSWMU-030 began in October 2004. The RFI included the removal of the existing OWS, completion of additional sampling, and completing a removal action for TPH contaminated soils at CCSWMU-030. The RFI report for CCSWMU-030 requesting NFA was submitted July 17, 2006. ADEM comments on the RFI were received June 3, 2011. Based on the comments, additional sampling is being completed at RSA-030 in the form of a supplemental RFI. It is expected that the supplemental RFI will be completed July 2013.

A removal action and treatment of groundwater for VOCs is likely; however, there is not enough detail at this time to accurately estimate the cost of the remedial action.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

It is expected that the supplemental RFI will be completed July 2013; however, it is possible that ADEM will require a CMS and CMI for CCSWMU-030. Additional data collected during the CMS will determine the feasibility of the proposed actions and determine if the cleanup strategy is viable.

ite Name: CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR STORAGE TANK

Alias: RSA-031

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

(POL)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
CS	200001	200110
RFI/CMS	200409	201310

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site consisted of three ASTs located near RSA-030 (Bldg 5427) taken out of service in 2004. RSA-031 was active during the release assessment; therefore, sampling below the containment liner was not completed. Additional sampling was completed in 2005.

CCSWMU-031 is an inactive facility located near Building 5427. The unit consists of three ASTs with secondary containment. Two of the ASTs are located within a bermed containment area with a synthetic liner. These tanks reportedly have a capacity of 5,000 and 2,000 gallons. The third tank is a 5,000-gallon, double-wall tank located on the east side of CCSWMU-031. The tanks stored the oil recovered from the operations completed in Building 5427. Confirmation sampling completed in 2000 did not indicate that releases occurred from CCSWMU-031; however, surface soil data was not collected during the confirmation sampling. The release assessment completed in 2001 collected surface soils samples from CCSWMU-031 and verified that releases or petroleum products from the ASTs had not impacted surface soils; however, since CCSWMU-031 was active during the release assessment, sampling below the containment liner was not completed because it would compromise the integrity of the liner. The facility was removed from service in 2004 and investigations to assess the extent of contamination began. The cleanup strategy funded in 2004 included cleaning and removal of the ASTs located at SWMU-030, removal of associated aboveground pipelines, removal of the berms and synthetic liner, and installing soil borings below the synthetic liner to determine if releases occurred. Based upon sampling conducted in 2005, a release did occur and was cleaned up. The RFI report was submitted to ADEM in July 2006. Review and comments are still pending from ADEM. The CAP assumes that the documentation of all site investigation activities will be included in the closure plan for CCSWMU-031. There are no more activities planned for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Site close-out documentation will be combined with CCSWMU-030 after all actions are completed with that site. No additional funding is required.

Site Name: IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG 4812

Alias: RSA-035



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater. Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
CS	200001	200110
RFI/CMS	200807	201312
DES	201205	201403
CMI(C)	201205	201407
CMI(O)	201205	201610

RIP Date: 201407 **RC Date:** 201610

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site CCSWMU-035 is an inactive in-ground OWS located at the RSA airfield. The OWS received runoff from a fuel truck parking area. The OWS was taken out of service in 1997 when a new separator was installed. The original unit was installed in the 1940s, upgraded in the 1970s, and upgraded in 1985. The OWS consisted of two stages (initial and second). Each stage consisted of a two-ft by three ft by four-ft deep concrete pit. A UST associated with RSA-042 stored the recovered waste oil. The OWS was connected to the RSA-042 UST by an underground pipeline. The waste oil recovered from the unit was routinely transferred to RSA-030. The water discharged from the unit was routed to an adjacent drainage ditch east of the OWS. In 2000, confirmation sampling was completed, and the OWS was removed. Samples were also collected from the pipelines. The data indicated that releases occurred from the OWS prompting the completion of a release assessment. The release assessment completed in 2001 determined that releases from the OWS were related to petroleum products and had impacted surface soil at the point where the OWS overflowed. A removal action completed in 2002 removed surface soils impacted by petroleum releases. Additional areas of TPH impacted soil were identified near the airfield UST. Investigations under the UST program may be necessary to determine future actions at the UST site. The UST was not addressed by any of the previous investigations.

Groundwater at CCSWMU-035 occurs at or below the bedrock overburden interface. The limited number of samples obtained from the wells indicated the presence of TCE in groundwater; however, samples were not obtained from upgradient locations to confirm the release point. Since the groundwater occurs in bedrock at CCSWMU-035, the assessment of groundwater was separated from soils and combined with the groundwater investigation for RSA-034. The groundwater investigation completed in August 2003 indicated that releases from CCSWMU-035 did not impact groundwater. The NFA recommendation for the site surface media contained in the closure report submitted to ADEM in June 2004 was not accepted. On Dec. 6, 2004, ADEM provided comments on the closure report and requested additional sampling at CCSWMU-035. A report indicating the need for additional sampling at CCSWMU-035 due to releases detected during the additional investigations was submitted to ADEM in August 2005.

A meeting was held with ADEM on Oct. 18, 2005 to discuss the CCSWMU-035 issues. ADEM indicated that at a minimum, a technical memorandum to outline proposed sampling efforts to address releases to soil and groundwater at CCSWMU-035 was required. ADEM also requested a review of the work plan for CCSWMU-035 investigation activities prior to implementation. The technical memorandum was submitted to ADEM recommending that releases in the area of the initial OWS stage be addressed and to determine if the site was a source of TCE in the groundwater. These additional actions were funded and implemented in 2007. A report documenting the actions completed was submitted to ADEM in January 2009 requesting NFA for soils and acknowledging the need to proceed forward with additional groundwater investigations. Efforts to address the groundwater concerns at CCSWMU-035 are funded and underway. Upon completion of the RFI, it is expected that groundwater contamination associated with CCSWMU-035 will pose a risk and remedial efforts to address may be required. Long-term groundwater monitoring for TCE will be required for CCSWMU-035.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Site Name: IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG 4812

Alias: RSA-035

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The anticipated path forward will consist of an MNA study followed by LTM.

Site Name: SOUTH SIDE BLOWDOWN LAGOON, TEST AREA 5

Alias: RSA-116

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Perchlorate, Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil, Surface Water

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
RFI/CMS	201210	201502

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-116 (RSA-116) is approximately 4.5 acres in size and is located in the southern portion of RSA, south of Buxton and Pershing Roads, on the south side of Test Area 5. The site is active. RSA-116 was originally constructed as a holding basin for spent cooling water discharged during rocket motor test firing at Test Stand 8879. The cooling water was mixed with rocket motor exhaust. The spent cooling water was held in the lagoon and evaporated and/or percolated through the soil. There is a release structure at the base of the lagoon for drainage to the creek. In 1993, the lagoon was upgraded, lined with a synthetic membrane, and an eight-ft chain-link-fence was installed. The site is still used to capture water used during the static testing of rocket otors. The Final RCRA Confirmation Sampling Report South-Side Blowdown Lagoon, Test Area 5, RSA-116 was submitted to ADEM May 8, 2006. The sampling completed at RSA-116 indicated that SVOCs were present in subsurface soils at concentrations that exceeded risk-based screening concentrations (RBSCs). After the site becomes inactive, further investigation to determine the extent of SVOC contamination is warranted. Additional soil borings installed along the western edge of the dam are needed to confirm and determine the extent of PAH contamination in subsurface soils. Comments on the Final RCRA Confirmation Sampling Report for RSA-116 were received Dec. 13, 2007. The comments from ADEM requested that RSA complete additional monitoring of groundwater at RSA-116. RSA agreed to the additional monitoring efforts in their response to comments submitted on May 19, 2008. The monitoring effort was funded in FY08 and was implemented from 2009 to 2010. The report was issued in January 2012 suggesting annual monitoring until the site is closed. After closure, the site will require a RFI, CMS, DES, and CMI. The cleanup strategy for RSA-116 involves completing an RFI and a corrective measure.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The comments from ADEM on the final RCRA Confirmation Sampling Report requested that RSA complete additional monitoring of groundwater at RSA-116. RSA agreed to the additional monitoring efforts in their response to comments submitted on May 19, 2008. The monitoring effort was funded in FY08 and implemented from 2009 to 2010. The report was issued in January 2012 suggesting annual monitoring until the site is closed. Funding was obtained through TO-0004 of the FY09 PBA contract to complete the actions through RFI/CMS. Following the RFI/CMS, excavation of soils, monitoring, and LTM are likely.

Site Name: POL-CONTAM. SOIL, B.3234 SOUTH of B.3240

Alias: Bldg 3234

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

(POL)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site CCSWMU-143 is located at the intersection of Goss Road and Vincent Drive and includes the current installation convenience store (Building 3234), and former Branch Exchange Service Station (Building 3240). Building 3234 currently operates three 12,000-gallon gasoline USTs, which are located to the northwest of the building.

Operations at the former service station at Building 3240 included the use of three gasoline USTs and a waste oil pit from 1967 to 1995. Petroleum contamination was discovered near Building 3240 in 1993 during geotechnical investigations. A preliminary site contaminant assessment performed later that year revealed soil and groundwater contamination. In 1996, the three gasoline USTs and the waste oil pit were closed and removed. Investigations determined that groundwater at Building 3240 contained lead, MTBE, and BTEX. It was discovered in 2001 that overfills and spills from the active USTs at Building 3234 were mixing in groundwater with releases from the contamination at Building 3240.

The investigations at CCSWMU-143(RSA-143) had been conducted under the CERCLA program. In 2002, the USEPA deferred future characterization and cleanup activities to ADEM UST program. ADEM accepted RSA-143 into the UST program in 2002. Corrective measures for the contamination associated with Building 3240 were implemented in August 2004, which included the injection of oxidant material; however, subsequent monitoring revealed the presence of free-product in wells where it was not previously detected. An EE/CA document was prepared in May 2007 to determine the best method of treating the remaining free-product and dissolved-phase groundwater contamination. Excavation by LDAs and installation of an MPE system were the selected technologies. A pilot study for the MPE system was performed in July 2007. A CAP was prepared in October 2007. The LDA excavation and disposal fieldwork was completed in June 2008. Startup activities related to the MPE system began in January 2009.

Operation of the system is expected until site-specific target levels are achieved in groundwater. Additional investigation is also required near the current service station USTs at Building 3234. It is expected that future investigations required for the active USTs at Building 3234 will proceed under the Alabama Risk-Based Corrective Action Program for Petroleum Sites. Completion of an ARBCA evaluation for Building 3234 was funded under the RSA PMC contract. Upon completion of the ARBCA evaluation, limited corrective action measures will be required to achieve compliance at the site boundaries. The limited corrective action funded in 2010 under the RSA PMC contract will consist of injecting oxidizer into the groundwater to enhance remediation of contaminants in the groundwater. Additional phases or injections will be required to achieve site closure.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Preliminary investigations at RSA-143, Bldg. 3234 conducted under the PBA indicate that both soil and groundwater contamination are present at this building, which is from a separate source from the contamination associated with Bldg. 3240, but is considered part of SWMU RSA-143. Bldg. 3234 only stores unleaded gasoline, and does not handle waste oil. Therefore SVOCs were not released at this location.

Site Name: POL-CONTAM. SOIL, B.3234 SOUTH of B.3240

Alias: Bldg 3234

Ongoing monitoring at RSA-143, Bldg. 3240 indicates that the existing treatment system is ineffective and needs major enhancements or upgrades to achieve groundwater standards mandated by ADEM at the property boundary.

Site Name: 1.1 Grinder Bldg P2, TSA Bldg 769

Alias: RSA-182



RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-182, located south of Bldg 7695, is a steel building underlain by a 4-inch thick concrete pad that is approximately 7.25-ft by 12.25-ft. It was constructed in 1988. A sump approximately 1-ft deep and 2-ft wide ran the length of the Bldg (12.25-feet). The storage area at Bldg 7695 was used from 1978 to 1993 to store HMX and RDX waste. Confirmatory sampling (CS) was completed in 2003 around the storage area to determine if releases occurred. During the CS, 10 soil samples were collected and analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, metals, explosives, perchlorate, and cyanide. Sample results indicated chromium was present in soils at concentrations above background levels and USEPA Region 9 PRGs. The CS report submitted in September 2003 recommended additional investigation at RSA-182 to determine if the concentrations of chromium detected were site related. A statistical and geochemical evaluation of the data was completed to determine whether the chromium detected in surface and subsurface soils were within the naturally occurring background range. The geochemical evaluations indicated that the detected concentrations of chromium were anomalously high and may represent a component of contamination. Based on this finding, a release assessment (RA) was recommended for RSA-182. The RS activities were funded in 2004 and completed in 2005. The RS included the completion of soil borings to collect surface and subsurface soil samples. Based on the data collected during the CSA and the RS, RSA-182 does not appear to have released contaminants that pose a threat to human health or the environment, therefore a NFA recommendation is appropriate for this site. The Final RCRA Closure Report was submitted to ADEM June 07, 2006 with a NFA recommendation. ADEM provided comments in December 2009 disagreeing with the NFA decision.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

NFA is expected.

Site Name: Laboratory Injection Test Facility,

Alias: RSA-216



RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

This new RCRA SWMU was identified in 2005 based upon a Potential Source Area Investigation (PSA RSA-147) conducted under the CERCLA program. It is located south of Fowler Road and McMorrow Laboratories and west of Jungerman Road. It was initially designated as an injection test facility, but is currently a rocket actuation and guidance system laboratory. RSA-216 consists of two containment basins on the west side of Bldg 5475 and a concrete pit located north of the building. The concrete pit received discharges from the containment areas and it has no outlet. Bldg 5475 was initially designated as an injection test facility. Previous sampling completed in 2004 indicated that it is unlikely that releases occurred from the containment basins. Any release to the containment basins were routed directly to the concrete pit by a four-inch cast iron pipe. The 2004 sampling determined that releases of metals and petroleum products did occur from the concrete pit. Arsenic, cadmium, and mercury were detected at concentrations that exceeded the respective background levels and risk based concentrations based on residential USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs).

Concentrations of benzo (a) anthracene, benzo (a) pyrene, and benzo (b) fluoranthene in sample SD01 also exceeded their respective residential RBCs. Based on the indications of releases of hazardous constituents from the concrete pit additional investigations in the form of additional sampling are required at RSA-216 in 2006. In March 2006 additional sampling was completed to determine the extent of any releases from the concrete pit. The concrete pit was removed to allow sampling below the pit and soil borings were installed downgradient of the concrete pit to determine the extent of the release. No contamination was found and a NFA was requested for this site. The release assessment report was submitted to ADEM in November 2006. A Confirmation Sampling/Closure Report requesting a NFA was submitted to ADEM Dec. 5, 2006. ADEM provided comments on the Confirmation Sampling/Closure Report in November 2010 and November 2011. A Revision 1 Confirmation Sampling/Closure Report was produced in May 2012.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

NFA is expected.

Site Name: Roads and Grounds Maintenance Shop

Alias: RSA-222

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201412

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site was identified in 2005 based upon a PSA Investigation (RSA-147) conducted under the CERCLA program. RSA-222 (Roads and Grounds Maintenance Shop) consists of the paint shop, water curtain paint booth, and OWS in Building 5494. The paint shop is located at the east end of Building 5494. The paint booth OWS is located on the southeast side of the building. An additional OWS (Building 5498) is located south of Building 5494. All vehicle washing activities occur at Building 5498 and all discharges from the operations are routed to the Building 5498 OWS. The water curtain system for paint booth is still operational. The sump for the water curtain paint booth and floor drain for the painting areas is connected to the OWS. The OWS discharges to the sanitary sewer. The old OWS that was referred to as the paint trap was replaced in 2001. The old OWS was in poor repair prior to its replacement and it is likely that the discharges from the water curtain paint booth contained hazardous constituents that were released to the old OWS. No sampling was completed during the replacement of the old OWS. The investigations were funded in 2005 and completed in 2006. A Release Assessment/Closure Report recommending a NFA was submitted to ADEM Oct. 23, 2006.

In a letter dated Feb. 24, 2012, ADEM stated that addition investigation of the Oil-Water Separator (OWS) was required.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional investigation of the OWS is required per the February 2012 response letter from ADEM. Research and evaluation of the structural condition of the sidewalls and associated piping was requested by ADEM. Additional RFI activities may be required based on the results of this investigation.

Site Name: FORMER SUBSTATION NO.7, BLDG 5290

Alias: RSA-240

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201412

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-240 was identified in 2005 based upon a Potential Source Area Investigation (PSA RSA-147) conducted under the CERCLA program. This Former Substation No. 7, Building 5290, which operated from 1960-1996 is located just northeast of the Sparkman Center, north of Sparkman Circle, and west of Patton Road. It was replaced by Substation No. 8 located approximately 25 to 50 feet east of CCSWMU-240. The site where Former Substation No. 7 was located is now an open field. Little evidence of the former substation remains at the site. A concrete conduit that spans a drainage ditch south of the former substation's location is the only remaining indication of the substation's presence. Previous sampling completed in 2004 indicated that PCB Aroclor-1260 was present in groundwater at concentrations that exceed the risk based screening criteria (RBC) and the drinking water maximum contaminant level.

The 2004 data for soil indicated that Aroclor-1260 was present in surface soil at concentrations that exceeded the RBC. Release assessment investigations funded in 2005 were completed in 2006. The investigations at CCSWMU-240 determined that the extent of PCBs in soil and groundwater was limited and that the site posed no risk; however, to ensure that the site could be utilized in the future without restrictions, a limited surface soil removal was implemented to remove all soil with greater than 1-ppm of PCBs. A Release Assessment/Closure Report documenting the activities completed was submitted to ADEM with an NFA recommendation on Oct.15, 2007. The recommendation for the NFA was rejected by ADEM in their Sept. 06, 2011 comments. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, funding has been provided under TO-0008 to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective. Therefore, a CMS and corrective action could be required for CCSWMU-240. This project includes the CMS and CMI phases.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Release assessment investigations funded in 2005 were completed in 2006. The investigations at CCSWMU-240 determined that the extent of PCBs in soil and groundwater was limited and that the site posed no risk; however, to ensure that the site could be utilized in the future without restrictions, a limited surface soil removal was implemented to remove all soil with greater than 1-ppm of PCBs. A release assessment/closure report documenting the activities completed was submitted to ADEM with an NFA recommendation on Oct. 15, 2007. The recommendation for the NFA was rejected by ADEM in their Sept. 6, 2011 comments. Therefore, a CMS and corrective action could be required for CCSWMU-240.

Site Name: HW STORAGE IGLOO, BLDG 7313

Alias: RSA-241



RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-241 is located on Plover Road, west of Magazine Road and north of Redstone Road in the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine (RARE) Facility area in the southeast portion of RSA (currently within the Test Area 10 boundary). Building 7313 is situated in a field of several igloos and was most recently used by the Thiokol Corporation. Building 7313 is an igloo that was constructed in 1942 and used primarily for storage of high explosives and chemical high explosives in support of operations at the Redstone Ordnance Plant. RSA-241 was used to store hazardous waste until 1996. Sampling completed in 2004 indicated that chromium and mercury are present in surface and subsurface soils at levels that exceed background values. A release assessment is required to determine the extent of the hazardous constituents released from RSA-241. The release assessment for RSA-241 was funded and started in 2007. The initial results from the release assessment indicated the presence of SVOCs in soils above screening levels. A limited removal action to address SVOCs in soils was completed in FY09. The data from the removal action indicated that the removal action was not successful and an RFI is required for the site. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI/CMS will determine the path forward.

Site Name: HW STORAGE IGLOO, BLDG 7314

Alias: RSA-242



Phases Start End RFA.....200502......200503 RFI/CMS......201108......201412

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201412

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-242 is located on Plover Road, west of Magazine Road and north of Redstone Road in the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine (RARE) Facility area in the southeast portion of RSA (currently within the Test Area 10 boundary). Building 7314 is situated in a field of several igloos and was most recently used by the Thiokol Corporation. Building 7314 is an igloo that was constructed in 1942 and used primarily for storage of high explosives and chemical high explosives in support of operations at the Redstone Ordnance Plant. After 1950, the igloo was used by Thiokol Corporation to store chemicals and munitions until the company's departure from RSA in 1996. Sampling completed in 2004 indicated that SVOCs were present in surface and subsurface soils at levels that exceed RBSCs. A release assessment was completed to determine the extent of the hazardous constituents released from RSA-242. The release assessment for RSA-242 was funded and started in 2007. The initial results from the release assessment indicated the presence of SVOCs in soils above screening levels but not at levels that posed a risk. The July 2009 Release Assessment Report for RSA-242 requested a NFA for RSA-242; however, ADEM did not concur with the NFA recommendation in their comments provided Aug. 22, 2011. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI and CMS will be developed under the current PBA TO-0008.

Estimated RFI field activities necessary to support the performance objective are as follows:

- conducting approximately 20 soil borings,
- collecting approximately 100 soil samples,
- installing approximately four overburden monitoring wells,
- collecting approximately five groundwater samples.

Site Name: PROPELLANT STORAGE, BLDG 7342

Alias: RSA-243



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-243 is located on Plover Road, west of Magazine Road and north of Redstone Road in the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine (RARE) Facility area in the southeast portion of RSA (currently within the Test Area 10 boundary). Building 7342 is situated in a field of several igloos and was most recently used by the Thiokol Corporation. Building 7342 is an igloo that was constructed in 1942 and used primarily for storage of high explosives and chemical high explosives in support of operations at the Redstone Ordnance Plant. After 1950, the igloo was used by Thiokol Corporation to store chemicals and munitions until the company's departure from RSA in 1996. Sampling completed in 1997 indicated that SVOCs were present in surface and subsurface soils at levels that exceed RBSCs. A release assessment was completed to determine the extent of the hazardous constituents released from RSA-243. The release assessment for RSA-243 was funded and started in 2007. The initial results from the release assessment indicated the presence of SVOCs in soils above screening levels but not at levels that posed a risk. The February 2009 Release Assessment Report for RSA-243 requested a NFA for RSA-243; however, ADEM did not concur with the NFA recommendation in their comments provided August 30, 2011. RSA agreed to complete additional sampling and/or a RFI.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

It is anticipated that the RFI will support an NFA.

Site Name: STEAM HEATING PLANT, BLDG 7579

Alias: RSA-245



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200502	.200503
RFI/CMS	.200702	.201410

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-245 was identified in 2005 based upon a Potential Source Area Investigation (PSA RSA-146) conducted under the CERCLA program. RSA-245 is located south of Redstone Road and east of Line Road in the northern portion of the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine (RARE) South Plant area in the southeast portion of RSA. RSA-245 was constructed in 1942 as the primary steam heating plant (boiler house) for the Redstone Ordnance Plant (ROP) Lines 3 and 4. It was transferred from RSA to Rohm and Haas Company in 1950, reverted back to RSA in 1971, and then transferred to the Thiokol Corporation in 1985. Thiokol used the facility as a boiler house from 1985 until 1996. In 1997, soil samples were collected and analyzed for explosives, polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), and metals. Lead was detected in surface soil above background levels. Benzo(a)pyrene) was detected in surface soil above the risk-based concentration (RBC) screening criteria. TPH was also detected in the samples analyzed. Additional investigations are required to determine the extent of the release of hazardous constituents from RSA-245. The release assessment for RSA-245 was funded in 2007 and implemented in 2008. The results of the release assessment indicate that SVOCs in soil are a concern for RSA-245. The release assessment report noted that an RFI is required for RSA-245. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0002 acquisition (May 21, 2010).

The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. It is anticipated that the RFI will indicate that a CMI is required. Tasks for this site include completing an RFI, CMS, DES, CMI(C), and LTM.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. It is anticipated that the RFI will indicate that a CMI is required.

Site Name: SEWER EJECTOR & MOTOR POOL, BLDG 7630

Alias: RSA-246

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200502	200503
RFI/CMS	200609	201502

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-246 was identified in 2005 based upon a Potential Source Area Investigation (PSA RSA-146) conducted under the CERCLA program. RSA-246 is located on Pheasant Road at Oriole Circle, in the central portion of the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine (RARE) North Plant area in the southeast portion of RSA. RSA-246 was originally constructed in 1959 and was used as a sewer ejector station. The original building was demolished. The existing Building 7630 was constructed in 1983 and used by the Thiokol Corporation as a motor pool and painting facility until 1996. A 1,000-gallon fuel oil Underground Storage Tank (UST) and a pump were located in an equipment yard north of the building. Oil stains were visible on the ground near the pump. An exterior two-chambered baffled oil/water separator, which had an outlet to the sanitary sewer, was located next to the equipment wash bay. Gray water noted leaving the oil/water separator suggested paint-wash discharge may have entered the oil/water separator.

A former gasoline UST (approximately 2,000 gallons) was reportedly removed from the west end of the building in 1983 or 1984. In 1997 soil and groundwater samples were collected near the building and analyzed for explosives, polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), metals, PCBs, and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs). Benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene, and PCB-1254 were detected above RBCs. Groundwater contained metals, VOCs, and explosives above screening criteria. A release assessment investigation at RSA-246 began in 2006 and was completed in 2007. On June 26, 2007, a Release Assessment/Closure Report for RSA-246 requesting NFA was submitted to ADEM. The February 2009 Release Assessment Report for RSA-246 requested a NFA for RSA-246; however, ADEM did not concur with the NFA recommendation in their comments provided Sept. 29, 2011 and requested an RFI for RSA-246. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

The phases included in this project are the RFI Phase, CMS, DES, CMI(C), and CMI(O).

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A release assessment investigation at RSA-246 began in 2006 and was completed in 2007. On June 26, 2007, a Release Assessment/Closure Report for RSA-246 requesting NFA was submitted to ADEM. The February 2009 Release Assessment Report for RSA-246 requested a NFA for RSA-246; however, ADEM did not concur with the NFA recommendation in their comments provided September 29, 2011 and requested an RFI for RSA-246. An RFI and CMS will be completed. An excavation of soils is anticipated.

Site Name: STEEL FABRICATION/MAINTENANCE FAC. B7644

Alias: RSA-247

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-247 (Building 7644, Steel Fabrication Shop and Maintenance Facility) is located in the northeast corner of Pheasant Road and Blue Bird Road, in the central portion of the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine North Plant area in the southeast portion of RSA. Building 7644 was built in 1958 and was reportedly used as a metal plating shop until 1959. Little is known about the plating operations, but a 1975 document describes Building 7644 as a metal plating facility where tooling is coated with cadmium, nickel chrome, and other electrochemical processes (U.S. Army Missile Command, 1975). According to the RSA building use history, Building 7644 was converted to a steel fabrication and maintenance shop in 1959 and was operated by the Thiokol Corporation until 1996. Activities in the building during this period included metal work such as pipe fitting, threading, and drilling of metal parts. A release assessment was completed at RSA-247 in 2007. The extent of cadmium and nickel contamination in surface soil and nickel contamination in subsurface soil at RSA-247 was not defined by the release assessment. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

On Oct. 5, 2010, the RFI repot for RSA-247 requesting NFA was submitted to ADEM requesting a NFA for RSA-247. However, ADEM did not concur with the NFA recommendation in their comments provided Sept. 29, 2011 and requested additional RFI efforts at RSA-247. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008 acquisition.

Estimated field activities necessary to complete the RFI are as follows:

- conduct approximately 15 soil borings,
- collect approximately 50 soil samples,
- install approximately two overburden monitoring wells,
- collect approximately six groundwater samples.

Site Name: BATTERY MAINTENANCE SHOP, BLDG 3633

Alias: RSA-248

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA Contaminants of Concern: Metals

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200502	200503
RFI/CMS	200609	201410

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site CCSWMU-248 (Building 3333) was identified in 2005 based upon a PSA investigation (RSA-145) conducted under the CERCLA program. It is located west of Patriot Drive, north of Neal Road, and south of Roland Road and is currently operational. It occupies 12,360 sf and was constructed in 1943 as a warehouse for the SMF plant. The northern half of Building 3633 is used as a forklift maintenance area and the southern half is used for battery maintenance. The battery maintenance portion of Building 3633 consists of a storage area for incoming batteries, a battery filling and charging area, and a wash down area. The battery maintenance activities in Building 3633 began with the development of the Nike missile system that occurred in the mid-1950s. During this era, lead acid and nickel-cadmium batteries were serviced. The battery maintenance activities included the complete rebuilding of batteries, draining of battery electrolyte, and replacing lead plates. These historical activities as well as current activities have resulted in the release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents through floor drains, piping to the sanitary sewer, and to the surface by spills and routine operations.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The release assessment indicated that an RFI may not be required for CCSWMU-248. The closure report requesting an NFA for CCSWMU-248 was submitted to ADEM on Oct. 16, 2007. In ADEM's comments received Aug. 29, 2011, ADEM requested an RFI for CCSWMU-248. The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. A CMS will also be completed as required by the Army.

Site Name: SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT, BLDG 8018

Alias: RSA-268

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	.200501	.200607
RFI/CMS	200609	.201409
CMI(C)	201205	.201602

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201602

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-268 is located in the southwestern portion of RSA north of Buxton Road along the northern end of Shields Road. CCSWMU-268 is a former sewage treatment plant (Building 8018) that was constructed in 1943 to provide limited wastewater treatment services for the Gulf Chemical Warfare Depot. Building 8018 was removed from service in 1992 when the Imhoff tank, dosing chamber, and other structures were filled with gravel. Limited investigations at CCSWMU-268 were completed under the CERCLA program in 2005. Metals were detected in surface or subsurface soils at concentrations that exceeded background and/or RBCs. Arsenic, chromium, and mercury were detected in surface or subsurface soils at concentrations that exceeded background. One groundwater grab sample contained SVOCs (benzo (a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, and benzo(k)fluoranthene) at concentrations exceeding their respective RBCs. Additional investigations to confirm and determine the extent of the releases at CCSWMU-268 were funded and completed in 2007. The release assessment indicated the presence of metals in groundwater samples collected from piezometers. A single well was installed to collect data to confirm the presence of metals in groundwater. The release assessment report requesting an NFA for CCSWMU-268 was submitted in April 2008. Comments on the release assessment report were received from ADEM on June 9, 2009. Existing sampling at the site was not fully compliant with ADEM's AEIRG and ADEM did not provide concurrence with the NFA recommendation. ADEM requested further investigation of soil and groundwater at CCSWMU-268.

The path forward for this site is to conduct additional characterization to become compliant with ADEM's AEIRG and produce an RFI in anticipation that NFA can be achieved at the site. Existing data indicate that no release has occurred at the site. The RFI for CCSWMU-268 was funded in 2009 and an RFI work plan was produced in March of 2011. The RFI was submitted to the Army for review in December 2012. Additional sampling was recommended in surface soil in the area of the sludge drying beds for determination of PAH impacts. A remedial action was recommended.

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a CMS and a removal action will be required for the removal of contaminants from the filter beds and sludge beds. The phases included in the project are a CMS phase, and a remediation CMI (C) phase.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI was submitted to the Army for review in December 2012. Additional sampling was recommended in surface soil in the area of the sludge drying beds for determination of PAH impacts. A remedial action was recommended.

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a corrective measure study and a removal action will be required for the removal of contaminants from the filter beds and sludge beds.

Site Name: B5487 WW MAINT SHOP ACID BATH WASHDOWN

Alias: RSA-277



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200508	200606
RFI/CMS	200609	201410
IRΔ	200905	200908

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201410

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-277 (Building 5487, Wastewater Maintenance Shop Acid Bath Wash Down Area) is located north of Mills Road in the central portion of RSA. The building is approximately 12,350 sf in size and was constructed in 1942. The eastern half of Building 5487 is used as a pipe, plumbing, and wastewater maintenance shop and is involved in machining (pipe threading) activities. These activities require the use of a cutting lubricant which is collected in catch basins and by absorbent material placed below the machinery.

The western half of the building is used as a heating, ventilation, and air conditioning shop. A release assessment was completed at RSA-277 in 2007, which indicated that a release of hazardous constituents to soil, and a potential release of hazardous constituents to groundwater, occurred at RSA-277. The detection of metals above screening criteria in surface soil and the detections of VOCs above screening criteria in groundwater prompted a recommendation for further investigation of the site. The RFI concluded that in order to address the unacceptable risk to the construction worker from chromium contamination and allow the site to be released for unrestricted use, an interim removal action for surface soil is recommended. ADEM concurred with the RFI that an interim removal action for chromium-contaminated surface soil be completed. A removal action letter work plan was completed in June 2009 to remove and dispose of contaminated surface soil at RSA-277 with the removal action being completed in August 2009.

ADEM's comments to the May 2012 revised RFI report indicated that extent of contamination has not been fully determined, therefore, additional sampling to complete the RFI is necessary. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0008 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling and sampling and completion of a CMSis required.

Site Name: FORMER PRIMARY SUBSTATION NO.2, BLDG3796

Alias: RSA-283

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

Media of Concern: Soil

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-283 is a former primary substation that was reportedly established in the 1940s. The substation is currently inactive. Substation No. 2 was taken out of service between 1994 and 1996. Available engineering drawings indicate that the primary substation existed as early as 1943 and originally consisted of three 161 kV transformers used to reduce the 161 kV voltage to 44 kV to allow distribution to substations within RSA. Currently, there are 23 transformers of varying sizes, voltages, and vintages located at CCSWMU-283. In May of 2007 sampling of all 23 transformers indicated that two of the transformers located at CCSWMU-283 (transformers 19 and 20) contain PCBs at concentrations above 50ppm. The nine surface soil samples collected from suspected release areas indicated that PCBs were released from the transformers to soil. The concentrations of PCBs detected in the soil were low, with concentrations ranging from 0.24 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) (equivalent to ppm) to 6.8 mg/kg; however, all of the detections of PCBs exceed risk-based screening concentrations based on the USEPA Region 9 preliminary remediation goal for residential soil (0.11 mg/kg). This data indicates the need for additional investigation to determine the nature and extent of the releases. It should be noted that CCSWMU-283 has an archaeological site (1MA1263) on southwest side just touching the boundary.

The SHPO has determined that the archaeological site is not eligible for inclusion on the national register. Notification of CCSWMU-283 as a new SWMU was provided to ADEM on June 11, 2007. The additional investigations in the form of a release assessment began in 2008. The release assessment determined the extent of PCB contaminated soils. The concentrations of PCBs detected in surface soil confirmed that releases of PCB-containing transformer oil occurred at CCSWMU-283. The data from the release assessment indicates that PCBs are present in soils above the residential risk-based screening concentrations but are below the industrial levels. While it is unlikely that the area will be returned to residential use, a removal action was implemented to remove concentrations of PCBs above residential levels. The release assessment report containing the removal action requesting NFA for CCSWMU-283 was submitted to ADEM July 28, 2011. The comments provided by ADEM on Sept. 21, 2011 indicated that an RFI is required for the site. It is expected that upon completion of the RFI/risk assessment it will be determined that the site poses no future risks. This project contains a study phase named RFI.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

It is expected that upon completion of the RFI/risk assessment it will be determined that the site poses no future risks.

Site Name: FIRE TRAINING AREA (FTA)

Alias: RSA-284

Regulatory Driver: **RCRA**

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200705	200706
CS	201012	201012
RFI/CMS	201205	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-284 is Fire Training Area (FTA) that covers an area of approximately 900 feet by 400 feet (8.3 acres). The FTA contains a burn pit, a diesel fuel aboveground storage tank (AST), a drafting pit (used for extended testing of water pumping apparatus), a propane AST, and a structural training tower with a burn room. Discharges from the burn pit are routed to an OWS. The OWS discharges directly to an unlined surface drainage ditch. During a site visit completed in May of 2007, it was determined that at least two documented releases of diesel fuel occurred at the FTA in 2002 and 2007. While the releases were properly responded to and cleaned up, the frequency indicates a need for further evaluation of past usage and evaluation of past releases on to soil and groundwater.

Notification of RSA-284 as a new SWMU was provided to ADEM on June 26, 2007. The release assessment to determine the nature and extent of releases at RSA-284 was funded in 2007 and was completed in 2008. The release assessment indicated that surface and subsurface soils at RSA-284 did not pose an unacceptable risk to human health in a residential use scenario, nor do they pose an unacceptable threat to groundwater quality from leaching. Because groundwater samples could not be collected from three of the six monitoring wells installed during the release assessment, a significant data gap exists in the western half of RSA-284. Trichloroethene (TCE) exceeded the MCL in groundwater, indicating a possible release to groundwater. However, it is not clear that the TCE originated from RSA-284. The Release Assessment Report requesting NFA was submitted to ADEM Oct. 26, 2010. Comments received on Sept. 30, 2011, indicated that ADEM did not concur with the request for an NFA or inclusion of the RSA-284 groundwater investigation as part of the investigation for RSA-035. Additionally, ADEM also indicated in their comments that an RFI and continued monitoring is required for RSA-284.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010, pursuant to the Alabama Hazardous Waste Management and Minimization Act. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that RSA-284 achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010, pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that RSA-284 achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004. MNA is the expected remedy for the site.

Site Name: BOILER/STEAM PLANT, BLDG 3624

Alias: RSA-286



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201505

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-286 is located in the eastern portion of RSA east of Ajax Road and south Gray Road. RSA-286 is 8,253 sq. ft and was a constructed as boiler house in 1943. Building 3624 was constructed with four water-tube, sectional-header boilers. The boiler was replaced in 1960 with four new water-tube boilers. The boiler was then fueled with natural gas and fuel oil as standby. Due to the long history of use of the building as a boiler, releases of boiler chemicals and POL from AST pipelines and operational activities occurred during past operations. Additional investigations in the form of a release assessment are required to determine the extent of releases from RSA-286. RSA-286 was identified as 145-PS-02F-03 in the Potential Source Area Investigation for RSA-145 conducted under the CERCLA program. Based on the potential for releases, RSA-286 was identified as a new SWMU in notification provided to the ADEM on Jan. 17, 2008.

The release assessment for RSA-286 was implemented in 2010. The release assessment for RSA-286 indicated that releases occurred at RSA-286 and that an RFI is required. The release assessment investigations indicated that a limited removal action, RFI, and risk assessment are required to determine the extent of releases at RSA-286 and ensure that there are no risks are associated with any remaining concentrations of contaminants at RSA-286. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

An RFI and CMS will be produced under current PBA contract, Task Order 4. Excavation and off-site disposal is the expected remedy for the site.

Site Name: COMPONENT STORAGE WAREHOUSE, BLDG 3634

Alias: RSA-287

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200701	200801
RFI/CMS	200809	201508

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201508

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-287 is located in the eastern portion of RSA west of Patriot Drive, north of Neal Road, and south of Roland Road. Building 3634 built in 1943 is a 12,780 sq. ft. storage warehouse for components in the Smoke Munitions Filling Area 2. In 1954, the building was used by the transportation organization as a shop for vehicle maintenance. Historical documents noted potential releases during vehicle oil changes and lubrications. CCSWMU-287 was identified as 145-PS-03A-04 in 2007 in the Potential Source Area Investigation for RSA-145 conducted under the CERCLA program. Additional investigations in the form of a release assessment were implemented in 2010 to confirm the releases at CCSWMU-287. The release assessment investigations indicated that a limited removal action, RFI, and risk assessment are required to determine the extent of releases at CCSWMU-287 and ensure that there are no risks associated with any remaining concentrations of contaminants at CCSWMU-287.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional investigations in the form of a release assessment were implemented in 2010 to confirm the releases at CCSWMU-287. The release assessment investigations indicated that a limited removal action, RFI, and risk assessment are required to determine the extent of releases at CCSWMU-287 and ensure that there are no risks associated with any remaining concentrations of contaminants at CCSWMU-287. Excavation and off-site disposal is the expected remedy for the site.

Site Name: WTP#1, SLUDGE THICKENER & DRYING BEDS

Alias: RSA-288

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200404	200801
RFI/CMS	200903	201505

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201505

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-288 is located in the southern portion of RSA off of Shields Road on the northern banks of the Tennessee River. CCSWMU-288 was built in 1942 as the primary water treatment facility for RSA. It treated water from the Tennessee River for use at the arsenal. The treatment of water drawn from the Tennessee River generated solid waste that was managed in the sludge thickener and sludge drying beds. It is unknown if the solid waste contained any hazardous constituents or if any releases from the sludge beds or other features occurred. CCSWMU-288 was identified as 145-PS-02F-03 in the Potential Source Area Investigation for RSA-145 conducted under the CERCLA program.

The release assessment completed in 2010 indicated that NFA was required for CCSWMU-288; however, it is possible that ADEM will not concur and an RFI and a risk assessment will be required. The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a removal action is required and it will be implemented as an interim removal action for the removal of contaminants from the sludge beds. It is expected that the interim removal action will serve as the final remedial action and no CMS will be required. All site activities will be documented in a site closure report.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The release assessment completed in 2010 indicated that NFA was required for CCSWMU-288; however, ADEM has directed that an RFI and a risk assessment be completed before NFA status can be approved. The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a no further action recommendation will be requested. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

Site Name: WTP#2, SLUDGE THICKENER & DRYING BEDS

Alias: RSA-289

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Semi-volatiles (SVOC),

Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200404	200801
RFI/CMS	200904	201505

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201505

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-289 is located in the southeastern portion of RSA off of the southeastern corner of the Railford Road loop, on the northern banks of the Tennessee River. CCSWMU-289 was built in 1943 and served as Water Treatment Plant 2 for the secondary treatment of water used in industrial processes. The treatment of water drawn from the Tennessee River generated solid waste that was managed in the sludge thickener and sludge drying beds. It is unknown if the solid waste contained any hazardous constituents or if any releases from the sludge beds or other features occurred. CCSWMU-289 was identified as 157-PS-01B in the Potential Source Area Investigation for RSA-157 conducted under the CERCLA program. Additional investigations are required at CCSWMU-289 in the form of a release assessment. It should be noted that CCSWMU-289 has an archaeological site (1MA0720) on the southeast portion of the site. The state historical preservation office (SHPO) has determined that the archaeological site is eligible for inclusion on the national register.

Additional investigations in the form of a release assessment were completed at CCSWMU-289 in 2010. The release assessment indicated that NFA is required for CCSWMU-289; however, it is possible that ADEM will not concur and they will require an RFI and a risk assessment. The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that a removal action is required and it will be implemented as an interim removal action for the removal of contaminants from the sludge beds. It is expected that the interim removal action will serve as the final remedial action and no CMS will be required. All site activities will be documented in a site closure report.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that NFA is required. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

Site Name: WTP#3, SLUDGE THICKENER & DRYING BE

Alias: RSA-290



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-290 is located in the south-central portion of RSA south of Martin Rd., east of Patton Rd. and north of Mills Rd. behind Building 5428. Buildings 5431(Former Sludge Thickener) and 5433 (Former Sludge Drying Beds) were demolished in the 1990s. Water Treatment Plant No. 3 (WTP No. 3) was built in 1959 as a potable water treatment facility for RSA. WTP No. 3 was never used to treat wastes of any kind. WTP No. 3 treated the industrial water produced by WTPs No. 1 and No. 2. In 1970, WTP No. 3 was estimated to have the capacity to produce 6.0 million gallons of potable water per day. There were seven drying beds at RSA-290 before they were demolished in the 1990s. Each bed was 61 feet, four inches long and 24 feet wide (including the retaining wall for both dimensions). The drying-bed retaining walls were made of eight-inch-thick concrete and extended to a maximum depth of eight feet. Based on available engineering drawings, the sludge thickener and drying beds cover approximately 0.25 acre.

Every six weeks, the settling/mixing basins were drained and the sediment removed. Sediment/sludge was pumped from the settling/mixing basins to the thickener. From the thickener, the sediment/sludge was pumped into the drying beds. The sediment removed from the filter beds is the only waste assumed to be associated with the WTP process. The areas associated with the treatment of the sediment/sludge (sludge thickener and drying beds) outline the areas of concern with this SWMU. During the early years of operation, the drying beds were backwashed to surface drainage; however, notes on the 1991 piping diagrams state that sludge from the drying beds was discarded at the RSA landfill. It is unknown if the solid waste contained any hazardous constituents or if any releases from the sludge beds or other features occurred.

Additional investigations in the form of a release assessment were completed at RSA-290 in 2010. The release assessment indicated that NFA is required for RSA-290; however, ADEM has directed that an RFI and a risk assessment be completed before a NFA status can be approved. The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that NFA is necessary at the site. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The results of the RFI are expected to indicate that NFA is necessary at the site. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

Site Name: UST AT FORMER BLDG T-3162 (STEAM PLANT)

Alias: RSA-291

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

(POL)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200704	200801
RFI/CMS	201205	201503

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201503

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-291 is located in the northeastern portion of RSA south of Bob Wallace Ave. and west of Patton Road. Building T-3162 was built in 1942 as a boiler house. It continued as a steam plant through 1976 and was demolished by 1983. Records documenting the removal of USTs at T-3162 are not available. Soil and groundwater samples collected in 2005 indicated the presence of petroleum products in soil and groundwater. It is unknown if the USTs were removed or if any investigations into potential releases from the USTs were completed. Additional investigation under ADEM UST program is required to confirm releases occurred from the USTs at CCSWMU-291. CCSWMU-291 was identified as 145-PS-01C-03 in the Potential Source Area Investigation for RSA-145 conducted under the CERCLA program. Additional investigations are required at CCSWMU 291. The release assessment was funded in FY08 and implemented in 2009. The release assessment identified VOCs and PAH compounds in soil below evaluation criteria, except methylene chloride. A secondary investigation completed in 2010 by NationView indicated benzo(a)pyrene present in soil above the PSV. Definitive level soil and groundwater data are not available.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the Permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The path forward is to conduct an RFI field investigation in accordance with AEIRG to include collection of nine surface and 24 subsurface soil samples using direct-push technology (DPT) to confirm existing data and investigate areas currently not evaluated. Four permanent overburden monitoring wells will be installed to evaluate potential groundwater contamination. Two overburden groundwater wells were installed during the 2010 investigation and will be sampled as part of the RFI.

The ARBCA risk assessment is expected to indicate that no corrective action is required. All site activities will be documented in a site ARBCA closure report.

Site Name: FORMER USTs AT BLDG 3639

Alias: RSA-293



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200401	200801
RFI/CMS	200908	201501

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201501

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site CCSWMU-293 is located in the eastern portion of RSA east of Patriot Drive, West of Patton Road and North of Overlook Road. Building 369 was used as a screening and proportioning building for various mix components (105 mm M-1 white and M-2 colored smoke canisters) in the 1940s. In the 1950s, Building 3639 was converted to a gasoline/diesel fueling station. Five USTs were removed from CCSWMU-293 in 1996. During limited sampling completed in 2005 benzene and carbon tetrachloride were detected in soil and/or groundwater at concentration above the MCL indicating potential releases from the USTs. Additional investigation under ADEM UST program is required to determine if releases occurred from CCSWMU-293. CCSWMU-293 was identified as 145-PS-03C-01 in the Potential Source Area Investigation for RSA-145 conducted under the CERCLA program.

Additional investigation under ADEM corrective action program is required to confirm releases from CCSWMU-293. The release assessment was funded in FY08. The release assessment (essentially a secondary investigation under the UST program) completed in 2010 confirmed releases to soil and groundwater and that an ARBCA investigation for a petroleum site is required. Benzene is a concern for groundwater. The ARBCA investigation for CCSWMU-293 was funded under the PMC in 2010 and will be complete by 2014. The ARBCA risk assessment is expected to indicate that corrective action is required. The corrective action will consist of injecting oxidizer into groundwater to enhance remediation of contaminants and the construction of an air stripper and activated carbon treatment system.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines.

Actions beyond the RFI are probable but not measurable. Future phases will be developed either from a CMS or from an Armyonly NFA DD, whichever is developed for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional investigation under the ADEM UST program is required to determine if releases occurred from CCSWMU-293. CCSWMU-293 was identified as 145-PS-03C-01 in the potential source area investigation for RSA-145 conducted under the CERCLA program. Additional investigation under ADEM UST program is required to confirm releases from CCSWMU-293. The release assessment was funded in FY08. The release assessment (essentially a secondary investigation under the UST program) completed in 2010 confirmed releases to soil and groundwater and that an ARBCA investigation for a petroleum site is required. Benzene is a concern for groundwater. The ARBCA investigation for CCSWMU-293 was funded under the PMC in 2010 and will be complete by 2014. The ARBCA risk assessment is expected to indicate that corrective action is required. The corrective action will likely consist of injecting oxidizer into groundwater to enhance remediation of contaminants and the construction of an air stripper and activated carbon treatment system.

However, the likelihood and associated cost with these actions cannot be accurately measured at this time.

Site Name: OWS, WASHRACK&SUMP ADJACENT TO BLDG 5498

Alias: RSA-304

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200803	200805
RFI/CMS	200907	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

RSA-304 (Building 5498) is located in the eastern portion of RSA, east of Miles Road and north of Stewart Road. The original washrack and OWS at Building 5498 were constructed around 1979. Available information indicates that the washrack was historically used for washing vehicles and equipment associated with maintenance activities completed at RSA. The SWMU consists of the concrete washing area, settling basins, and OWS. The original OWS was replaced with a 3,000 gallon, doubled walled, fiberglass, and enhanced coalescing OWS in 2002. Due to the potential for release of POL from the washrack, RSA-304 was identified as a new SWMU in notification provided to ADEM on May 05, 2008. Additional investigations are required at RSA-304 in the form of a release assessment, which was funded in FY08. The final release assessment report submitted in August 2012 indicated that an RFI was required. The RFI is underway and it is expected that the site will require a corrective action. The phases included in this project are the CMS, DES, CMI (C), and CMI (O).

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI is underway and it is expected that the site will require a corrective action. Excavation and off-site disposal of soils is the expected remedy.

Site Name: DISPATCHER OFC WITH WASHRACK, BLDG 3664

Alias: RSA-305

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200803	200805
RFI/CMS	201006	201502

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201502

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site CCSWMU-305 (Bldg 3664) is located in the northeastern portion of RSA west of Patriot Drive near Vista Road. It was constructed in 1952 as a dispatcher's office in support of the motor pool area. The washrack was constructed prior to 1977 and the OWS was added after 1977. Available information indicates that the washrack was historically used for washing the exterior of vehicles maintained in the motor pool. The original concrete OWS at Building 3664 was replaced in 2002 with a 3,000-gallon, double-walled, fiberglass, enhanced coalescing OWS. The SWMU consists of the concrete washing area and OWS. Due to the potential for release of POL from the washrack, it was identified as a new SWMU in notification provided to ADEM on May 5, 2008.

The release assessment for CCSWMU-305 was funded in FY08 and was implemented in 2009. The release assessment/closure report for CCSWMU-305 was submitted to ADEM in June 2010 with a NFA recommendation. Comments received from ADEM on Dec. 29, 2011 indicated that ADEM will require an RFI for RSA-305. The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, funding has been provided under TO-0008 to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The RFI will consist of additional soil sampling, monitoring well installation and sampling, and the completion of a risk assessment. Based on requirements of the permit, AEIRG, and ARBCA, funding has been provided under TO-0008 to complete an RFI to meet the performance objective.

Site Name: STEAM HEATING PLANT, BLDG 7291

Alias: RSA-306

STATUS

Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

(POL)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	200803	200805
RFI/CMS	200907	201506

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201506

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-306 (Building 7291), is located south of Redstone Road and east of Line Road in the northern portion of the former Redstone Arsenal Rocket Engine South Plant area in the southeast portion of RSA. The site includes Building 7291, a concrete sump, OWS, and a water conditioning vault. Building 7291 is a 1,200 square foot building was constructed in 1960 as a steam heating plant/boiler house. Building 7291 was constructed with two 15,000 - gallon, steel No.2 - fuel oil USTs on the east side of the building. The USTs were removed in February 1996 and replaced with one 10,000-gallon AST. In 2004 a site inspection noted a stained soil and stressed vegetation near the OWS/sump. It is possible that POL was released from the oil water separator/sump. Based on the long history of use of the building as a boiler and the visual indications of potential releases of POL, CCSWMU-306 was identified as a new SWMU in notification provided to ADEM on May 05, 2008. It is expected that the release assessment funded in FY09 will be completed and indicate that an ARBCA investigation for a petroleum site is required. Additional data will be required to complete the ARBCA investigation and reporting. The ARBCA closure report. A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued September 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA. Table VI.2 of the permit stipulates that this site achieve an approved RFI in accordance with AEIRG and ARBCA guidelines. As required by the Army, a CMS will also be developed under the current PBA TO-0004 acquisition.

The path forward is to conduct an RFI field investigation in accordance with AEIRG to include collection of surface and subsurface soil samples using direct-push technology (DPT) to confirm existing data and investigate areas currently not evaluated.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

The path forward is to conduct an RFI field investigation in accordance with AEIRG to include collection of surface and subsurface soil samples using direct-push technology (DPT) to confirm existing data and investigate areas currently not evaluated.

Site Name: #2 FUEL OIL SPILL TANK #5693, FUEL FARM

Alias: RSA-E



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

(POL), Semi-volatiles (SVOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
CS	200401	200409
RFI/CMS	201009	201504

RIP Date: N/A RC Date: 201504

SITE DESCRIPTION

CCSWMU-E resulted from the release of approximately 58,584 gallons of No. 2 fuel oil from AST 5693 in 1985. Immediately recovery efforts were implemented in the form of a recovery trench. Within eight days 36,000 gallons were recovered. Recovery efforts continued for a period of six months; however, at the end of the effort an estimated 30,000 gallons of oil had seeped into the ground. In 1998, monitoring wells & soil borings were installed to determine the extent of the release. Soil samples collected were only analyzed for TPH DRO, oil, and grease. The results of the investigation indicated that area of contamination was likely localized south of AST 5693; however, in view of the limited analytical suite performed and the limited number of samples collected, additional investigation was recommended to determine if the nearby fuel farm contributed to the contaminants detected at CCSWMU-E.

Additional investigation is necessary to characterize the release and its impact on soil and groundwater contamination in the surrounding areas. A request was made Oct. 7, 2002 to USEPA to transfer CCSWMU-E from the CERCLA program to the RCRA program since the site is currently active. ADEM accepted transfer of CCSWMU-E into the RCRA program in February but RSA has not received official concurrence from EPA. The investigation of CCSWMU-E should be completed under the ARBCA program. The additional site investigation was funded in 2010 under the PMC contract. It should be noted that CCSWMU-E has an archaeological site (1MA0262) on the southwest portion of the site. No determination as to the eligibility for inclusion on the national register was made. Upon completion of the ARBCA evaluation, it is likely that remediation by natural attenuation will be the corrective action selected for CCSWMU-E.

A Hazardous Waste Facility Permit was issued Sept. 30, 2010 pursuant to the AHWMMA requiring an RFI for this site.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional investigation is necessary to characterize the release and its impact on soil and groundwater contamination in the surrounding areas. A request was made Oct. 7, 2002 to the USEPA to transfer CCSWMU-E from the CERCLA program to the RCRA program since the site is currently active. ADEM accepted transfer of CCSWMU-E into the RCRA program in February, but RSA has not received official concurrence from the USEPA. The investigation of CCSWMU-E should be completed under the ARBCA program. The additional site investigation was funded in 2010 under the PMC contract. It should be noted that CCSWMU-E has an archaeological site (1MA0262) on the southwest portion of the site. No determination as to the eligibility for inclusion on the national register was made. Upon completion of the ARBCA evaluation, it is likely that remediation by natural attenuation will be the corrective action selected for CCSWMU-E.

Site Name: FENCED OPEN STORAGE/LAYDOWN YARD

Alias: RSA-F



Regulatory Driver: RCRA

Contaminants of Concern: Metals, Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants (POL), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB), Semi-

volatiles (SVOC), Volatiles (VOC)

Media of Concern: Groundwater, Soil

Phases	Start	End
RFA	198908	199109
RFI/CMS	201110	201507

RIP Date: N/A **RC Date:** 201507

SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is an active, gravel covered, open storage used to store transformers, empty drums, POL products and scrap metals. Only a portion of the yard was used in relation to RCRA activities. The RSA requested this site be transferred from the CERCLA program to the RCRA program in October 2002. In February 2003, ADEM stated they did not agree that this site should fall exclusively under RCRA and stated that CERCLA authority still applied.

Site CCSWMU-F is an active, gravel covered, OSA located northwest of the intersection of Mills and Jungerman roads in the central portion of the RSA. CCSWMU-F covers approximately 1.5 acres. The gravel site was used to store a variety of materials including transformers, empty drums, POL products, and scrap metal. However, only a portion of the area (half an acre) was used in relation to RCRA activities. The area located in the southern portion of CCSWMU-F was used as an overflow area for 90-day storage of hazardous waste and to store empty drums. There are no known releases from the hazardous waste storage area or the drum storage area. A request was made by the RSA on Oct. 7, 2002 to transfer CCSWMU-F from the CERCLA program to the RCRA program. In reply to the request, on Feb. 4, 2003 ADEM stated that they did not agree that CCSWMU-F should fall exclusively under RCRA and acknowledged that CERCLA authority still applies. Soil staining was reported in the northern portion due to past operations at CCSWMU-F and a possible release of PCBs was also reported. Previous site investigations under the CERCLA program detected PAHs and metals in the soils at CCSWMU-F. These previously identified releases are commonly accepted to be associated with CERCLA activities. Further investigation in these areas could be required under the CERCLA program.

CLEANUP/EXIT STRATEGY

Additional soil and groundwater investigation will occur under the RFI. A CMS will also be produced. A limited soil excavation is the expected remedy for the site.

Site Closeout (No Further Action) Summary

Site ID	Site Name	NFA Date	Documentation
CCRSA-257	Rock Pond	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.
CCRSA-264	RR spring	201203	Site was on an active range and moved to the -CC database.

CR Schedule

Date of CR Inception: 198908

Past Phase Completion Milestones

1991

RFA (CCSWMU-003 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR BLDG 3617, CCSWMU-008 - SEWAGE

TREATMENT PLANT #4, CCSWMU-009 - INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT #3, CCSWMU-028 - IN-

GROUND OWS 5693 AREA, CCSWMU-030 - CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR, CCSWMU-031 -

CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR STORAGE TANK, CCSWMU-035 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG 4812, CCSWMU-116 - SOUTH SIDE BLOWDOWN LAGOON, TEST AREA 5, CCSWMU-

143 - POL-CONTAM. SOIL, B.3234 SOUTH of B.3240, CCSWMU-182 - 1.1 Grinder Bldg P2, TSA Bldg 769,

CCSWMU-E - #2 FUEL OIL SPILL TANK #5693, FUEL FARM, CCSWMU-F - FENCED OPEN

STORAGE/LAYDOWN YARD)

2002

CS (CCSWMU-003 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR BLDG 3617 . CCSWMU-028 - IN-GROUND OWS

5693 AREA, CCSWMU-030 - CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR, CCSWMU-031 - CENTRAL OIL WATER

SEPARATOR STORAGE TANK, CCSWMU-035 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER SEPARATOR, BLDG 4812)

2003

CS (CCSWMU-182 - 1.1 Grinder Bldg P2, TSA Bldg 769)

2004

CS (CCSWMU-E - #2 FUEL OIL SPILL TANK #5693, FUEL FARM)

2005

RFA (CCSWMU-216 - Laboratory Injection Test Facility,, CCSWMU-240 - FORMER SUBSTATION NO.7, BLDG

> 5290, CCSWMU-241 - HW STORAGE IGLOO, BLDG 7313, CCSWMU-242 - HW STORAGE IGLOO, BLDG 7314, CCSWMU-243 - PROPELLANT STORAGE, BLDG 7342, CCSWMU-245 - STEAM HEATING PLANT, BLDG 7579, CCSWMU-246 - SEWER EJECTOR & MOTOR POOL, BLDG 7630, CCSWMU-247 - STEEL

> FABRICATION/MAINTENANCE FAC. B7644, CCSWMU-248 - BATTERY MAINTENANCE SHOP, BLDG 3633)

2006

(CCSWMU-268 - SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT, BLDG 8018, CCSWMU-277 - B5487 WW MAINT SHOP **RFA**

ACID BATH WASHDOWN)

2007

(CCSWMU-222 - Roads and Grounds Maintenance Shop, CCSWMU-283 - FORMER PRIMARY SUBSTATION **RFA**

NO.2, BLDG3796, CCSWMU-284 - FIRE TRAINING AREA (FTA))

2008

(CCSWMU-286 - BOILER/STEAM PLANT, BLDG 3624, CCSWMU-287 - COMPONENT STORAGE **RFA**

WAREHOUSE, BLDG 3634, CCSWMU-288 - WTP#1, SLUDGE THICKENER & DRYING BEDS, CCSWMU-289 - WTP#2, SLUDGE THICKENER & DRYING BEDS, CCSWMU-290 - WTP#3, SLUDGE THICKENER & DRYING BE, CCSWMU-291 - UST AT FORMER BLDG T-3162 (STEAM PLANT), CCSWMU-293 - FORMER USTs AT BLDG 3639, CCSWMU-304 - OWS, WASHRACK & SUMP ADJACENT TO BLDG 5498, CCSWMU-305 - DISPATCHER OFC WITH WASHRACK, BLDG 3664, CCSWMU-306 - STEAM HEATING PLANT, BLDG

7291)

2009

(CCSWMU-277 - B5487 WW MAINT SHOP ACID BATH WASHDOWN) IRA

2010

(CCRSA-257 - Rock Pond, CCRSA-264 - RR spring, CCRSA-266 - Open Storage area N. of Bldg 8607, **RFA**

CCRSA-308 - Exterior Sump at Bldg 7120, CCRSA-309 - Covered trench & sump at Bldg 7155, CCRSA-310 -

Former & Suspected OWS at Bldg7289, CCRSA-311 - Sump & Concrete Pits at Bldg 7352)

2011

(CCSWMU-284 - FIRE TRAINING AREA (FTA)) CS **RFA** (CCRSA-314 - Used Oil AST & Spill site Bldg 3670)

2012

(CCRSA-257 - Rock Pond, CCRSA-264 - RR spring, CCSWMU-003 - IN-GROUND OIL/WATER RFI/CMS

SEPARATOR BLDG 3617)

CR Schedule

Projected Phase Completion Milestones

See attached schedule

Projected Record of Decision (ROD)/Decision Document (DD) Approval Dates

To Be Determined

Final RA(C) Completion Date: 201602

Schedule for Next Five-Year Review: 2017

Estimated Completion Date of CR at Installation (including LTM phase): 201610

REDSTONE ARSENAL CR Schedule

							= phase ι	underway
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-266	Open Storage area N. of Bldg 8607	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-308	Exterior Sump at Bldg 7120	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-309	Covered trench & sump at Bldg 7155	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-310	Former & Suspected OWS at Bldg7289							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-311	Sump & Concrete Pits at Bldg 7352	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-314	Used Oil AST & Spill site Bldg 3670	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCRSA-316	7500 Area Hardstand Parking	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-003	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER	CMI(C)						
	SEPARATOR BLDG 3617	CMI(O)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-009	INACTIVE SEWAGE TREATMENT	RFI/CMS						
	PLANT #3	DUAGE	EVAA	EV4.5	EV/40	EV47	EV40	EV/40
SITE ID CCSWMU-028	SITE NAME IN-GROUND OWS 5693 AREA	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-030	CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-031	CENTRAL OIL WATER SEPARATOR STORAGE TANK	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-035	IN-GROUND OIL/WATER	RFI/CMS						
	SEPARATOR, BLDG 4812	DES						
	+	CMI(C)						
		CMI(O)						
		` ,						
SITE ID	SITE NAME SOUTH SIDE BLOWDOWN LAGOON,	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-116	TEST AREA 5	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-143	POL-CONTAM. SOIL, B.3234 SOUTH	RFI/CMS						
	of B.3240							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-182	1.1 Grinder Bldg P2, TSA Bldg 769	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-216	Laboratory Injection Test Facility,	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-222	Roads and Grounds Maintenance Shop							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-240	FORMER SUBSTATION NO.7, BLDG 5290	RFI/CMS						

REDSTONE ARSENAL CR Schedule

SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-241	HW STORAGE IGLOO, BLDG 7313	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-242	HW STORAGE IGLOO, BLDG 7314	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-243	PROPELLANT STORAGE, BLDG 7342	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-245	STEAM HEATING PLANT, BLDG 7579							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-246	SEWER EJECTOR & MOTOR POOL, BLDG 7630	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-247	STEEL FABRICATION/MAINTENANCE	RFI/CMS						
CITE ID	FAC. B7644	DHACE	EVAA	EV45	EV46	EV47	EV40	EV40
SITE ID CCSWMU-248	SITE NAME BATTERY MAINTENANCE SHOP,	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
000000000	BLDG 3633	TO 1/ONO						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-268	SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT, BLDG							
	8018	CMI(C)						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-277	B5487 WW MAINT SHOP ACID BATH	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	WASHDOWN SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-283	FORMER PRIMARY SUBSTATION	RFI/CMS						
	NO.2, BLDG3796							
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-284	FIRE TRAINING AREA (FTA)	RFI/CMS	->//		=>/.4.0	->/4-	=>/40	=>//0
SITE ID CCSWMU-286	SITE NAME BOILER/STEAM PLANT, BLDG 3624	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
	·		EV44	EVAE	EVAC	EV47	EV40	EV40
SITE ID CCSWMU-287	SITE NAME COMPONENT STORAGE	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
000000000	WAREHOUSE, BLDG 3634	TO 1/ONO						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-288	WTP#1, SLUDGE THICKENER &	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	DRYING BEDS SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-289	WTP#2, SLUDGE THICKENER &	RFI/CMS						
	DRYING BEDS			=>/.	=>/.4.0		=>/40	=>//0
SITE ID CCSWMU-290	SITE NAME WTP#3, SLUDGE THICKENER &	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CC3VIVIO-290	DRYING BE	KFI/CIVIS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-291	UST AT FORMER BLDG T-3162	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	(STEAM PLANT) SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-293	FORMER USTs AT BLDG 3639	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-304	OWS,WASHRACK&SUMP ADJACENT							
0.55	TO BLDG 5498						=://	
SITE ID CCSWMU-305	SITE NAME DISPATCHER OFC WITH	PHASE RFI/CMS	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CC3VVIVIU-305	WASHRACK,BLDG 3664	KLI/CINI9						
	WASI INACN, DEDG 3004							

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SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-306	STEAM HEATING PLANT, BLDG 7291	RFI/CMS						
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-E	#2 FUEL OIL SPILL TANK #5693,	RFI/CMS						
	FUEL FARM							-
SITE ID	SITE NAME	PHASE	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19+
CCSWMU-F	FENCED OPEN STORAGE/LAYDOWN	RFI/CMS						
	YARD							l .

Community Involvement

Technical Review Committee (TRC): 199406

Community Involvement Plan (Date Published): 201206

Restoration Advisory Board (RAB): No

Reason Not Established: The community has expressed no sufficient, sustained interest in a RAB.

Community Interest Solicited on: 200911

Efforts Taken to Determine Interest

In 1994, RSA established a Technical Review Committee (TRC) to provide a forum for interested parties to discuss and provide input into restoration activities. This was in accordance with requirements outlined by 10 U.S.C. 27(c), Executive Order 12580, Superfund Implementation and Army Regulation 200-1.

The RSA has conducted TRC meetings along with public availability sessions, environmental open houses, and public meetings to generate interest in the environmental program. A community involvement plan was also developed. The community involvement plan documents the chronology of historical events that the RSA has conducted to solicit community involvement regarding environmental restoration efforts.

During these community involvement efforts, RSA solicited potential interest in forming a RAB. Some of the tools used to solicit interest included RAB booths at public meetings, fact sheets, RAB sign-up sheets, comment cards and RAB applications.

Public meetings were held in October 2003, October 2005, and November 2007. At these meetings, the public was solicited for interest in a RAB using a RAB booth, fact sheets, a RAB sign-up sheet, comment cards, RAB applications, and an oral presentation on RABs. In November 2009, advertisements were published in the "Huntsville Times," "Speakin' Out News", and the "Redstone Rocket" newspapers soliciting public interest in forming a RAB.

Results

Six citizens responded to the advertisements with interest in forming a RAB; however, this was less than the minimum of 50 individuals indicating interest in forming a RAB. A minimal number of responses have resulted from each of the public meetings held in previous years.

Follow-up Procedures

Although there is not enough sustainable community interest to establish a RAB at present, interest will continue to be solicited on a biennial basis. The next effort to solicit interest in a RAB is planned for October or November 2011.

Additional Community Involvement Information

Document repositories for RSA's IRP are established at both the Triana and Huntsville public libraries for public review and reference. The Triana library repository is now located at 640 6th Street, Triana, AL. The repository for the Huntsville library is located in the main library in the Genealogical and Historical Resources Section (Heritage Room, third floor), 915 Monroe Street Huntsville, AL. The attendant at each library is available to direct interested parties to the exact location of the computer.

The entire IRP document repository has been loaded electronically onto a dedicated, interactive computer at each library. Documents can be accessed and read at each station or copied to flash storage drives, but cannot be edited. Currently at the Huntsville library, because of electronic storage capacity, the first 399 documents are available on CDs that can be accessed through the dedicated CD reader. All other documents are loaded directly onto the dedicated computer for public retrieval, review, and reference. Both computers contain an electronic listing of the entire repository to assist with locating those documents of interest. The attendant at the library can direct interested parties to the exact location of the computer. The RSA is in the process of adding additional storage capacity to the Huntsville Library computer so that all documents are accessible without loading individual CDs. In addition, Redstone staff are also investigating and programming a static, but enhanced, interactive log-on for the public to utilize in retrieving documents. It is the installation's intent to enhance the interactive log-on with mapping so that the public can investigate a specific AOC without knowing the site name or document of interest.

Administrative Record is located at

Community Involvement

US Army Garrison - Redstone **Environmental Management Division** 7741 Sandpiper Road Redstone Arsenal, Alabama 35898 (256) 842-0314

Information Repository is located at

Huntsville/Madison County Public Library Heritage Room, 915 Monroe Street Huntsville, Alabama 35898 (256) 532-5969

Triana Public Library 640 6th Street Triana, Alabama 3575 (256) 772-3677

Current Technical Assistance for Public Participation (TAPP):N/A

TAPP Title: N/A

Potential TAPP: N/A